## Competency Assessment Assignments

May 31, 2022

### Task 1\_a

#### Choose of approaches

- Because the original cancer datasets do not contain annotations, the effect of joint dimensionality reduction approaches on factors with clinical annotations or biological annotations does not need to be considered when processing such datasets. Just need to consider the effect of factors on survival.
- In general, MCIA, RGCCA, and JIVE achieved the best performances, finding factors significantly associated with survival in seven out of ten cancer types.

## Task 1\_a Choose of datasets

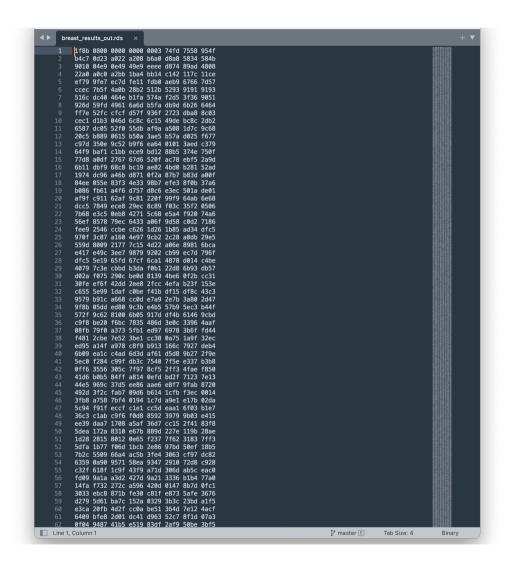
• Between the five multi-omics cancer datasets, I'd live to choose BIC (dataset of breast), LIHC (dataset of the liver) and SKCM (dataset of melanoma).

Because MCIA performed the best for melanoma; JIVE performed the best in liver cancer; RGCCA performed the best in breast cancer.

## Task1\_a

#### Results sample

The jDR factorization will decompose the P omics matrices into a product of a single factor matrix F and multiple weight/projection matrices Ai, i=1...P.



### Task 1\_b

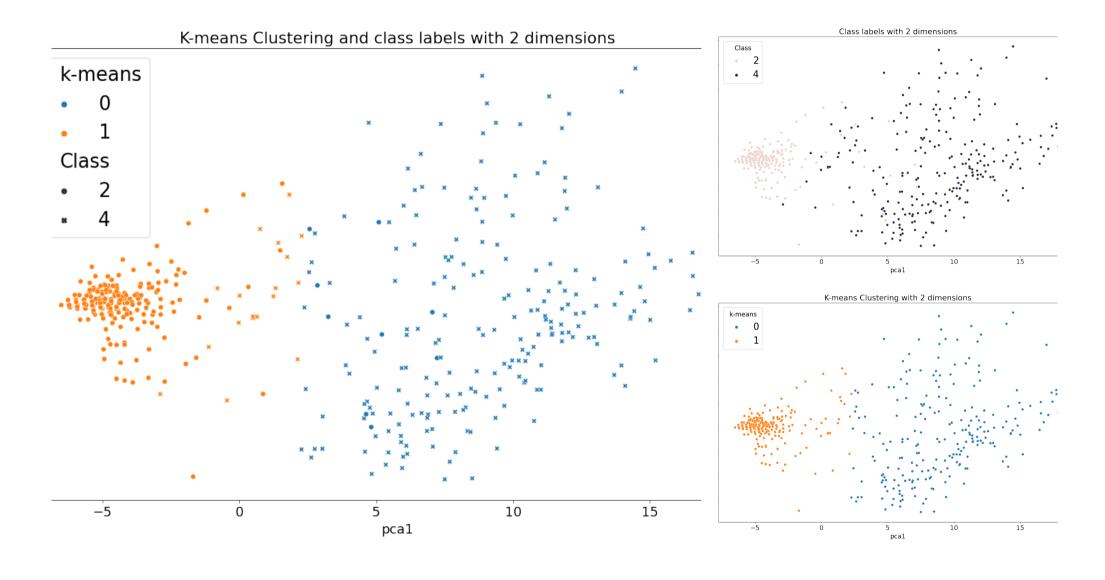
#### Choose of approaches

- No algorithm consistently outperformed all others in either differential survival or enriched clinical parameters. With respect to survival, MCCA had the best prognostic value, while MultiNMF was second and LRACluster third.
- Since my system currently fails to install PMA (MCCA) successfully, I install SNFtool (SNF) instead.

O Unfortunately, due to a limited time, I couldn't test the result of task1\_b in the existing time.

## Task2

## Initial classification and clustering effects

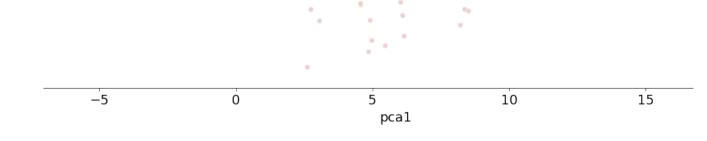


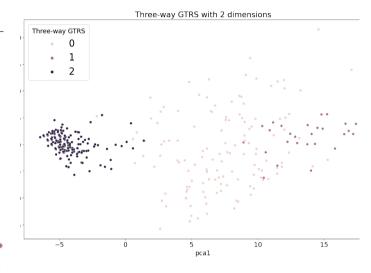
#### Task2

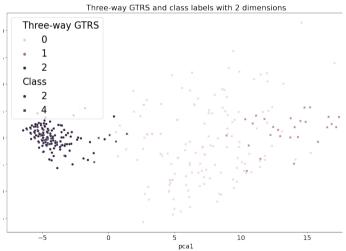
# Classification and clustering effects after implementing the GTRS three-way clustering algorithms

## Three-way GTRS and K-means Clustering with 2 dimensions Three-way GTRS 0 1 2









### Task 2

#### Discussion of the limitations of the algorithm

• The GTRS three-way clustering algorithm can effectively distinguish the data distributed in the two extreme parts (inside and outside), but once the algorithm is overfitting or underfitting in the process of use, it may cause the operation time to be too long or face the large amount of data that deals with partial parts cannot be differentiated.