# How to code and run your first apps

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Use VS Code to edit HTML, CSS, and JavaScript files.
- 2. Use an extension with VS Code to run an app in a web browser.
- 3. Use Chrome to run JavaScript apps that are on your computer or the internet.
- 4. Use Chrome's developer tools to find the statement that caused an error in an app.

- 1. Describe the components of a web app.
- 2. Describe HTTP requests and responses.
- 3. Distinguish between static web pages and dynamic web pages.
- 4. Describe the use of JavaScript in a web app.
- 5. Describe the ECMAScript specification.
- 6. Describe a basic process for detecting syntax errors and runtime errors.

# How to get started with JavaScript

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Code block comments and single-line comments.
- 2. Declare and initialize variables and constants of the number, string, and Boolean data types.
- 3. Code expressions that use arithmetic operators and methods from the Math and Number objects.
- 4. Use the console object to display data to a browser's debugging console.
- 5. Combine strings of characters using the + operator, += operator, and template literals.
- 6. Use escape sequences to include special characters in strings.
- 7. Convert strings to numbers using parseInt(), parseFloat(), and Number().
- 8. Use dialogs to get input and display output.

- 1. Describe how case-sensitivity, semicolons, and whitespace relate to the syntax for a JavaScript statement.
- 2. Describe these three primitive data types: numeric, string, and Boolean.
- 3. Describe what an object is and give an example of how one can be used.
- 4. Describe the syntax for referring to a method or property of an object.

# How to code control statements

### **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Code conditional expressions that use relational and logical operators.
- 2. Control the flow of an app using if statements, switch statements, and the conditional operator.
- 3. Repeatedly execute blocks of code using while, do-while, and for loops.

- 1. Differentiate between the equality and strict equality operators.
- 2. Name two short-circuit operators and explain how they work.
- 3. Describe the order of precedence for evaluating a compound conditional expression.
- 4. Describe how nesting statements works.
- 5. Differentiate between true and false values and truthy and falsy values.
- 6. Describe the use of break and continue statements within a loop.

# How to work with arrays and strings

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Create arrays and add, replace, or delete its elements.
- 2. Use for, for-in, and for-of loops with arrays.
- 3. Use the methods of an Array object to modify, copy, inspect, and transform an array.
- 4. Use the methods of a String object to inspect and modify a string.
- 5. Split a string into an array and convert an array to a string.
- 6. Chain method calls.

#### Knowledge

1. Describe when you would use for, for-in, and for-of loops with arrays.

# How to code functions and handle events

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Code function declarations and arrow functions.
- 2. Define default values for function parameters.
- 3. Pass parameters to functions and methods using the rest and spread operators.
- 4. Create event handlers and attach them to events.
- 5. Use the currentTarget property and the preventDefault() method of the Event object to work with events.

- 1. Distinguish between arrow functions and function expressions.
- 2. Distinguish between global scope, local scope, and block scope.
- 3. Briefly describe the Document Object Model (DOM).
- 4. Describe when the DOMContentLoaded event occurs and what you typically use it for.

# How to script the DOM

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Use the querySelector() and querySelectorAll() methods of the document object to get elements from the DOM.
- 2. Script elements and their attributes using their properties and methods.
- 3. Script form and control elements including text boxes, text areas, select lists, radio buttons, and check boxes.
- 4. Preload images.

- 1. Describe the use of these properties for working with nodes: parentNode, childNodes, firstChild, lastChild, nextElementSibling, nodeValue, and textContent.
- 2. Distinguish between the DOM API and the HTML DOM API.
- 3. Describe how DOM scripting can be used for data validation.
- 4. Identify what triggers the following events: focus, blur, click, dblclick, change, and select.

# How to test and debug an app

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Develop a test plan for an app.
- 2. Use Chrome's developer tools to debug an app by setting breakpoints, viewing the current data values, and stepping through the execution of statements.
- 3. Trace the execution of an app by using methods of the console object.
- 4. View the HTML and CSS for a web page.

- 1. Distinguish between testing and debugging.
- 2. Distinguish between syntax, runtime, and logic errors.
- 3. Describe the debugging problem that can occur if you don't use strict mode and JavaScript treats undeclared variables as global variables.

# How to work with dates, times, and timers

#### **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Create a Date object from a string, numbers, another Date object, or a timestamp.
- 2. Get and set the parts of a Date object, such as year, month, day, minutes, and seconds.
- 3. Format a Date object.
- 4. Perform calculations on a Date object.
- 5. Start and stop one-time timers and interval timers.

