# Assignment 5

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# 1 EN2550 2021: Object Counting on a Convey Belt

#### 1.0.1 Let's first import required libraries

```
[1]: import cv2 as cv
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from google.colab.patches import cv2_imshow
%matplotlib inline
```

# 1.0.2 Let's load and visualize the template image and the convey belt snapshot at a given time.

```
[2]: igit clone https://github.com/RansikaG/EN2550---Machine-Vision belt template_im = cv.imread(r'/content/belt/Assignment 5/template.png', cv.

→IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
belt_im = cv.imread(r'/content/belt/Assignment 5/belt.png', cv.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)

fig, ax = plt. subplots(1,2,figsize=(10,10))
ax[0].imshow(template_im, cmap='gray')
ax[1].imshow(belt_im, cmap='gray')
plt.show()
```

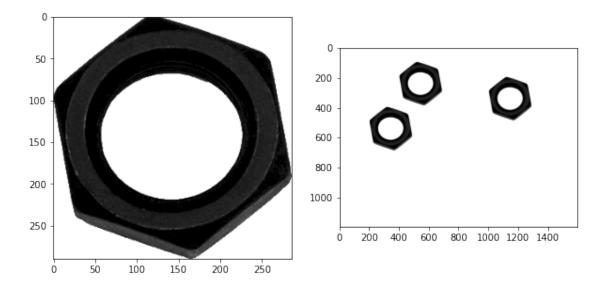
Cloning into 'belt'...

remote: Enumerating objects: 256, done.

remote: Counting objects: 100% (256/256), done. remote: Compressing objects: 100% (212/212), done.

remote: Total 256 (delta 133), reused 124 (delta 36), pack-reused 0 Receiving objects: 100% (256/256), 16.47 MiB  $\mid$  10.62 MiB/s, done.

Resolving deltas: 100% (133/133), done.



# 1.1 Part - I:

# 1.1.1 Otsu's thresholding

```
[3]: th_t, img_t = cv.threshold(template_im,0,255,cv.THRESH_BINARY_INV+cv.

→THRESH_OTSU)

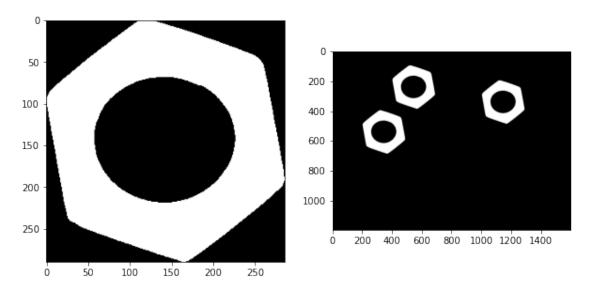
th_b, img_b = cv.threshold(belt_im,0,255,cv.THRESH_BINARY_INV+cv.THRESH_OTSU)

fig, ax = plt. subplots(1,2,figsize=(10,10))

ax[0].imshow(img_t, cmap='gray')

ax[1].imshow(img_b, cmap='gray')

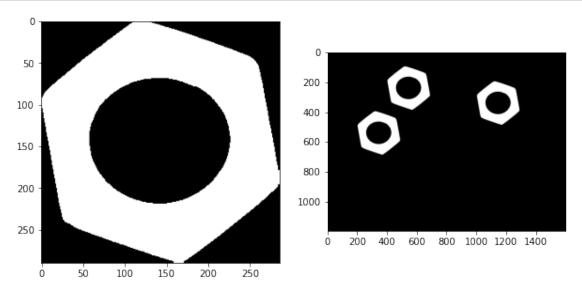
plt.show()
```



# 1.1.2 Morphological closing

```
[4]: kernel = np.ones((3,3),dtype="uint8")
    closing_t = cv.morphologyEx(img_t, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
    closing_b = cv.morphologyEx(img_b, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)

fig, ax = plt. subplots(1,2,figsize=(10,10))
    ax[0].imshow(closing_t, cmap='gray')
    ax[1].imshow(closing_b, cmap='gray')
    plt.show()
```



