



















# Day-6 css part-b

Monday, May 12, 2025 7:44 AM

Name	Type
 0. Topic List.jpg	JPG File
 01. Download Starter HTML.pdf	Microsoft Edge PDF
 02. How to download-.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 03. Universal Selector.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 04. Element Selector.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 05. Id Selector.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 06. Class Selector.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 07. Practice Qs.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 08. Descendant Selector.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 09. Sibling Combinator.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 10. Child Combinator.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 11. Attribute Selector.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 12. Practice Qs_2.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 13. Pseudo Class.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 14. Pseudo Element.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 15. Cascading & Specificity.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 16. Practice Qs_3.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC
 17. !important in CSS.mp4	MP4 Video File (VLC

Class: 2 we have to download 3 html file ..  
Index.html first file



Ln 20, Col 14 Spaces: 4 UT



- [Home](#)
- [Following](#)
- [Answer](#)
- [Spaces](#)

---

Adam [Follow /abc](#)

**What is the highest salary for a spacex engineer?**

---

Bob [Follow xyz](#)

**What is the syllabus for JEE 2024?**

---

Catlyn [Follow pqr](#)

**Why is the sky blue?**

---

Dan [Follow pqr](#)

**Why is the sky blue?**

---

=====

File 2: :: inheritance\_demo.html

```
EXPLORER
APNA COL DEV COURSE C...
  day_6_css_part_2
    index.html
    inheritance_demo.html 1
    PracticeQs.html
  day_7_css_part_3.cpp
  day_8css_part_4.cpp
  day_9css_part_5.cpp
  day_10css_part_6.cpp

day_6_css_part_2 > inheritance_demo.html > html > body > body
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3   <head>
4     <meta charset="UTF-8" />
5     <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
6     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
7     <title>Inheritance Demo</title>
8     <link rel="stylesheet" href="inheritance_style.css" />
9   </head>
10  <body>
11    <body>
12    <h1>Main Heading</h1>
13    <div>
14      <h2>Heading 1</h2>
15      <form>
16        <label>username: </label>
17        <input type="text" placeholder="username" />
18        <label>password: </label>
19        <input type="password" placeholder="password" />
20        <button>Login</button>
21      </form>
22      <hr />
23    </div>
24
25    <div>
26      <h2>Heading 2</h2>
27      <p>
28        Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Nesciunt
29        inventore saepe, reiciendis dolorem illo culpa velit odio pariatur,
30        officia ad veniam itaque adipisci veritatis quos tenetur. Ut autem
31        dolores mollitia!
32      </p>
33      <hr />
34    </div>
35  </body>
36 </body>
37 </html>
38
```

127.0.0.1:5500/day\_6\_css\_part\_2/inheritance\_demo.html

# Main Heading

## Heading 1







username:  password:

## Heading 2

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Nesciunt inventore saepe, reiciendis dolorem illo culpa velit odio pariatur, officia ad veniam itaque adipisci veritatis quos tenetur. Ut autem





Name	St.
 index.html	
 inheritance_demo.html	
 PracticeQs.html	

## Basic Format of CSS

Selector

```
h1 {  
  color: red;  
}
```

Property

Value

## Universal Selector

To select everything in a document

Universal Selector

```
* {  
  property: value;  
}
```

```
<> index.html # style.css X
# style.css > *
1  * {
2    font-family: "Courier New";
3    background-color: blue;
4  }
5
```



=====



## Element Selector

Selects all elements of the same type

Element  
Selector

**h1 {**

property: value;

**}**

## ID Selector

Selects an element based on the value of the element's id attribute

Id Selector

**#myId {**

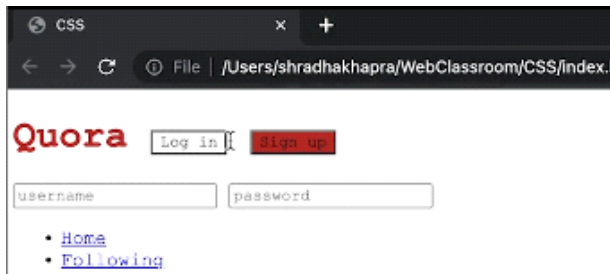
property: value;

**}**

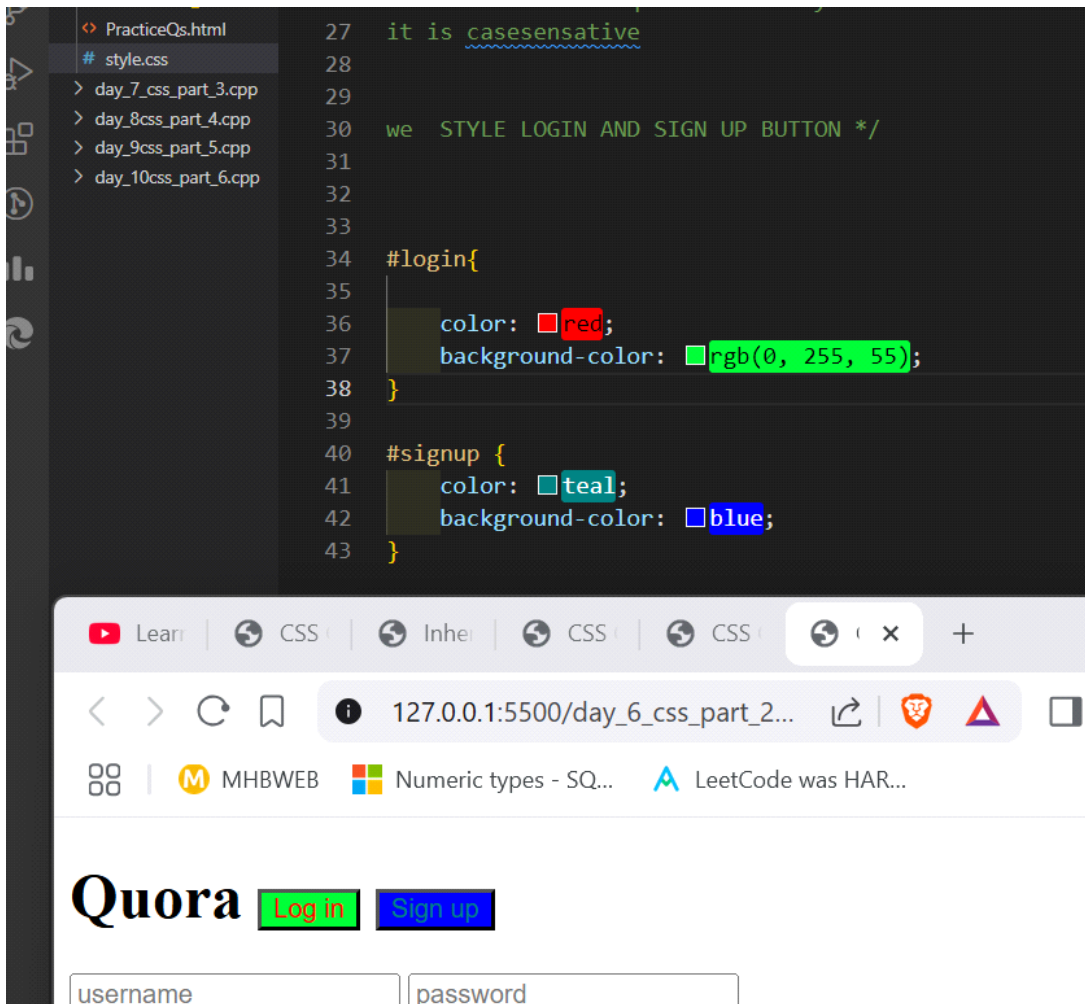
forms  
input → id = "myId"  
label → for = "

```
7 <title>CSS</title>
8 <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css" />
9 </head>
10 <body>
11 <header>
12 <h1>Quora
13 <button id="login">Log in</button>
14 <button id="signup">Sign up</button>
15 </h1>
16 <div>
17 <input type="text" placeholder="username">
```

```
9
10 #login {
11   background-color: white;
12 }
13
14 #signup {
15   background-color: #b92b27;
16 }
17
```



=====



=====

## Class Selector


Selects an element based on their class attribute

class  
Selector



```
.myclass {  
    property: value;  
}
```

```
<h1>  
<button>  
<p>  
:  
:  
:  
</h1>
```



color: red

```
<h1 class="a">  
<button class="a">  
<p class="a">
```

WHEN WE WANT particular 3 or 4 element color will be same .

\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*when we want multiple element same class then we use it.

\*\*\*\*we want to color ever upvote part.

Step 1: every upvote button class name given upvote

```
35 <h3>What is the highest salary for a spacex engineer?</h3>
36 <span>
37   <button class="upvote">+upvote</button>
38   <button>answer</button>
39 </span>
40 <hr />
41
```

```
68 <h3>Suggest some good sci-fi shows</h3>
69 <span>
70   <button class="upvote">+upvote</button>
71   <button>answer</button>
72 </span>
73 <hr />
```

```
12 }
13
14 #signup {
15   background-color: #b92b27;
16   color: white;
17 }
18
19 .upvote {
20   background-color: green;
21 }
22
```

Adam [Follow /abc](#)

**What is the highest salary for a spacex engineer?**

+upvote answer

Bob [Follow xyz](#)

**What is the syllabus for JEE 2024?**

+upvote answer

Catlyn [Follow pqr](#)

**Why is the sky blue?**

+upvote answer

Dan [Follow pqr](#)

**Why is the sky blue?**

+upvote answer

=====

## Class :7

07. Practice Qs.mp4 - VLC media player

Media Playback Audio Video Subtitle Tools View Help

**Practice Qs**

Write css statement to implement the following:

- Set the color paragraphs inside divs with the id "myId" to green

=====

```
<div id="myId">
  <p>
    | this is a parah
  </p>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

```
61
62 #myid p {
63   color: red;
64 }
```

### Why is the sky blue?

+upvote

answer

this is paragraph

=====

```

39 # style.css > div[id= myId] p
40   background-color: cornflowerblue;
41   color: darkblue;
42 }
43
44 div > input {
45   background-color: darksalmon;
46 }
47
48 input[type="text"] {
49   color: green;
50 }
51
52 input[type="password"] {
53   color: red;
54 }
55
56 input[type] {
57   background-color: ghostwhite;
58 }
59
60 div[id="myId"] p {
61   color: green;
62 }

```

===

Class : 8

## Descendant Selector

Eg - Selects all paragraphs inside divs

descendant Selector

```
div p {
  property: value;
}
```

=====

```

93  */
94
95
96
97  /* another example of decendent selector */
98
99  nav ul li {
100    color: hotpink;
101  }
102
103  nav ul li a {
104
105    color: green ;
106  }

```

- [Home](#)
- [Following](#)
- [Answer](#)
- [Spaces](#)

## Adjacent Sibling Combinator

Eg - Heading3 that comes immediately after any paragraph

sibling  
combinator

$p + h3 \{$

property: value;

$\}$

CSS

09. Sibling Combinator.mp4



## Adjacent Sibling Combinator

Eg - Heading3 that comes immediately after any paragraph



`<p> </p>`  
`<h3> </h3>`  
`<h3> </h3>`  
`<div> <h3> </h3> </div>`

APNA  
COLLEGE

===

Upvote class er por button aca.

```
3
4  p + h3 {
5    text-decoration: underline;
6  }
7
8  .upvote + button {
9    background-color: cornflowerblue;
10 }
11
```

```
button {
  .upvote + button {
    color: brown;
    background-color: lawngreen;
  }
}
```

Adam [Follow /abc](#)

**What is the highest salary for a spacex engin**

+upvote answer

Bob [Follow xyz](#)

**What is the syllabus for JEE 2024?**

+upvote answer

Catlyn [Follow pqr](#)

**Why is the sky blue?**

+upvote answer

Dan [Follow pqr](#)

**Why is the sky blue?**

+upvote answer

this is paragraph

=====

.class 10 : child combinator

## Child Combinator

Eg - Selects all buttons which are direct children of spans

child  
Selector



```
span > button {  
    property: value;  
}
```

Class 11:

## Attribute Selector

Selects elements based on the presence or value of a given attribute

Attribute  
Selector

```
input[attr="value"] {  
    property: value;  
}
```

```
21 </h1>  
22  
23 <div>  
24   <input type="text" placeholder="username">  
25   <input type="password" placeholder="password">  
26 </div>  
27
```

Class 12:

## Practice Qs

For the given html & css code, what is color of h1:

```
<h1 id="greet" class="myClass">Hello!</h1>
```

```
h1 {  
  color: pink;  
}  
  
#greet {  
  color: yellow;  
}  
  
.myClass {  
  color: brown;  
}
```

SS

Answer:

Priority : id > class > element

So .answer: yellow

Question 2:

## Practice Qs

For the given html & css code, what is bg-color of p:

```
<div>
  <p class="para">This is a paragraph.</p>
</div>
```

```
div p {
  background-color: black;
}

.para {
  background-color: blue;
}

p {
  background-color: green;
}
```

CSS

## Practice Qs

For the given html & css code, what is bg-color of p:

```
<div>
  <p class="para">This is a paragraph.</p>
</div>
```

```
div p {
  background-color: black;
}

.para {
  background-color: blue;
}

p {
  background-color: green;
}
```

Handwritten notes and calculations:

- For `div p`: descendant sel,  $\frac{0}{x} \frac{0}{x} \frac{2}{r} (2)$
- For `.para`: class sel,  $\frac{0}{x} \frac{1}{r} \frac{0}{r} (10)$
- For `p`: element sel,  $\frac{0}{id} \frac{0}{cl} \frac{1}{e} (1)$

CSS

Answer: blue

====

## Practice Qs

For the given html & css code, what is color of text "Hello World!":

```
<div class="greetDiv">
  <p class="greet">
    Hello World!
  </p>
</div>
```

```
div.greetDiv .greet {
  color: green;
}

.greetDiv p.greet {
  color: blue;
}

.greetDiv .greet {
  color: red;
}
```

CSS

## Practice Qs

For the given html & css code, what is color of text "Hello World!":

```
<div class="greetDiv">
  <p class="greet">
    Hello World!
  </p>
</div>
```

```
div.greetDiv .greet {
  color: green;
}
```

```
.greetDiv p.greet {
  color: blue;
}
```

```
.greetDiv .greet {
  color: red;
}
```

specificity → *cas cadig* APNA COLLEGE

$\frac{0}{div} \frac{2}{div} \frac{1}{div} (21)$

$\frac{0}{div} \frac{2}{div} \frac{1}{div} (21)$

$\frac{0}{div} \frac{2}{div} \frac{0}{div} (20)$

Answer: blue

===

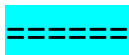
Class 13: pseudo class

## Pseudo Class

A Keyword added to a selector that specifies a **special state** of the selected element(s)

- : hover
- : active
- : checked
- : nth-of-type

```
269
270
271 /* from class 13: Pseudo class */
272
273
274 button:hover {
275     background-color: black;
276     color: white;
277 }
278 /*
279
280 button:active { ..}; when hover then saw black and when
281 click then saw hotpink color
282
283 */
284
285 button:active {
286
287     background-color: hotpink;
288     color: black;
289 }
290
291
292
```



```

92
93 <!-- create 2 radio input for class : 13. check topic
94 -->
95 <div>
96   <input type="radio" id="yes">
97
98   <label for="yes">Yes</label>
99
100   <input type="radio" id="no">
101
102   <label for="no">No</label>
103
104
105 </div>

```

THIS IS A PARAGRAPH

☒ Yes ☒ No

All two will be selected .

But not selected when we give name:

```

4
5 <div>
6   <input type="radio" id="yes" name="agreement">
7
8   <label for="yes">Yes</label>
9
10  <input type="radio" id="no" name="agreement">
11
12  <label for="no">No</label>
13
14
15 </div>
16

```

☐ Yes ☐ No



Adam [Follow /abc](#)

What is the highest salary for a spacex engineer?

+upvote

answer

Bob [Follow xyz](#)

What is the syllabus for JEE 2024?

+upvote

answer

Catlyn [Follow pqr](#)

Why is the sky blue?

+upvote

answer

Dan [Follow pqr](#)

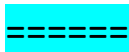
Why is the sky blue?

+upvote

answer

this is paragraph

☐ Yes ☒ No



# Pseudo Class

element : pseudoclass

A Keyword added to a selector that specifies a **special state** of the selected element(s)

: hover

: active

: checked

: nth-of-type

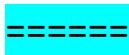
radio ☒ ✓  
checkbox ☒ ✓

nth elements

- ☒ 1
- ☐ 2
- ☒ 3
- ☐ 4
- ☒ 5

```
79 color: red;  
80 font-weight: bold;  
81 }  
82  
83 .post:nth-of-type(2) {  
84   background-color: blanchedalmond;  
85 }  
86
```





```

303 } */
304
305
306 div:nth-of-type( 2){
307     background-color: greenyellow;
308 }
309
310 /* 2nd div will be style */

```



=====

```
312  
313  /* every 2nd element color will be changed. */  
314  div:nth-of-type( 2n){  
315    background-color: greenyellow;  
316  }
```

What is the highest salary for a spacex engineer?

+upvote answer

Bob [Follow xyz](#)

What is the syllabus for JEE 2024?

+upvote answer

Catlyn [Follow pqr](#)

Why is the sky blue?

+upvote answer

Dan [Follow pqr](#)

Why is the sky blue?

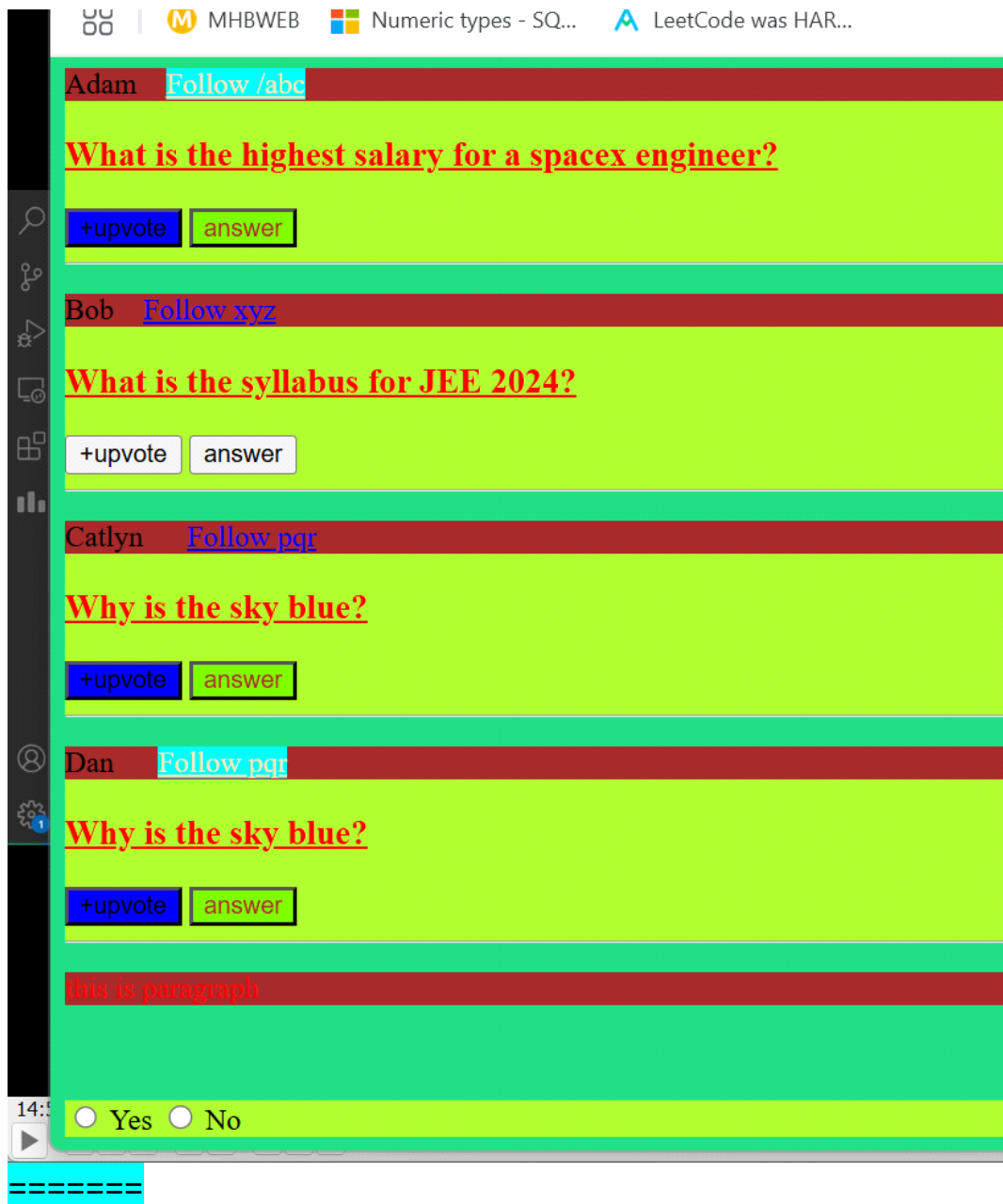
+upvote answer

this is paragraph

☐ Yes ☐ No

=====

```
319  
320  /* every element color will be changed. */  
321  div:nth-of-type( 1n){  
322    background-color: greenyellow;  
323  }
```



For more : mdn explore.....  
Search: Pseudo class, nth-....

=====

Classs : 14

## Pseudo Elements

A Keyword added to a selector that lets you style a **specific part** of the selected element(s)

:: first-letter

:: first-line

:: selection

CSS

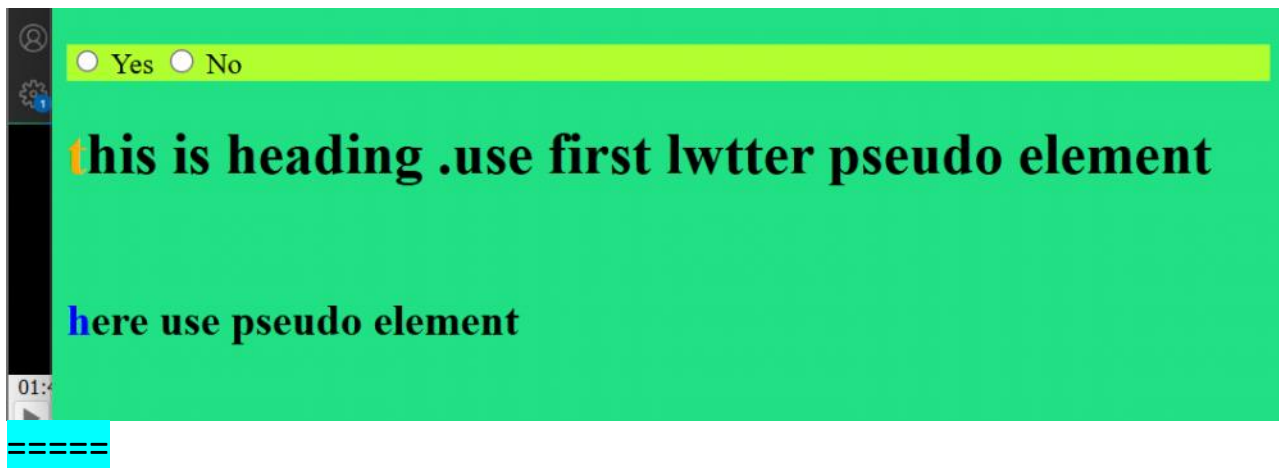


## Pseudo Elements

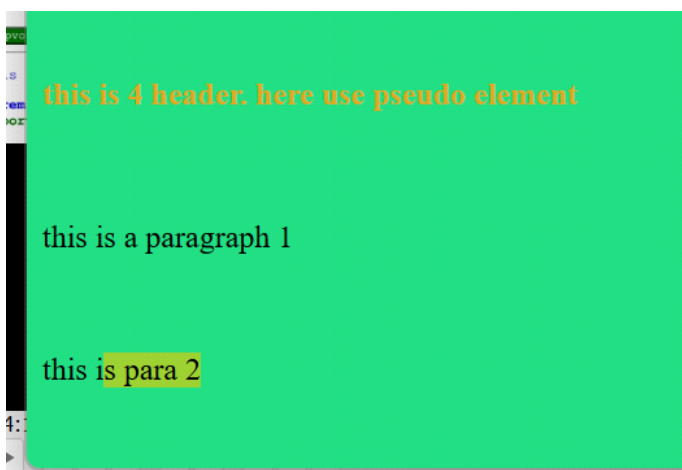
A Keyword added to a selector that lets you style a **specific part** of the selected element(s)

:: first-letter → h      @abc  
:: first-line      p  
:: selection      :

```
323 }  
324  
325  
326  
327 /* class 14: Pseudo element */  
328  
329 < h1::first-letter {  
330   color: orange;  
331 }  
332  
333 < h2::first-letter {  
334   color: blue;  
335 }  
336  
337
```

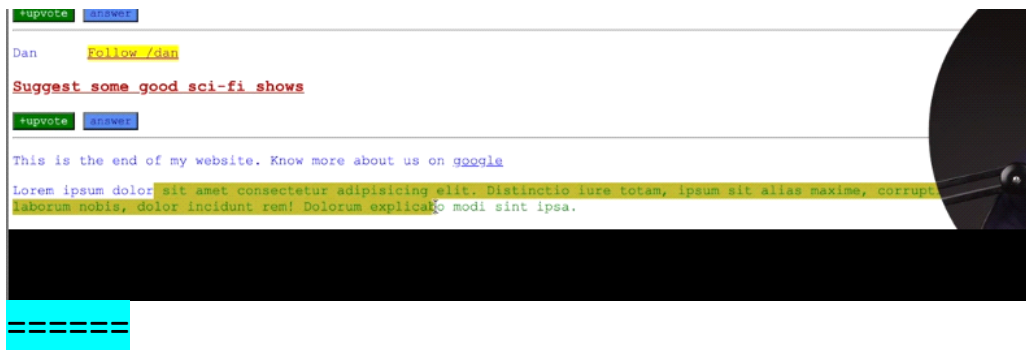


```
116
117 </div>
118
119 <!-- 14: Pseudo element selector -->
120
121 <h1>this is heading .use first lwttter pseudo element</h1>
122 <br>
123
124 <h2>here use pseudo element</h2>
125 <br>
126 <br>
127 <h4>this is 4 header. here use pseudo element</h4>
128
129 <br>
130
131 <p>this is a paragraph 1</p>
132 <br>
133 <p>this is para 2</p>
134 <br>
135
136
137 </body>
138 </html>
139
```



Select part show yellowgreen color .





## Class 15:

### CSS : Cascading StyleSheets

What is cascade in CSS?

The **CSS cascade algorithm**'s job is to select CSS declarations in order to determine the correct values for CSS properties.

```
h2 {  
  background-color: yellow;  
}  
  
h2 {  
  background-color: blue;  
}
```

final color is blue

```
98  
99 h3 {  
100   background-color: yellow;  
101 }  
102 h3 {  
103   background-color: blue;  
104 }  
105
```

Ans: blue because it declare last.

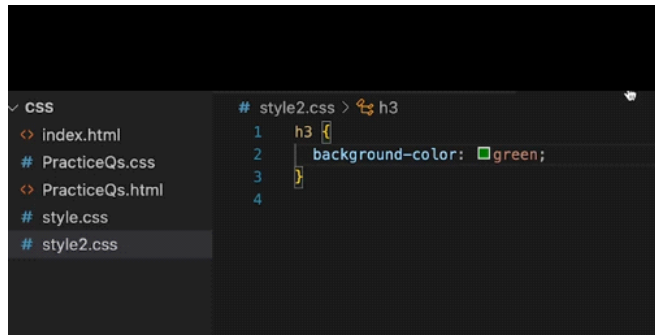
Note: we create another css file . Style2.css

Html follow the below css file for h3.

```

3   <head>
4     <meta charset="UTF-8" />
5     <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
6     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
7     <title>CSS</title>
8     <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css" />
9     <link rel="stylesheet" href="style2.css" />
10  </head>
11  <body>
12    <header>
13      <h1>Quora
14      <button id="login">Log in</button>

```



This is output : all h3 are green .

=====

# Selector Specificity

What is specificity?

Specificity is an algorithm that calculates the weight that is applied to a given CSS declaration.

id	class, attribute & pseudo-class	element & pseudo- element
----	---------------------------------------	---------------------------------

```
h2 {  
  background-color: yellow;  
}
```

0	0	1
id	<u>class</u> , <u>attribute &amp;</u> <u>pseudo-class</u>	element & pseudo- element

# Selector Specificity

✓ `.myClass:hover { color: blue; }`

0 2 0 = 20

1+1  
2

0	2	0
id	class, attribute & pseudo-class	element & pseudo- element

Blue

# Selector Specificity

What to remember?

- ① id > class > element
- ② more selectors > less selectors  
↑ CSS

\*\*\*\*\*

```
# style.css > p::selection
1  * {
2    font-family: "Courier New";
3  }
4
5  h1,
6  h3 {
7    <element id="login">
8    Selector Specificity: (1, 0, 0)
9  }
10 #login {
11   background-color: white;
12 }
13
14 #signup {
15   background-color: #b92b27;
16   color: white;
17 }
18
19 .upvote {
20   background-color: green;
21   color: aliceblue;
22 }
```

We can see the specificity of #login id .

```
349 7 selection: when we select any line using cursor
350
351 <p ::selection> is this yellowgreen color
352 Selector Specificity: (0, 0, 2)
353
354 p::selection{
355   background-color: yellowgreen ;
356 }
357
358
```

We don't need to calculate.....

# Selector Specificity

What to remember?

① **id > class > element**

② more selectors > less selectors  
↑ CSS

③ if specificity same  $\Rightarrow$  cascading

## Inline Specificity

Inline styles are more specific than id

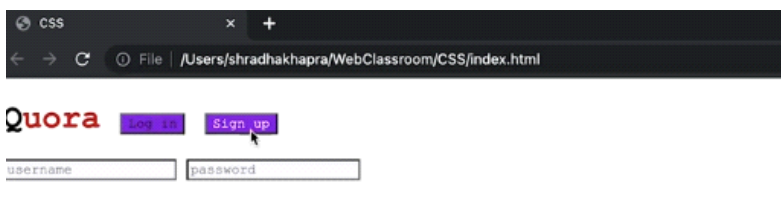
inline style

id

class,  
attribute &  
pseudo-class

element &  
pseudo-  
element

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="style2.css" />
<link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css" />
<head>
</head>
<body>
<header>
  <h1>Quora
    <button style="background-color: blueviolet;" id="login">Log in</button>
    <button style="background-color: blueviolet;" id="signup">Sign up</button>
  </h1>
  <div>
    <input type="text" placeholder="username">
    <input type="password" placeholder="password">
  </div>
  <nav>
    <ul>
      <li><a href="/home">Home</a></li>
      <li><a href="/following">Following</a></li>
    </ul>
  </nav>
</header>
</body>
</html>
```



=====  
=====

Class : 16: \*\*\*\*\*open PracticeQs.html file

And code there for this class.

## Practice Qs

Implement the following CSS for the given html document.

- Set font family of entire document to Courier New
- Set text color for all h1 headings to #1b74e4
- Set background color of search button to black & text to white
- Set background color of login & signup button to aqua.



CSS

```
APNA col dev course code

EXPLORER
  day_6_css_part_2
    index.html
    inheritance_de... 1
    PracticeQs.html
    style.css
    style2.css
  day_7_css_part_3.cpp
  day_8css_part_4.cpp
  day_9css_part_5.cpp
  day_10css_part_6.cpp

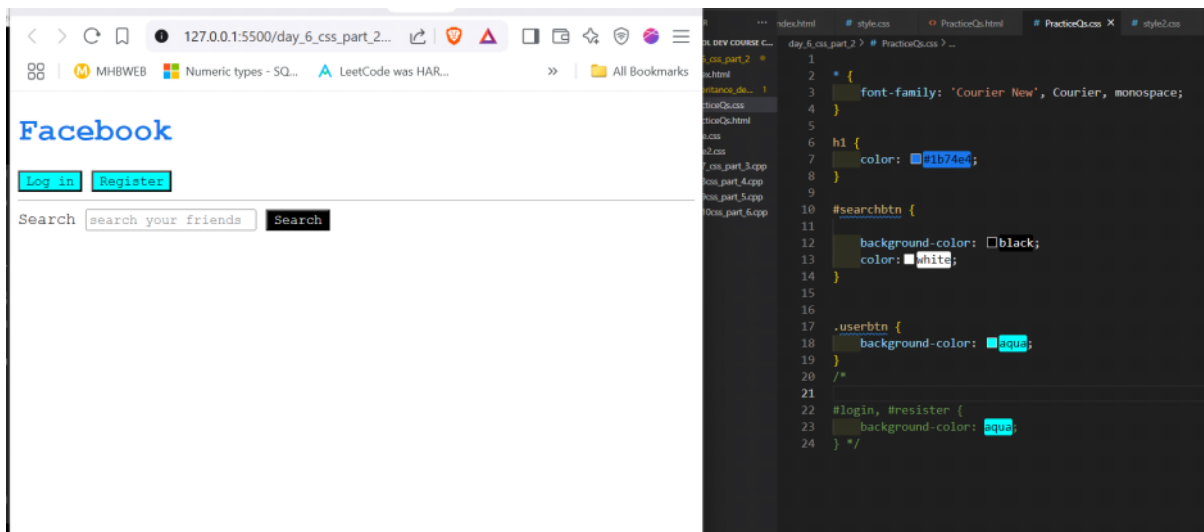
day_6_css_part_2 > PracticeQs.html > ...
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3   <head>
4     <meta charset="UTF-8" />
5     <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" /
6     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,
7       initial-scale=1.0" />
8     <title>Practice Qs</title>
9   </head>
10  <body>
11    <h1>Facebook</h1>
12    <button class="userbtn">Log in</button>
13    <button class="userbtn">Register</button>
14    <hr />
15    <label for="search">Search</label>
16    <input placeholder="search your friends" id="search" /
17    <button id="searchbtn">Search</button>
18  </body>
19 </html>
```



# Facebook

[Log in](#)[Register](#)

Search



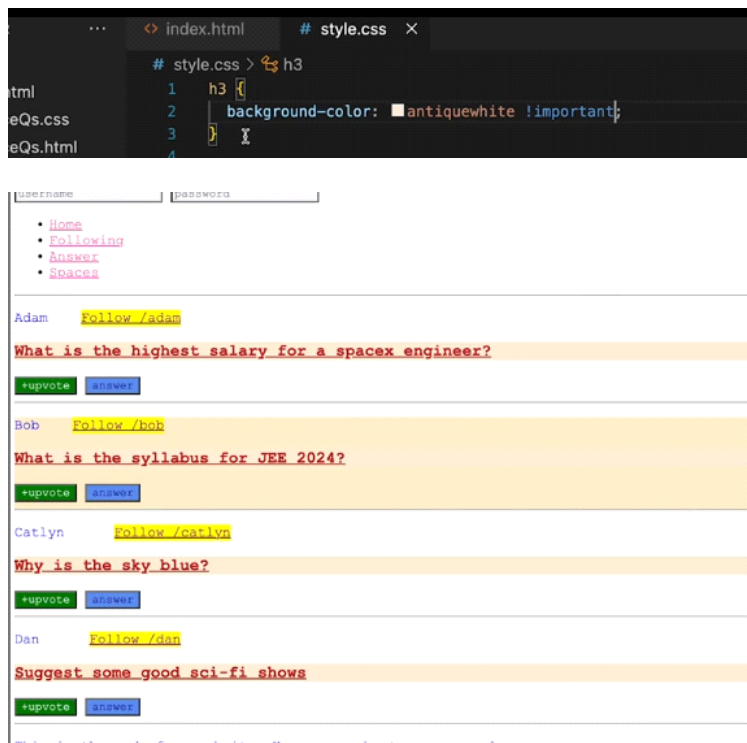
Class : 17 : important ( which property can't change )



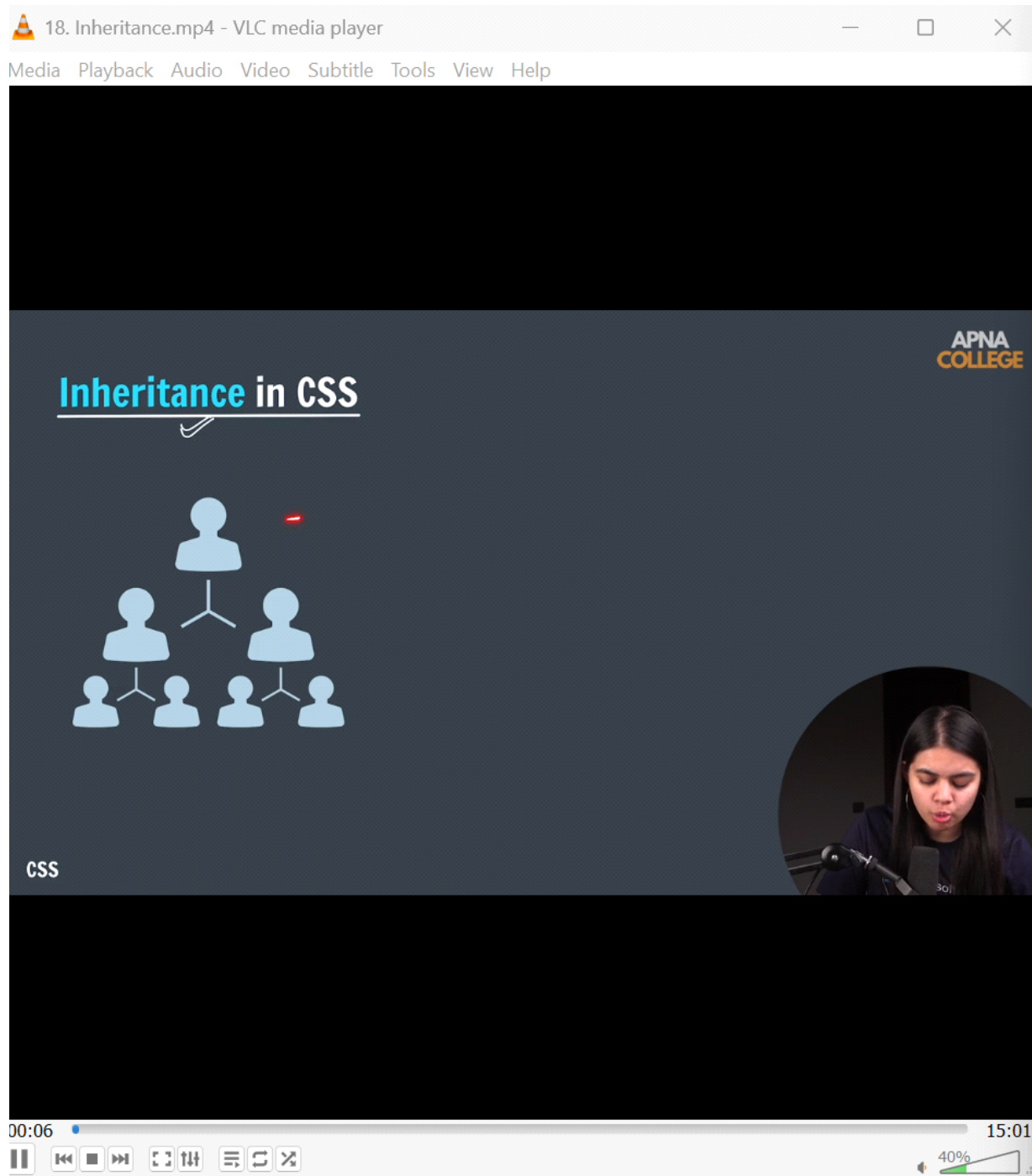
## !important

To show the most specific thing in document

```
h2 {  
  background-color: blue !important;  
}
```



Calass: 18 Inheritance



Open **inheritance.html** ( the 3 given file)

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3   <head>
4     <meta charset="UTF-8" />
5     <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
6     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,
7       initial-scale=1.0" />
8     <title>Inheritance Demo</title>
9     <link rel="stylesheet" href="inheritance_style.css" />
10  </head>
11  <body>
12    <div>
13      <h1>Main Heading</h1>
14      <div>
15        <h2>Heading 1</h2>
16        <form>
17          <label>username: </label>
18          <input type="text" placeholder="username" />
19          <label>password: </label>
20          <input type="password" placeholder="password" />
21          <button>Login</button>
22        </form>
23      </div>
24    </div>
25    <div>
26      <h2>Heading 2</h2>
27      <p>
28        Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing
29        elit. Nesciunt inventore saepe, reiciendis dolore illo culpa
30        velit odio pariatur, officia ad veniam itaque adipisci veritatis quos
31        tenetur. Ut autem dolores mollitia!
32      </p>
33    </div>
34  </body>
35</html>
```

===

# Main Heading

## Heading 1

username:  password:

## Heading 2

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Nesciunt inventore saepe, reiciendis dolor culpa velit odio pariatur, officia ad veniam itaque adipisci veritatis quos tenetur. Ut autem dolores mollitia!

=====

```

40 <hr>
41
42 <div>
43 <p> this is para
44 <ul>
45     inside the unorder list
46
47     <li>a</li>
48     <li>b</li>
49     <li>c</li>
50     <li>d</li>
51
52 </ul>
53 </p>
54 </div>
55

```

# Main Heading

## Heading 1

username:  password:

## Heading 2

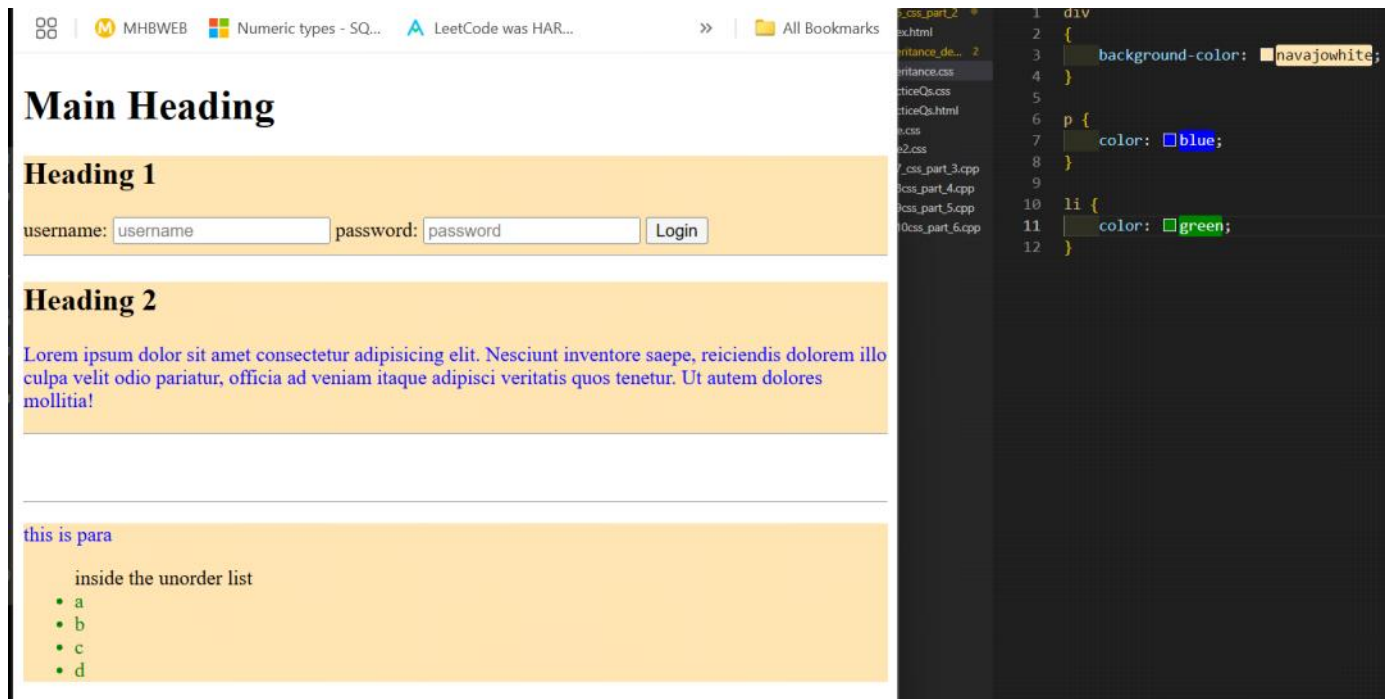
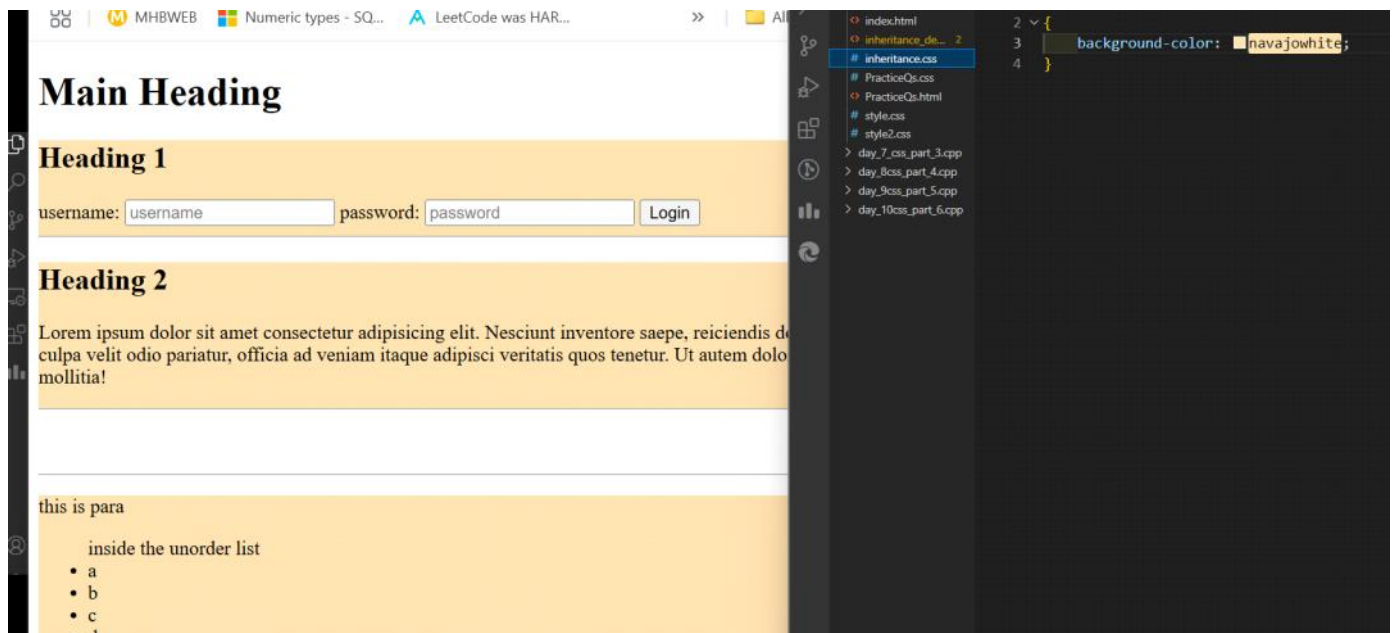
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisc  
culpa velit odio pariatur, officia ad veniam itaqu  
mollitia!

this is para

inside the unordered list

- a
- b
- c
- d

=====



Note: button , input box can't inheritant other. So we see username, password are white color.

Specific need to right for change input

```

... < index.html # style.css
# style.css > input
1  div {
2    background-color: yellow;
3  }
4
5  /* form {
6    background-color: red;
7  } */
8
9  input {
10   background-color: inherit;
11 }
12

```

## Main Heading

### Heading 1

username:  password:

### Heading 2

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Nesciunt inventore saepe, reiciendis dolorem illo cu

Now inherit.

=====

Learn more more from : inspect.

====

From inspect we can change style.....

main  
Heading

Heading 1

username

password

Login

Heading 2

```

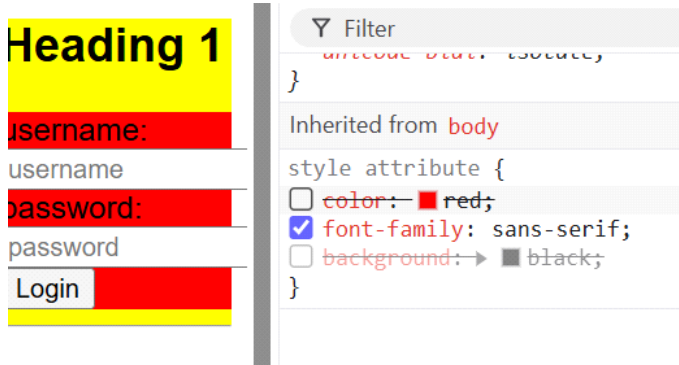
body style
html body
Styles Computed Lay
Filter
element.style {
  color: red;
  font-family: sans-ser
  ;
}
body {
  display: block;
  margin: 8px;
}

```

We can write here element.style { ...}

And can change property...

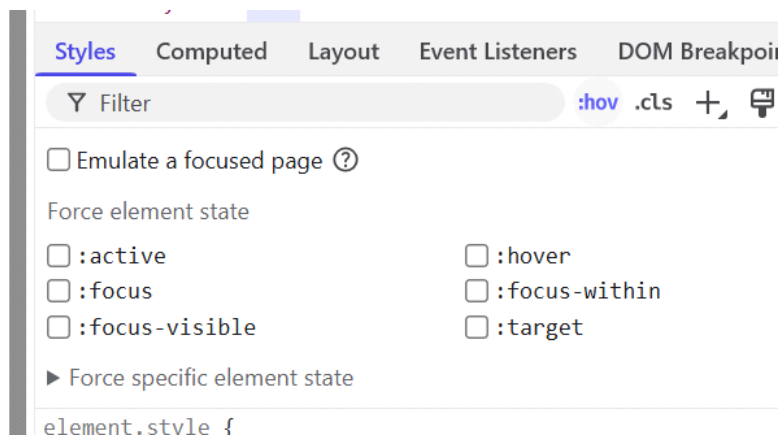
===



We can uncheck.

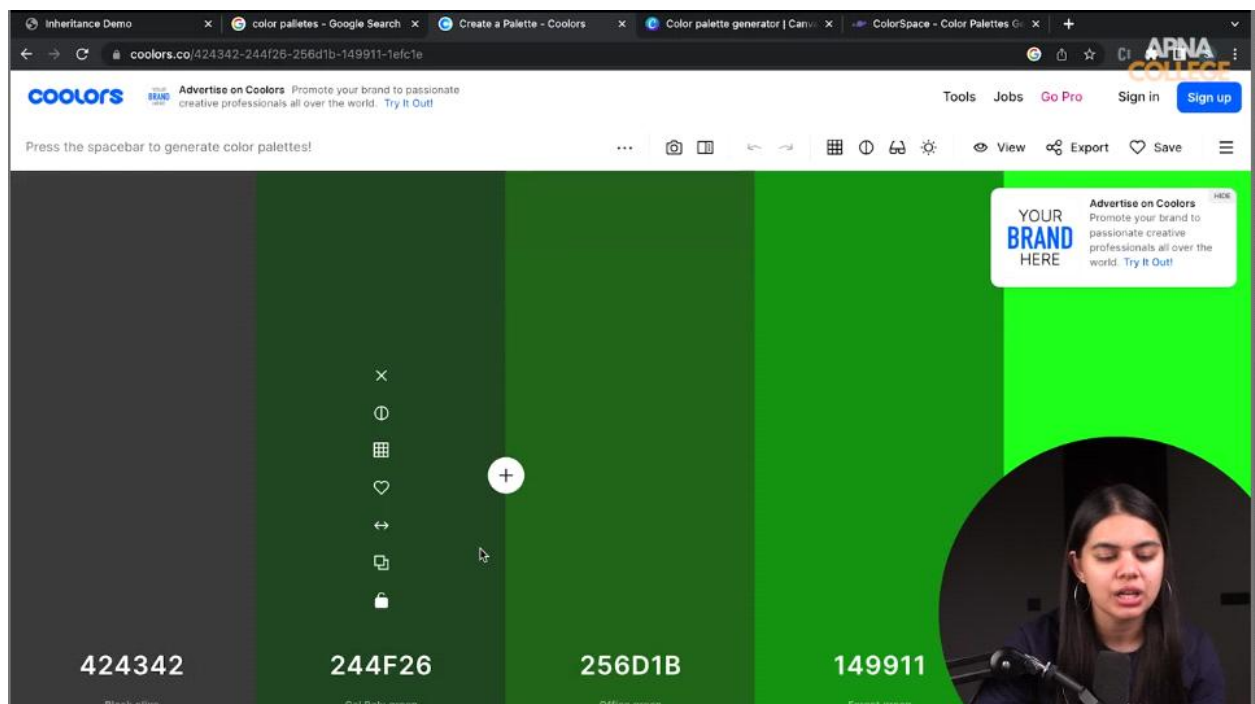
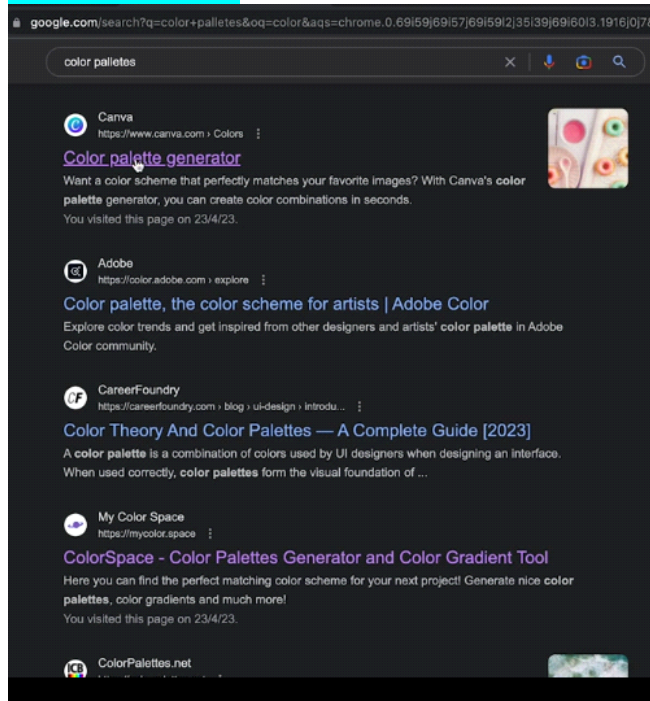
\*\*\*\*\*Note : page refreseh korla all style which craate inside the inspect all are gone.

=====





## Color plate:



Canva color plate:

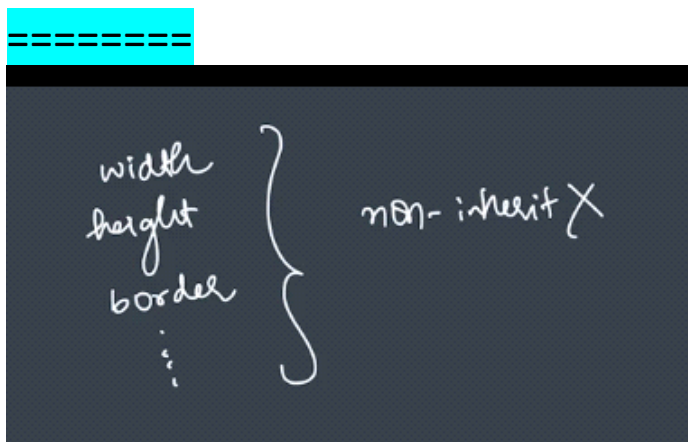





canva.com/colors/color-palette-generator/ APNA COLLEGE

For endless color palette ideas, visit our color combinations resource

Rosettes and Cream ❤️ 40795

Explore color combinations Create a custom color palette



	19. CSS Part2 (Qs).pdf	Microsoft Edge PDF D
	20. CSS Part 2 (Ans).pdf	Microsoft Edge PDF D
	Very Important PDF.pdf	Microsoft Edge PDF D

## CSS (Part 2)

### Practice Questions

We are going to write CSS for the following code :  
(Please copy-paste or re-write this code in your HTML file)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8" />
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,
initial-scale=1.0" />
<title>CSS Assignment</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>CSS Practice</h1>
<h3>Let's learn about selector.</h3>
<!-- Paragraph1 -->
<p>There are multiple selectors in css.</p>
<!-- Paragraph2 -->
<p>Some of them include class selector, id selector etc.</p>
<!-- Paragraph3 -->
<p>And we can also combine these too.</p>
<div>
```

```
<h5>Did you like the practice set?</h5>
<input type="checkbox" id="yes" />
<label for="yes">Yes</label>
<br />
<button>Learn next!</button>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

#### PART A (Selectors)

Qs1. Give the h1 header a unique id - "mainTopic" & set its color to blue using the id selector.

Qs2. Align all the text in the page to the center using a universal selector.

Qs3. Change the font style of all heading tags in the page to 'Georgia'.

Qs4. Set the color of all the paragraphs to white & background color to cornflowerblue. (Without using the element selector - 'p')

Qs5. Select all buttons inside div and change their background color to purple & text color to azure.

---

#### PART B (Pseudo class & elements)

COLLEG

Qs6. Change the button background color to yellow & text color to blue when we hover over it.

Qs7. Change the color of every odd numbered paragraph to yellow. (Paragraph 1 & 3)

Qs8. Change the color of the first letter of h1 heading to red.

Qs9. Set the text color of the checkbox label to dark green when the checkbox is ticked.

---

Qs10. Order these rules according to their specificity, from least specific to most specific. :

- h1
- #mainContent
- .main
- div .main

=====

Answer:

COLLEGE

## CSS (Part 2)

### Practice Solutions

Ans A (all 5 parts)

Create a separate CSS file and link it with your html code.  
In the CSS file write the following code :

```
* {
text-align: center;
}

#mainTopic {
color: blue;
}

h1,
h3,
h5 {
font-family: Georgia;
}

.content {
background-color: cornflowerblue;
color: white;
}

div button {
```

```
background-color: purple;
color: azure;
}
```

#### Ans B (part 6 to 9)

```
button:hover {
background-color: yellow;
color: blue;
}

p:nth-of-type(2n) {
color: yellow;
}

h1::first-letter {
color: red;
}

#yes:checked + label {
color: darkgreen;
}
```

#### Ans 10

The correct order is :

- a. #mainContent
- b. div .main
- c. .main
- d. h1

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===FINISH DAY 6===