- 1. Name the different parts of a Date object.
- 2. Define UTC and describe how time zones work with Date objects.

# How to work with data validation and exceptions

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Use HTML to perform basic data validation.
- 2. Customize HTML data validation.
- 3. Use try-catch statements to catch exceptions.
- 4. Create and throw exceptions.

- 1. Identify two limitations of HTML data validation.
- 2. Describe the use of the following HTML attributes: autofocus, placeholder, required, title, pattern, novalidate, autocomplete.
- 3. Describe how you can use regular expressions to check for a pattern in a string.
- 4. Identify three reasons to deliberately throw an exception in your code.

# How to work with web storage

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Set items in web storage and get items from web storage.
- 2. Use the nullish coalescing operator to provide a default value for an item in web storage.
- 3. Convert objects to and from the JSON format.
- 4. Use Chrome's developer tools to view, add, edit, or delete items in web storage.

- 1. Distinguish between session cookies and persistent cookies.
- 2. Describe three differences between cookies and web storage.
- 3. Distinguish between session storage and local storage.

# More skills for working with arrays

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Inspect an array using the isArray(), find(), findIndex(), every(), and some() methods.
- 2. Sort an array by using the sort() method with a callback function.
- 3. Modify an array by using the forEach() method with a callback function.
- 4. Filter, map, and reduce the elements in an array.
- 5. Work with an array of arrays.

- 1. Describe how to destructure an array.
- 2. Distinguish between a shallow copy of an array and a deep copy.

# How to work with objects

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Use object literals to define objects.
- 2. Use classes to define objects.
- 3. Create and use JavaScript libraries.
- 4. Create private properties and methods.
- 5. Create accessor properties.
- 6. Create static properties and methods.
- 7. Create and use nested objects.
- 8. Use a generator function to make an object iterable.

- 1. Distinguish between object literals and classes.
- 2. Explain how two variables can refer to the same object.
- 3. Define encapsulation and describe one of its benefits.
- 4. Distinguish between data properties and accessor properties.
- 5. Distinguish between inheritance and object composition and describe when you would use each technique.
- 6. Describe how to create and use cascading methods.
- 7. Describe how you can destructure an object.

# How work with modules

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Export and import items from an ES module.
- 2. Declare a script as a module.
- 3. Rename imports and exports.
- 4. Import and export classes.
- 5. Create a default export.
- 6. Use an import map.

- 1. Describe three benefits of using modules.
- 2. Recognize closures, IIFEs, and the module pattern in legacy code and understand how they work.

# How to work with Ajax

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Use your browser to make a GET request to a web service.
- 2. Use the Fetch API to make GET, POST, PUT, and DELETE requests that update a web page without reloading it.
- 3. Use the *async* and *await* keywords to work with asynchronous functions.
- 4. Use an API for a web service to get data from a website.
- 5. Use a server-side proxy to get data from a web service that doesn't allow cross-origin requests.

- 1. In general terms, describe how Ajax works.
- 2. Distinguish between XML and JSON.
- 3. Name and describe the three states of a Promise object.
- 4. Describe how a callback function works and why callback functions are essential to asynchronous programming.
- 5. Describe how a top-level await works.

# How to work with Node.js

### **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Use Node.js to interactively test JavaScript outside of a web browser.
- 2. Use Node.js to run a server-side script that has been saved in a file, including passing arguments to the script.
- 3. Use the built-in modules available from Node.js to write server-side scripts.
- 4. Create a module that works with Node.js.
- 5. Use NPM to install modules that can help you write server-side scripts.
- 6. Use Express to create a web-based API with routes for GET, POST, PUT, and DELETE requests.
- 7. Create a server-side proxy that you can use to make cross-origin requests.

- 1. Describe how the process object provided by Node.js allows you to access the arguments that are passed to a script from the command prompt.
- 2. Distinguish between the CommonJS module system and the ES module system.
- 3. Describe what NPM is and how it can help you.
- 4. Distinguish between a package and a module.
- 5. Describe how package json files work.
- 6. Describe semantic versioning and how to use special characters with dependencies to indicate compatible versions.

# How to work with drawing and animation

## **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

- 1. Use the Canvas API to draw rectangles, text, lines, circles, and arcs on a web page.
- 2. Change the color of lines and shapes.
- 3. Create basic animations.
- 4. Use the HTML Drag and Drop API to make it possible to drag elements from one location on a web page and drop them in another.

- 1. Generally, describe what the Canvas API does and how it works.
- 2. Describe the use of fallback text for providing accessibility.
- 3. Define path in the context of the Canvas API.