# 1.1.3 Connected component analysis

# No of connected Components

template image: 1
 belt image: 3

#### Statistics

There are 5 stats for each connected component, they are

- 1. The leftmost (x) coordinate which is the inclusive start of the bounding box in the horizontal direction
- 2. The topmost (y) coordinate which is the inclusive start of the bounding box in the vertical direction.
- 3. The horizontal size of the bounding box.
- 4. The vertical size of the bounding box.
- 5. The total area (in pixels) of the connected component.

stat value of each connected component

	Template Image		Belt Image	
	Component 1	Component 1	Component 2	Component3
1)	0	400	1000	200
2)	0	100	200	400
3)	286	286	286	286
4)	290	290	290	290
5)	40650	40613	40613	40613

#### Centroids

	Template Image		Belt Image	
x coordinate y coordinate	Component 1 142.82489545 143.780369	Component 1 542.82567158 243.78479797	Component 2 1142.82567158 343.78479797	Component3 342.82567158 543.78479797

# 1.1.4 Contour analysis

```
[6]: contours_t, hierarchy_t = cv.findContours(closing_t, cv.RETR_TREE, cv.

→CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)

contours_b, hierarchy_b = cv.findContours(closing_b, cv.RETR_TREE, cv.

→CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)

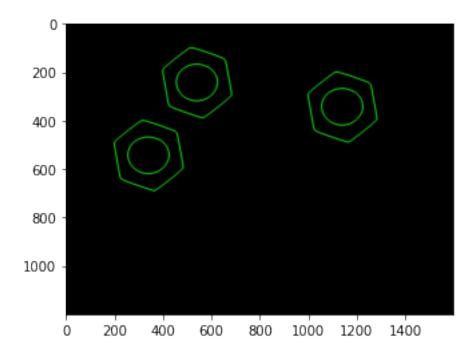
print(len(contours_b))
```

6

```
[7]: im_contours_belt = np.zeros((belt_im.shape[0],belt_im.shape[1],3), np.uint8)
conts = cv.drawContours(im_contours_belt, contours_b, -1, (0,255,0), 3).

→astype('uint8')
plt.imshow(conts)
```

## [7]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7efced427850>



# 1.1.5 Count the number of matching hexagonal nuts in belt.png.

```
[8]: label = 1 # remember that the label of the background is 0
belt = ((labels_b >= label)*255).astype('uint8')
belt_cont, template_hierarchy = cv.findContours(belt, cv.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv.

→CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
for j,c in enumerate(belt_cont):
   print(cv.matchShapes(contours_t[0], c, cv.CONTOURS_MATCH_I1, 0.0))
```

- 0.00010071698397151607
- 0.00010071698397928763
- 0.00010071698397484674

#### 1.2 Part - II

#### 1.2.1 Count the number of matching hexagonal nuts in belt.png.

```
[9]: cnt = contours_b[1]
ca = cv.contourArea(cnt)
print("ca :",ca)
```

ca : 20080.0

```
[10]: M = cv.moments(cnt)
    cx, cy = int(M['m10']/M['m00']),int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
    print("cx:",cx,"cy:",cy)

cx: 341 cy: 542

[11]: """count=1
    object_prev_frame = [cx,cy,ca,count]
    object_curr_frame=[cx_cu,cy_cu,ca_cu,count_cu]
    delta_x=object_curr_frame[0]-object_prev_frame[0]"""
```

#### 1.3 Part - III

#### 1.3.1 (Grading)

```
[12]: def get_indexed_image(im):
    """ Thresholding, closing, and connected component analysis lumped
    """
    th_im, img_im = cv.threshold(im,0,255,cv.THRESH_BINARY_INV+cv.THRESH_OTSU)
    kernel = np.ones((3,3),dtype="uint8")
    closing_im = cv.morphologyEx(img_im, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
    retval, labels, stats, centroids= cv.connectedComponentsWithStats(closing_im)
    return retval, labels, stats, centroids
```

# 1.3.2 (Grading)

```
[14]: a = np.array([[1.36100e+03, 5.53000e+02, 5.99245e+04, 2.00000e+00], [7.61000e+02, 4.53000e+02, 5.99385e+04, 1.00000e+00], [1.55200e+03, 2.43000e+02, 6.00585e+04, 3.00000e+00]])
```

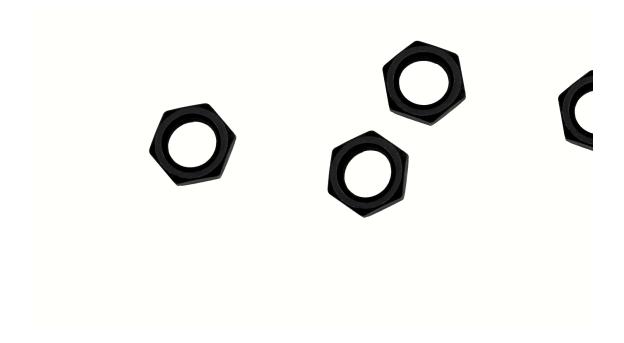
```
b = np.array([7.51000e+02, 4.53000e+02, 5.99385e+04, 3.00000e+00])
delta_x=15
delta = np.array([delta_x,delta_x])
i = np.array([0,1])
assert is_new(a, b, delta, i) == False, " Check the function "
```

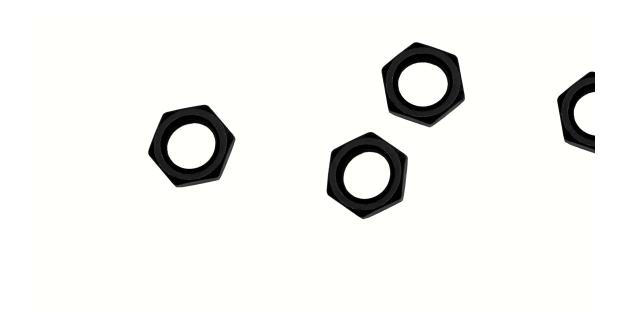
# 1.3.3 (Grading)

```
[15]: def prev_index(a, b, delta, i):
    """ Returns Previous Index
    Returns the index of the apppearance of the object in the previous frame.
    (See thee example in the next cell)
    """

    index = -1
    a=np.array(a)
    b=np.array(b)
    b_=b[i]
    for index in range(len(a)):
        vector=a[index]
        vector_evector[i]
        diff=abs(vector_-b_)
        if np.less_equal(diff, delta).all():
            return index
    return index
```

```
[16]: # check prev_index expected answer 1
    a = np.array([[1.36100e+03, 5.53000e+02, 5.99245e+04, 2.00000e+00],
        [7.61000e+02, 4.53000e+02, 5.99385e+04, 1.00000e+00],
        [1.55200e+03, 2.43000e+02, 6.00585e+04, 3.00000e+00]])
    b = np.array([7.51000e+02, 4.53000e+02, 5.99385e+04, 3.00000e+00])
    delta = np.array([delta_x])
    i = np.array([0])
    assert prev_index(a,b,delta,i) == 1, " Check the function "
```





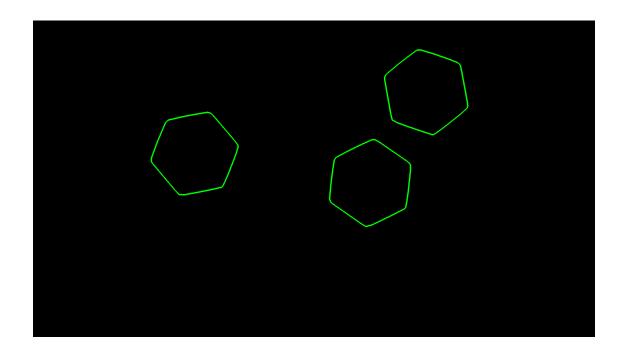
Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting  $\dots$ 

# 1.4 code to detect hexagonal nuts in a moving convey belt

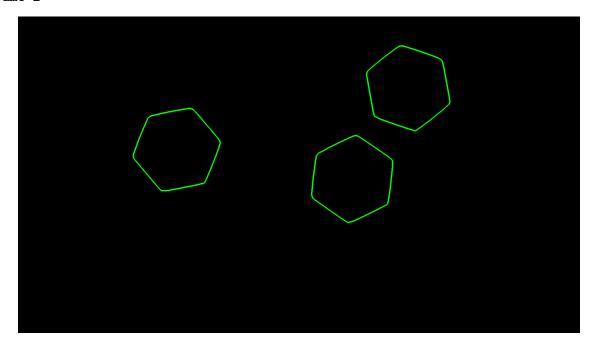
```
[18]: cap = cv. VideoCapture('/content/belt/Assignment 5/conveyor_two_frame.mp4') #_J
      → give the correct path here
      frame_no=1
      while cap.isOpened():
        ret, frame = cap.read()
        if not ret:
          print("Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting ...")
        gray=cv.cvtColor(frame, cv.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
        retval, labels, stats, centroids=get_indexed_image(gray)
        label = 1 # remember that the label of the background is 0
        belt = ((labels >= label)*255).astype('uint8')
        contours, hierarchy = cv.findContours(belt, cv.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv.
       →CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
        hexagonal=[]
        for j,c in enumerate(contours):
          if cv.matchShapes(contours_t[0], c, cv.CONTOURS_MATCH_I1, 0.0)<0.001:</pre>
            hexagonal.append(j)
        im_contours_belt = np.zeros((frame.shape[0],frame.shape[1],3), np.uint8)
        Contours = np.array(contours)
        Contours=Contours[hexagonal]
        cont=Contours#Full hexagonal contours are seperated
        conts = cv.drawContours(im_contours_belt, cont, -1, (0,255,0), 3).
       →astype('uint8')#contour image
        print("frame",frame_no)
        frame no+=1
        cv2 imshow(conts)
        if cv.waitKey(1) == ord('q'):
          break
      cap.release()
      cv.destroyAllWindows()
```

#### frame 1

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:19:
VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences
(which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths
or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify
'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray



frame 2



Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting  $\dots$ 

## 1.5 Object detection and tracking

hexagonal.append(j)

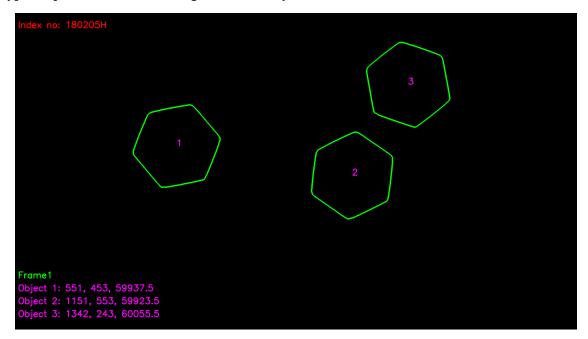
```
[19]: def insert_text(current_frame, frame no): # This function is used to insert_
       \rightarrow text into frames
        no_objects=len(current_frame)
        bottom position = (10, frame.shape[0])
        text = "Some text including newline \n characters."
        font scale = 1
        color = (255, 0, 255)
        thickness = 2
        font = cv.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX
        line_type = cv.LINE_AA
        text_size, _ = cv.getTextSize(text, font, font_scale, thickness)
        line_height = text_size[1]*2
        x, y0 =bottom_position
        y0-=(no_objects+1)* line_height
        cv.putText(frame, "Index no: 180205H", (10, L)
       →50),font,font_scale,(0,0,255),thickness,line_type)
        cv.putText(frame, "Frame"+str(frame_no),(x,__
       →y0),font,font_scale,(0,255,0),thickness,line_type)
        for i in range(no_objects):#position stuff
            Object=current_frame[i]
            y = y0 + (i+1)* line_height
            details="Object "+str(Object[3])+": "+str(Object[0])+",
       \hookrightarrow"+str(Object[1])+", "+str(Object[2])
            cv.putText(frame,details,(x, y),font,font_scale,color,thickness,line_type)
[20]: cap = cv. VideoCapture('/content/belt/Assignment 5/conveyor_two_frame.mp4') #__
      \rightarrow give the correct path here
      frame no=1
      while cap.isOpened():
        ret, frame = cap.read()
        if not ret:
          print("Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting ...")
          break
        gray=cv.cvtColor(frame, cv.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
        retval, labels, stats, centroids=get_indexed_image(gray)
        label = 1 # remember that the label of the background is 0
        belt = ((labels >= label)*255).astype('uint8')
        contours, hierarchy = cv.findContours(belt, cv.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv.
       →CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
        hexagonal=[]
        for j,c in enumerate(contours):
          if cv.matchShapes(contours_t[0], c, cv.CONTOURS_MATCH_I1, 0.0)<0.5:</pre>
```

```
im_contours_belt = np.zeros((frame.shape[0],frame.shape[1],3), dtype='uint8')
Contours = np.array(contours)
Contours=Contours[hexagonal]
 cont=Contours#Full hexagonal contours are seperated
conts = cv.drawContours(im_contours_belt, cont, -1, (0,255,0), 3).
→astype('uint8')#contour image
current_frame=[]
if frame_no==1:
   sorted_ctrs = sorted(contours, key=lambda ctr: cv.boundingRect(ctr)[0])
  for i in range(len(cont)):
    M = cv.moments(sorted_ctrs[i])
     cx, cy = int(M['m10']/M['m00']), int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
     ca = cv.contourArea(sorted ctrs[i])
     obj_current_frame=[cx,cy,ca,i+1]
     current_frame.append(obj_current_frame)
→putText(conts,str(obj_current_frame[3]),(obj_current_frame[0],obj_current_frame[1]),
→cv.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1,(255,0,255),2,cv.LINE_AA)
   i=[0,1,2] #needs to be rechecked
  delta=[15,15,3000]
  for contour in cont:
    M = cv.moments(contour)
     cx, cy = int(M['m10']/M['m00']), int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
     ca = cv.contourArea(contour)
     obj_current_frame=[cx,cy,ca,None]#count is not defined
     if is_new(previous_frame, obj_current_frame, delta, i):
      print("new object has entered")
      prev_count+=1
      obj_current_frame=[cx,cy,ca,prev_count]
     else:
      prev i=prev index(previous frame, obj current frame, delta, i)
       obj_current_frame=[cx,cy,ca,previous_frame[prev_i][3]]
     current_frame.append(obj_current_frame)
     CV.
→putText(conts,str(obj_current_frame[3]),(obj_current_frame[0],obj_current_frame[1]),
→cv.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1,(255,0,255),2,cv.LINE_AA)
current frame.sort(key=lambda x:x[3],reverse=False)
insert_text(current_frame,conts,frame_no)
previous frame=current frame
prev_count=current_frame[-1][3]
print("frame",frame_no)
frame no+=1
```

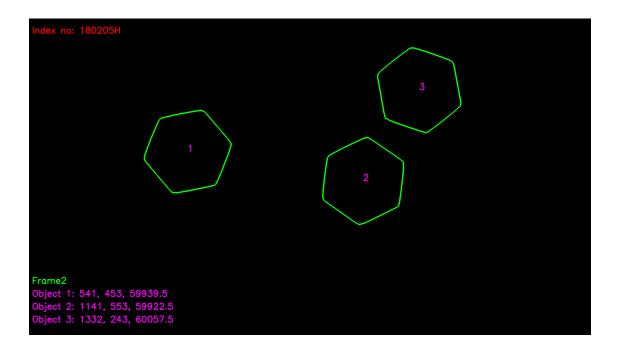
```
cv2_imshow(conts)
if cv.waitKey(1) == ord('q'):
    break
cap.release()
cv.destroyAllWindows()
```

# frame 1

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:19:
VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences
(which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray



frame 2



Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting ...
#Conveyor with rotation video tracking

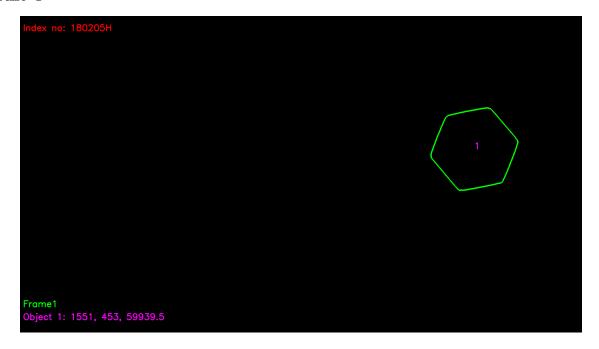
```
[21]: #Conveyor with rotation
      cap = cv.VideoCapture('/content/belt/Assignment 5/conveyor_with_rotation.mp4')
      →# give the correct path here
      fps = cap.get(cv.CAP_PROP_FPS)
      width=int(cap.get(cv.CAP_PROP_FRAME_WIDTH))
      height=int(cap.get(cv.CAP_PROP_FRAME_HEIGHT))
      out = cv.VideoWriter('180205H_en2550_a05.mp4', cv.VideoWriter_fourcc(*'mp4v'),_
      →fps, (width, height), True)
      frame_no=1
      while cap.isOpened():
        ret, frame = cap.read()
        if not ret:
          print("Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting ...")
        gray=cv.cvtColor(frame, cv.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
       retval, labels, stats, centroids=get_indexed_image(gray)
       label = 1 # remember that the label of the background is 0
       belt = ((labels >= label)*255).astype('uint8')
        contours, hierarchy = cv.findContours(belt, cv.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv.
       →CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
        hexagonal=[]
```

```
for j,c in enumerate(contours):
  if cv.matchShapes(contours_t[0], c, cv.CONTOURS_MATCH_I1, 0.0)<0.5:</pre>
    hexagonal.append(j)
 im_contours_belt = np.zeros((frame.shape[0],frame.shape[1],3), dtype='uint8')
Contours = np.array(contours)
Contours=Contours[hexagonal]
cont=Contours#Full hexagonal contours are seperated
conts = cv.drawContours(im contours belt, cont, -1, (0,255,0), 3).
→astype('uint8')#contour image
current_frame=[]
if frame_no==1:
   sorted_ctrs = sorted(contours, key=lambda ctr: cv.boundingRect(ctr)[0])
  for i in range(len(cont)):
    M = cv.moments(sorted_ctrs[i])
     cx, cy = int(M['m10']/M['m00']), int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
     ca = cv.contourArea(sorted_ctrs[i])
     obj_current_frame=[cx,cy,ca,i+1]
     current_frame.append(obj_current_frame)
→putText(conts,str(obj_current_frame[3]),(obj_current_frame[0],obj_current_frame[1]),
→cv.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1,(255,0,255),2,cv.LINE_AA)
   i=[0,1,2] #needs to be rechecked
  delta=[15,15,3000]
  for contour in cont:
    M = cv.moments(contour)
     cx, cy = int(M['m10']/M['m00']), int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
     ca = cv.contourArea(contour)
     obj_current_frame=[cx,cy,ca,None]#count is not defined
     if is_new(previous_frame, obj_current_frame, delta, i):
      print("new object has entered")
      prev count+=1
       obj_current_frame=[cx,cy,ca,prev_count]
      prev_i=prev_index(previous_frame, obj_current_frame, delta, i)
       obj_current_frame=[cx,cy,ca,previous_frame[prev_i][3]]
     current_frame.append(obj_current_frame)
     CV.
→putText(conts,str(obj_current_frame[3]),(obj_current_frame[0],obj_current_frame[1]),
→cv.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1,(255,0,255),2,cv.LINE_AA)
current frame.sort(key=lambda x:x[3],reverse=False)
insert_text(current_frame,conts,frame_no)
previous_frame=current_frame
prev_count=current_frame[-1][3]
```

```
if frame_no%40==1:
    print("frame",frame_no)
    cv2_imshow(conts)
    frame_no+=1
    out.write(conts)

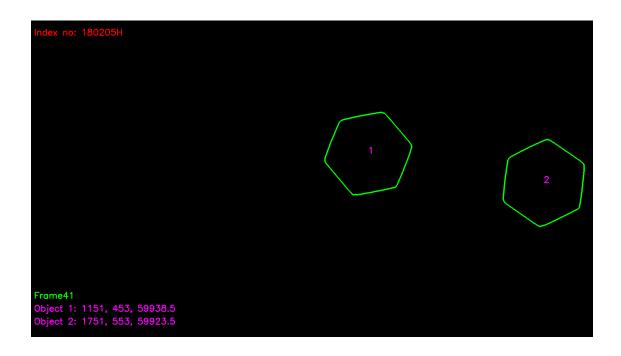
if cv.waitKey(1) == ord('q'):
    break
cap.release()
out.release()
cv.destroyAllWindows()
```

