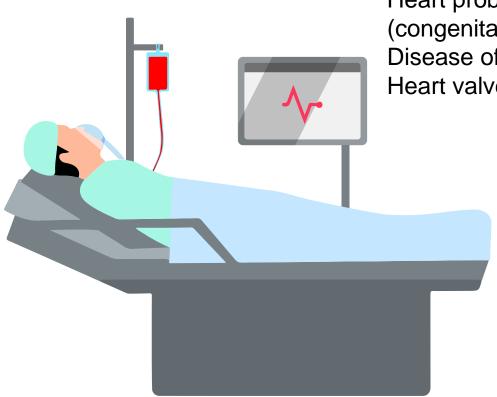


Problem Overview

Heart disease describes a range of conditions that affect the heart. Heart diseases include Blood vessel disease, such as coronary artery disease, Irregular heartbeats (arrhythmias),

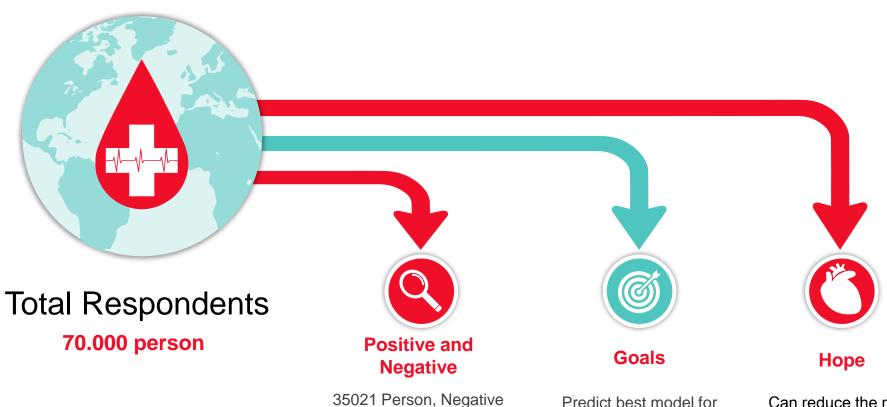


Heart problems born with (congenital heart defects), Disease of the heart muscle, Heart valve disease

Based on cdc.gov, there are number of deaths for leading causes of death

- 1. Heart Disease
- 2. Cancer
- 3. COVID 19
- 4. Accidents
- 5. Stroke
- **6. Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease**

Problem Overview



34979 Person, Positive

Predict best model for patients who are suspected of having Heart Disease or not

Can reduce the risk of death from heart disease and can detect early from the symptoms of the disease

Data Understanding





Modelling

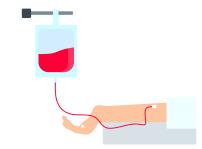
Modelling Result

Modelling Performance								
	Model	Recall	AUC	F1 Score	Accuracy			
0	Logistic_Regression	0.649252	0.707719	0.687864	0.708297			
1	Random_Forest	0.694306	0.712908	0.705540	0.713092			
2	Decision_Tree	0.633989	0.634045	0.631717	0.634045			
3	Extra_Trees	0.692838	0.703541	0.698321	0.703647			
4	Gradient_Boosting	0.689169	0.733937	0.719804	0.734380			
5	Light_Gradient_Boosting	0.687115	0.733629	0.718980	0.734089			
6	Hist_Gradient_Boosting	0.689463	0.734084	0.720000	0.734525			

Based on tabel beside, it can be concluded that the best model is **Hist Gradient Boosting**

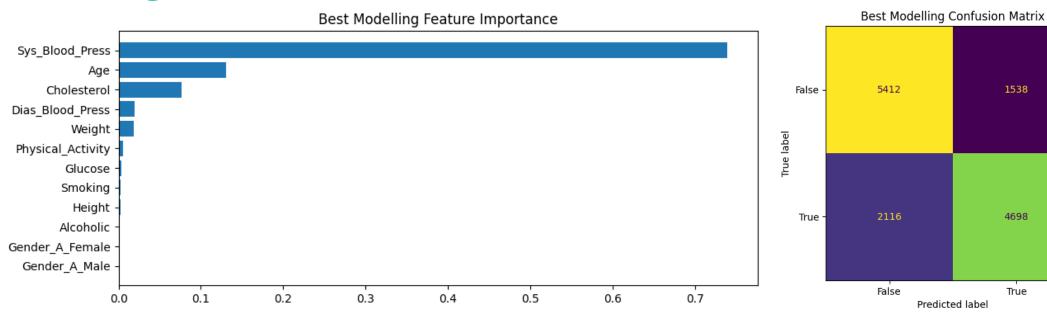
- 1. Highest **Accuracy** Value (0.7345)
- 2. Highest **F1 Score** Value (0.72)

The Recall value on **Hist Gradient Boosting** is **0.689**, meaning that out of 100 person were tested, about **68 – 69 person** get into **Heart Disease**



Modelling

Modelling Result



Based on tabel above, it can be concluded that the most common cause of heart disease is Systole Blood Pressure, Age, and Cholesterol rate



- 5000

4500

4000

- 3500

- 3000

- 2500

2000

1538

4698

True



Some Questions

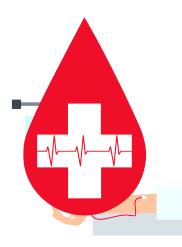
Question 1

From people with **Heart Disease**, how many on **maximum** and **minimum point** for the **priority**? So we can give more attention into it

Max and Min Value on Age, Weight, Cholesterol, Systole, and Diastole by Positive Respondents								
	Category	Max Va	lues	Min	Values			
0	Age (year)	64.97	0000	39	.110000			
1	Weight	200.00	0000	21	.000000			
2	Cholesterol	3.00	0000	1	.000000			
3	Systole	240.00	0000	70	.000000			
4	Diastole	190.00	0000	8	.000000			

From table beside, we know that all of positive respondent were in middle-aged, and a wide range of weight, Systole rate, and Diastole rate.

Everyone has the possibility of this disease



Some Questions

Question 2

Separated by **cholesterol** (most common cause of narrowing of the arteries), how **mean** of the **Age** and **Systole**?

		Age	Sys_Blood_Press
Cholesterol	Cholesterol_M		
1	Normal	19954.34	132.47
2	Below_Normal	19878.73	137.56
3	High	20628.66	135.36

From table beside, from all of positive Heart Disease respondents we know that on **normal cholesterol rate**, has the mean age is 19954,34 days (**54+ years old**) and mean Systole is **132.47**. On **high cholesterol rate**, has the mean age is 20628.66 days (**56+ years old**) and mean Systole is **135.36**

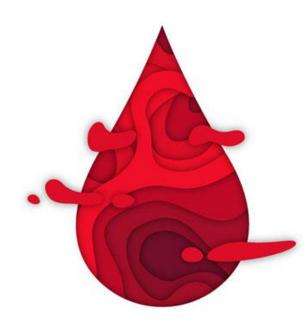
So we can conclude that person is 54 years old and above, with high Systole (standard value is 120) has a **high risk** of heart disease

Heart disease describes a range of **conditions that affect the heart**. Heart diseases include:

Blood vessel disease, such as coronary artery disease Irregular heartbeats (arrhythmias)
Heart problems you're born with (congenital heart defects)
Disease of the heart muscle
Heart valve disease

Many forms of heart disease can be prevented or treated with healthy lifestyle choices.

Society Insight



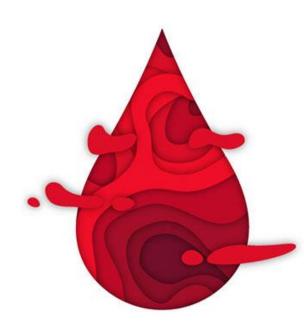
Coronary artery disease is a common heart condition that affects the major blood vessels that supply the heart muscle. **Cholesterol deposits (plaques)** in the heart arteries are usually the cause of **coronary artery disease**.

Symptoms of coronary artery disease can include chest pain, chest tightness, chest pressure and chest discomfort (angina), shortness of breath, pain in the throat, upper belly area or back, weakness or coldness in the legs or arms if the blood vessels in those body areas are narrowed

Risk factors for heart disease include:

Age, sex, family history, smoking, unhealthy diet, high blood pressure, high cholesterol, diabetes, obesity, lack of exercise, stress

Society Insight



There is some **tips** which you can use to **prevention** the heart disease

Don't smoke.

Eat a diet that's low in salt and saturated fat.

Exercise at least 30 minutes a day on most days of the week.

Maintain a healthy weight.

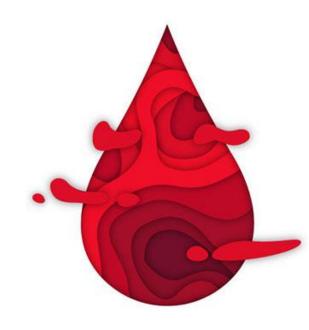
Reduce and manage stress.

Control high blood pressure, high cholesterol and diabetes.

Get good sleep. Adults should aim for 7 to 9 hours daily.

Based on the best model chosen, it is hoped that it can more quickly detect a person or patient who is suspected of having a Heart Disease. Because the faster the first treatment of a patient can increase the percentage of recovery from that patient.

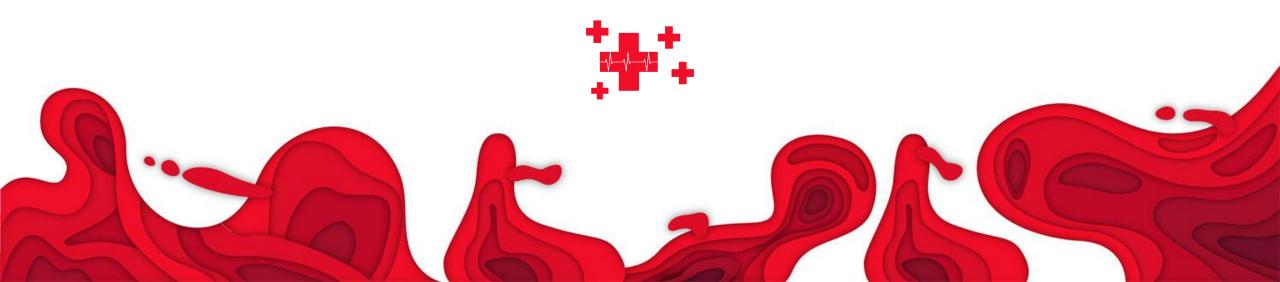
Society Insight



References

https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/fastats/leading-causes-of-death.html

https://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/heart-disease/symptoms-causes/syc-20353118





Reach me anytime:





