

Vexriscv SoC with UART and AXI-GPIO

THIS is an example based on a 32 bit GPIO with Vexriscv SoC.

Instructions:

Copy the demo folder from litex installation directory `litex/litex/soc/software/demo` and paste it inside your project directory. Use the main.c file provided in test folder of this example and replace it with the main.c file located inside your newly copied demo folder in project directory.

Generate the design

```
litex_sim --cpu-type vexriscv --axigpio --no-compile-gateway
```

1. Simulation

We can simulate the integration application code in main.c using `litex_sim` tool in litex.

Run the following command to generate your SoC:

```
litex_sim --integrated-main-ram-size=0x10000 --cpu-type=vexriscv --axigpio  
--no-compile-gateway --sim-debug
```

Before running the simulation, you have to create the binary of your application code residing in demo. The python script below converts the application code to demo.bin, which is later loaded on to the ram.

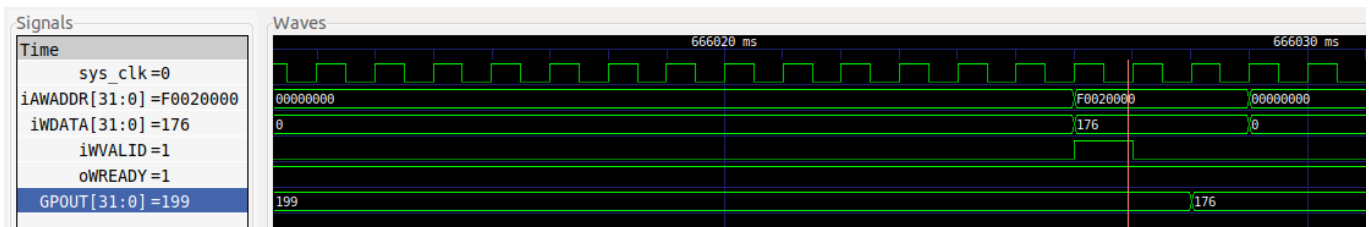
Run the following command to generate .bin file from .py file:

```
python3 ./demo/demo.py --build-path=build/sim
```

Run the following command to execute your applicationcode onto the processor:

```
litex_sim --integrated-main-ram-size=0x10000 --cpu-type vexriscv --axigpio  
--ram-init=demo.bin --sim-debug
```

Output:



```
--===== Liftoff! =====--  
  
0 to 7 LEDs glowing represent 127  
0 to 9 LEDs glowing represent 511  
0 to 7 LEDs glowing represent 127  
ALL LEDs glowing represents 0xFFFFFFFF  
█
```

Application

This test performs the write operation on specific addresses and the data is shown onto the console. This can be verified using the GTKwave.