What is Socurity?
What is Security? Confidentiality— sensitive data remains secret Integrity— unauthorized modification cannot occur Availability— data accessible
Integrity - unauthorized modification cannot occur
Availability - data accessible
L'un or security to reliability
Much of Security is reliability 4 keep your personal data confidential 4 Allow only authorized access or modification 4 correct and meaningful results when you need them
5 correct and meaningful results when you need them
What is Privacy?
What is Privacy? - control of information about yourself
Credit Card Info, List of Names
Loss of privacy may or may not be loss of confidentiality
Privacy = Security
Consequences: SPAM, fraud, identity the Ft
Balance between Security and Privacy Ex:
CCTV-Photographs of everyone Airports-full body scans
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Organizations generally favour security over privacy Adversaries Murphie's law: random, non-malicious events-everything that can Who are the bad guys? 4 crackers → amauters b governments b terrorists borganized rime 4" script - Kiddies" (use other people's exploits) - Most serious threat: organized crime (economic) How secure should we make it? Principle of Easiest Penetration -weakest point - think like an attacker - human - bribe, social engineering Principle of Adequate Protection - the economics of security - don't spend too much Asset: things we want to protect: 4 hardware 4 software

Threats: loss or harm that might betall a system
Vulnerability:
Interseption: unauthorized access
Interuption: loss of availability
Fabrication
Modification
Attack: the action the adversary does to exploit the vulnerability to execute the threat
Control: removing or reducing vulnerability.
Défence:
Prevent, Deterance, Deflect, detect, recover Deterance C Deflection
Defence in depth: different security