

REPORT: CULTURAL FAIR (GROUP ONE, ARGENTINA)

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1.1 Argentina – General Topics:

In this activity we decided make a web page (website) about Argentina. Between the general topics are: geographical aspects, curiosities, natural features and national symbols, and more. We chose Argentina because it is a country close to Brazil and similar in several aspects to southern Brazil. However, it is very different from the rest of Brazil, with its incredible landscapes, like as glaciers, lakes and the Andes, for example.

2.1 Argentina - Division and Activities:

The tasks were divided according to the individual abilities and facilities of each member. This way, the activity would be easier and more productive. we thought of focusing on two parts, the first would deal with research, information and content, the second would develop the website and technologies. However, both helped each other during the work.

2.1.1 Argentina - Division and Activities (Research, Information and Content):

The first part of this activity was the research for the search for information and, later, the creation of the content. This stage started on November 3rd and ended on November 5th. The member responsible for this part and the report was the Roberto Sampaio. But he had the approval and orientation of others.

2.1.2 Argentina - Division and Activities (Development):

The second part was the creation of the website with the researched information and the content. The site creation began on November 4th and finished on November 6th. The responsible members were the Henrique Nogueira and Raphael Muniz. Always with the consensus and approval of the group.

3.1 Argentina – Main Information:

Argentina is a South American country, located at far end of the continent, has a vast coastal area with the Atlantic Ocean. It is the second largest country in Latin America and the eighth in the world. Its population is the fourth largest in the Americas. The country is divided into twenty-three provinces and has borders with five countries, namely: Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay.

The official name is Republic of Argentina; however, this name is rarely used. Its name comes from Latin, derived from the word "*Argentum*" that signify silver (this name was chosen because of the legends that affirm that there would be a lot of this valued metal in the region).

It has the second-best Human Development Index (HDI) in South America (only behind Chile, the only ones considered high), demonstrating that the country is developing and has a good quality of life for the population. Few countries have achieved such a high value being emerging.

Observing the natural aspects, stand out: stretches of the Andes Mountains, glacial lakes, glaciers, the Patagonia and the Pampas (presenting the diversity of climates and natural environments present in the South American continent because the vast territorial area).

Because the country is located in the Tropic of Capricorn, the country tends to be cold and arid. In higher altitude regions, the temperature is lower (especially in the west, where the Andes Mountains are located). some regions to the north have a climate similar to the Brazilian south (subtropical). The proximities of the Andes Mountains and the coastal region tend to be arid or semiarid.

The predominant reliefs are: plains, plateaus and mountainous elevations. As for biodiversity, the pampas are fertile plains in the center of the country with low vegetation and few trees, Patagonia is a plateau region located to the south, with few trees, undergrowth, bushes, lakes and glaciers, in Cuyo is where the highest peak of the Andes Mountain range is located (almost seven thousand meters).

Argentina has forty million inhabitants (the third largest on the South American continent), its demographic density is 15 inhab./k². More than ninety percent of people live in urban areas. The society is formed, mainly, by descendants of native peoples (Guarani, for example) and of people coming from Europe, being a country of many ethnicities.

3.1.1 Argentina – Main Information (Geographical Aspects):

<u>Argentina</u>	
Capital:	Buenos Aires

Territorial extension:	2.766.889 km ² (8th largest in the world)
Gentile:	Argentine
Per capita income (2020):	8.441,92 USD
GDP (2020)	383,1 millions USD
Provinces:	Buenos Aires, Catamarca, Chaco, Chubut, Córdoba, Corrientes, Entre Ríos, Formosa, Jujuy, La Pampa, La Rioja, Mendoza, Misiones, Neuquén, Río Negro, Salta, San Juan, San Luis, Santa Cruz, Santa Fé, Santiago del Estero, Terra do Fogo e Tucumán
Demographic density:	15 inhab./ km ²
Number of Inhabitants (2020):	45,38 millions
Climates (predominant):	Polaire, aride, temperate and mountain
Official language:	Spanish (Castilian)
Religion (predominant):	Catholicism
Currency:	Argentine peso
Government system:	Presidential republic
Frontiers:	Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay
HDI (2019):	0,845 (high)
Development Degree:	Emergent

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