#### frame 1

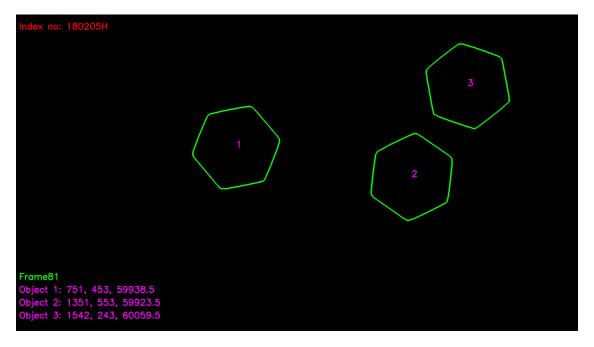


/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:25:
VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences
(which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray

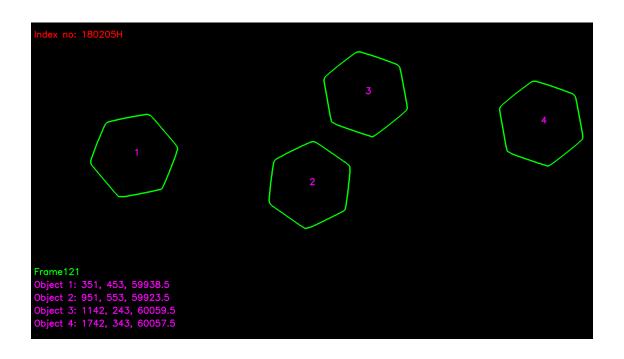
new object has entered frame 41



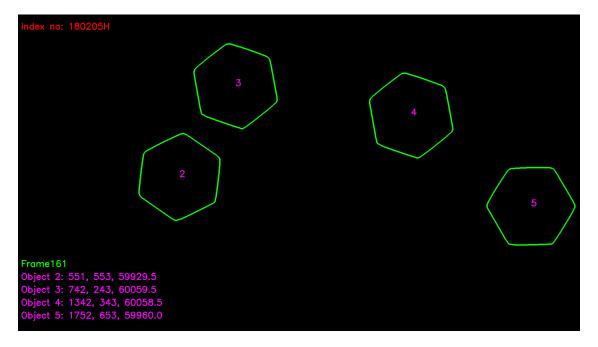
new object has entered
frame 81



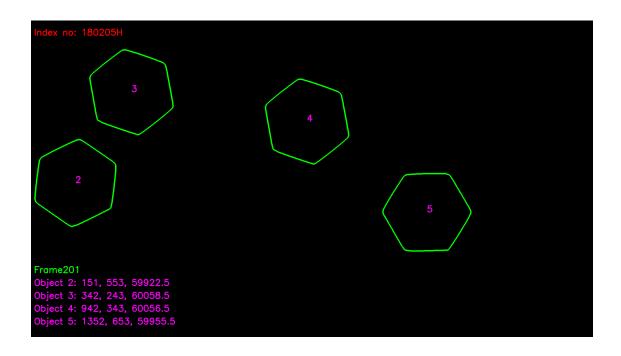
new object has entered
frame 121



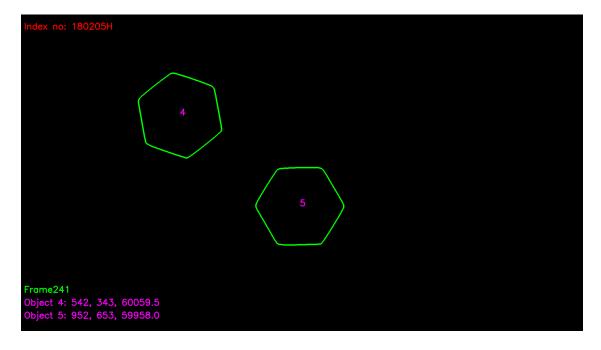
new object has entered
frame 161



frame 201



#### frame 241



Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting ...