Reboot	
Purpose	Used to restart the Switch.
Syntax	reboot
Description	This command is used to restart the Switch.
Parameters	None.
Restrictions	None.

To restart the Switch:

DES-3026:4#reboot Command: reboot

Are you sure want to proceed with the system reboot? (y/n)

reset	
Purpose	Used to reset the Switch to the factory default settings.
Syntax	reset {[config system]}
Description	This command is used to restore the Switch's configuration to the default settings assigned from the factory.
Parameters	config – If the keyword 'config' is specified, all of the factory default settings are restored on the Switch including the IP address, user accounts, and the Switch history log. The Switch will not save or reboot.
	system – If the keyword 'system' is specified all of the factory default settings are restored on the Switch. The Switch will save and reboot after the settings are changed to default. Rebooting will clear all entries in the Forwarding Data Base.
	If no parameter is specified, the Switch's current IP address, user accounts, and the Switch history log are not changed. All other parameters are restored to the factory default settings. The Switch will not save or reboot.
Restrictions	Only administrator-level users can issue this command.

Example usage:

To restore all of the Switch's parameters to their default values:

DES-3026:4#reset config Command: reset config

Success.

Are you sure you want to proceed with system rest?(y/n)y

Success.

login	
Purpose	Used to log in a user to the Switch's console.
Syntax	login
Description	This command is used to initiate the login procedure. The user will be prompted for his Username and Password.
Parameters	None.
Restrictions	None.

To initiate the login procedure:

DES-3026:4#login
Command: login
UserName:

logout	
Purpose	Used to log out a user from the Switch's console.
Syntax	logout
Description	This command terminates the current user's session on the Switch's console.
Parameters	None.
Restrictions	None.

Example usage:

To terminate the current user's console session:

DES-3026:4#logout

ping	
Purpose	Used to test the connectivity between network devices.
Syntax	ping <ipaddr> {times <value 1-255="">} {timeout <sec 1-99="">}</sec></value></ipaddr>
Description	The ping command sends Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) echo messages to a remote IP address. The remote IP address will then "echo" or return the message. This is used to confirm connectivity between the Switch and the remote device.
Parameters	<pre><ipaddr> - Specifies the IP address of the host.</ipaddr></pre>
	times <value 1-255=""> - The number of individual ICMP echo messages to be sent. The maximum value is 255. The default is 0.</value>
	timeout <sec 1-99=""> - Defines the time-out period while waiting for a response from the remote device. A value of 1 to 99 seconds can be specified. The default is 1 second.</sec>

DES-3000 Series Layer 2 Switch CLI Reference Manual

ping	
	Pinging an IP address without the <i>times</i> parameter will ping the target device an infinite amount of times.
Restrictions	Only administrator-level users can issue this command.

Example usage:

To ping the IP address 10.48.74.121 four times:

DES-3026:4#ping 10.48.74.121 times 4

Command: ping 10.48.74.121

Reply from 10.48.74.121, time<10ms Reply from 10.48.74.121, time<10ms Reply from 10.48.74.121, time<10ms Reply from 10.48.74.121, time<10ms

Ping statistics for 10.48.74.121

Packets: Sent =4, Received =4, Lost =0

SPANNING TREE COMMANDS

The Switch supports 802.1d STP and 802.1w Rapid STP. The spanning tree commands in the Command Line Interface (CLI) are listed (along with the appropriate parameters) in the following table.

Command	Parameters
config stp	{maxage <value 6-40=""> hellotime <value 1-10=""> forwarddelay <value 4-30=""> priority <value 0-61440=""> version [rstp stp] txholdcount <value 1-10=""> fbpdu [enabled disabled] lbd [enabled disabled] lbd_recover_timer [0 <sec 60-1000000]}<="" td=""></sec></value></value></value></value></value>
config stp ports	<pre><portlist> {cost [auto <value 1-200000000="">] priority <value 0-="" 240=""> migrate [yes no] edge [true false] p2p [true false auto] state [enabled disabled] lbd [enabled disabled] fbpdu [enabled disabled] }</value></value></portlist></pre>
enable stp	
disable stp	
show stp	
show stp ports	{ <portlist>}</portlist>

Each command is listed, in detail, in the following sections.

config stp	
Purpose	Used to setup STP and RSTP on the Switch.
Syntax	config stp {maxage <value 6-40=""> hellotime <value 1-10=""> forwarddelay <value 4-30=""> priority <value 0-61440=""> version [rstp stp] txholdcount <value 1-10=""> fbpdu [enabled disabled] lbd_recover_timer [0 <sec 60-1000000]}<="" td=""></sec></value></value></value></value></value>
Description	This command is used to setup the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) for the entire switch.
Parameters	maxage <value 6-40=""> – The maximum amount of time (in seconds) that the Switch will wait to receive a BPDU packet before reconfiguring STP. The default is 20 seconds.</value>
	hellotime <value 1-10=""> – The time interval between transmission of configuration messages by the root device. The default is 2 seconds.</value>
	forwarddelay <value 4-30=""> – The maximum amount of time (in seconds) that the root device will wait before changing states. The default is 15 seconds.</value>
	priority <value 0-61440=""> – A numerical value between 0 and 61440 that is used in determining the root device, root port, and designated port. The device with the highest priority becomes the root device. The lower the numerical value, the higher the priority. The default is 32,768.</value>
	version [rstp stp] - Select the Spanning Tree Protocol version used for the Switch. For IEEE 802.1d STP select stp. Select rstp for IEEE 802.1w Rapid STP.
	txholdcount <value 1-10=""> - The maximum number of Hello packets transmitted per interval. Default value = 3.</value>
	fbpdu [enabled disabled] – Allows the forwarding of STP BPDU packets from other network devices when STP is disabled on the Switch. The default is enabled.
	Ibd [enable disable] – Enabling this feature temporarily block STP on the Switch when a BPDU packet has been looped back to the switch. When the Switch detects its own BPDU packet coming back, it signifies a loop on the network. STP will automatically be blocked and an alert will be sent to the administrator. The LBD STP port will restart (change to discarding state) when the LBD Recover Time times out. The default is enabled.
	Ibd_recover_timer [0 <value 60-1000000="">] - This field will set the time the STP port will wait before recovering the STP state set. 0 will denote that the LBD will never time out or restart until the administrator personally changes it. The user may also set a time between 60 and 1000000 seconds. The default is 60 seconds.</value>
Restrictions	Only administrator-level users can issue this command.

To configure STP with maxage 18 and hellotime 4:

DES-3026:4#config stp maxage 18 hellotime 4 Command: config stp maxage 18 hellotime 4

Success.

config stp ports

Purpose Used to setup STP on the port level.

Syntax config stp ports <portlist> {cost [auto | <value 1-200000000>] | priority <value 0-240> |

migrate [yes | no] | edge [true | false] | p2p [true | false | auto] | state [enabled |

disabled] | Ibd [enabled | disabled]}

Description This command is used to create and configure STP for a group of ports.

Parameters <portlist> - Specifies a port or range of ports to be configured.

cost – This defines a metric that indicates the relative cost of forwarding packets to the specified port list. Port cost can be set automatically or as a metric value. The default value is auto.

- auto Setting this parameter for the external cost will automatically set the speed for forwarding packets to the specified port(s) in the list for optimal efficiency.
 Default port cost: 100Mbps port = 200000. Gigabit port = 20000.
- <value 1-200000000> Define a value between 1 and 200000000 to determine the
 external cost. The lower the number, the greater the probability the port will be
 chosen to forward packets.

priority <value 0-240> – Port Priority can be from 0 to 240. The lower the number, the greater the probability the port will be chosen as the Root Port. Default = 128.

migrate [yes | no] – yes will enable the port to migrate from 802.1d STP status to 802.1w RSTP status. RSTP can coexist with standard STP, however the benefits of RSTP are not realized on a port where an 802.1d network connects to an 802.1w enabled network. Migration should be enabled (yes) on ports connected to network stations or segments that will be upgraded to 802.1w RSTP on all or some portion of the segment.

edge [true | false] – true designates the port as an edge port. Edge ports cannot create loops, however an edge port can lose edge port status if a topology change creates a potential for a loop. An edge port normally should not receive BPDU packets. If a BPDU packet is received it automatically loses edge port status. false indicates that the port does not have edge port status.

p2p [true | false | auto] – true indicates a point-to-point (P2P) shared link. P2P ports are similar to edge ports however they are restricted in that a P2P port must operate in full-duplex. Like edge ports, P2P ports transition to a forwarding state rapidly thus benefiting from RSTP. A p2p value of false indicates that the port cannot have p2p status. *auto* allows the port to have p2p status whenever possible and operate as if the p2p status were *true*. If the port cannot maintain this status (for example if the port is forced to half-duplex operation) the p2p status changes to operate as if the p2p value were *false*.

state [enabled | disabled] – Allows STP to be enabled or disabled for the ports specified in the port list. The default is disabled.

Ibd [enable | *disable]* - Used to enable or disable the loop-back detection function on the Switch for the ports configured above in the *config stp* command.

Restrictions Only administrator-level users can issue this command.

To configure STP with path cost 19, priority 15, and state enabled for ports 1-5.

DES-3026:4#config stp ports 1-5 cost 19 priority 15 state enabled Command: config stp ports 1-5 cost 19 priority 15 state enabled

Success.

DES-3026:4#

enable stp	
Purpose	Used to globally enable STP on the Switch.
Syntax	enable stp
Description	This command allows the Spanning Tree Protocol to be globally enabled on the Switch.
Parameters	None.
Restrictions	Only administrator-level users can issue this command.

Example usage:

To enable STP, globally, on the Switch:

DES-3026:4#enable stp Command: enable stp

Success.

DES-3026:4#

disable stp	
Purpose	Used to globally disable STP on the Switch.
Syntax	disable stp
Description	This command allows the Spanning Tree Protocol to be globally disabled on the Switch.
Parameters	None.
Restrictions	Only administrator-level users can issue this command.

Example usage:

To disable STP on the Switch:

DES-3026:4#disable stp Command: disable stp

Success.

show stp	
Purpose	Used to display the

Used to display the Switch's current STP configuration.

Syntax show stp

Description This command displays the Switch's current STP configuration.

Parameters None.
Restrictions None.

Example usage:

To display the status of STP on the Switch:

Status 1: STP enabled with STP compatible version

DES-3026:4#show stp Command: show stp

STP Status : Enabled

Max Age : 20
Hello Time : 2
Forward Delay : 15
Priority : 32768

Default Path Cost: 802.1T

STP Version : STP compatible

TX Hold Count : 3

Forwarding BPDU: Enabled Loopback Detection: Disabled

LBD Recover Time: 60

Designated Root Bridge: 00-54-85-26-05-00

Root Priority : 4096 Cost to Root : 200004

Root Port : 19

Last Topology Change: 6sec Topology Changes Count: 37

Protocol Specification: 3

Max Age : 20
Hello Time : 2
Forward Delay : 15
Hold Time : 3

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Status 2: STP disabled

Command: show stp

STP Status : Disabled

Max Age : 20
Hello Time : 2
Forward Delay : 15
Priority : 32768

Default Path Cost: 802.1T STP Version: RSTP TX Hold Count: 3

Forwarding BPDU : Enabled

Loopback Detection: Disabled

LBD Recover Time : 60

show stp ports

Purpose Used to display the Switch's current per-port group STP configuration.

Syntax show stp ports <portlist>

Description This command displays the Switch's current per-port group STP

configuration.

Parameters <portlist> - Specifies a port or range of ports to be configured.

Restrictions None.

Example usage:

To display STP state of all ports, with STP enabled:

DES-3026:4#show stp ports

Command: show stp ports

STP Port Information

Port Index : 1

Connection : Link Down

State : Yes

Cost : *2000000

Priority : 128
LBD : No
Edge : No
P2P : Yes

Status : Disabled Role : Disabled

Forwarding BPDU : Enabled

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show fdb	
Purpose	Used to display the current unicast MAC address forwarding database.
Syntax	show fdb {port <port> vlan <vlan_name 32=""> mac_address <macaddr> static aging_time}</macaddr></vlan_name></port>
Description	This command will display the current contents of the Switch's forwarding database.
Parameters	 port <port> – The port number corresponding to the MAC destination address. The Switch will always forward traffic to the specified device through this port.</port>
	<pre><vlan_name 32=""> - The name of the VLAN on which the MAC address resides.</vlan_name></pre>
	<macaddr> – The MAC address by which the forwarding table will be viewed.</macaddr>
	static – Displays the static MAC address entries.
	aging_time – Displays the aging time for the MAC address forwarding database.
Restrictions	None.

To display the aging time:

DES-3026:4#show fdb aging_time Command: show fdb aging_time

Unicast MAC Address Aging Time = 300

To display unicast MAC address table:

DES-3026:4#show fdb Command: show fdb				
Unicast MAC Address Ageing Time = 300				
VID	VLAN Name	MAC Address	Port	Туре
1	default	00-00-39-34-66-9A	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-51-43-70-00	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-5E-00-01-01	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-74-60-72-2D	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-81-05-00-80	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-81-05-02-00	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-81-48-70-01	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-E2-4F-57-03	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-E2-61-53-18	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-E2-6B-BC-F6	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-E2-7F-6B-53	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-E2-82-7D-90	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-00-F8-7C-1C-29	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-01-02-03-04-00	CPU	Self
1	default	00-01-02-03-04-05	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-01-30-10-2C-C7	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-01-30-FA-5F-00	10	Dynamic
1	default	00-02-3F-63-DD-68		Dynamic
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VLAN COMMANDS

The VLAN commands in the Command Line Interface (CLI) are listed (along with the appropriate parameters) in the following table.

Command	Parameters
create vlan	<vlan_name 32=""> {tag <vlanid 2-4094="">}</vlanid></vlan_name>
delete vlan	<vlan_name 32=""></vlan_name>
config vlan	<vlan_name 32=""> {[add [tagged untagged] delete] <portlist>}</portlist></vlan_name>
show vlan	{ <vlan_name 32="">}</vlan_name>

Each command is listed, in detail, in the following sections.

create vlan	
Purpose	Used to create a VLAN on the Switch.
Syntax	create vlan <vlan_name 32=""> {tag <vlanid 2-4094="">}</vlanid></vlan_name>
Description	This command allows the creation of a VLAN on the Switch.
Parameters	<vlan_name 32=""> – The name of the VLAN to be created.</vlan_name>
	tag <vlanid 2-4094=""> – The VLAN ID of the VLAN to be created. Allowed values = 2-4094. VLAN 1 is reserved for the default VLAN set originally on the Switch.</vlanid>
Restrictions	Each VLAN name can be up to 32 characters. Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

Example usage:

To create a VLAN v1, tag 2:

DES-3026:4#create vlan v1 tag 2
Command: create vlan v1 tag 2
Success.
DES-3026:4#

delete vlan	
Purpose	Used to delete a previously configured VLAN on the Switch.
Syntax	delete vlan <vlan_name 32=""></vlan_name>
Description	This command will delete a previously configured VLAN on the Switch.
Parameters	<vlan_name 32=""> – The VLAN name of the VLAN to delete.</vlan_name>
Restrictions	Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

Example usage:

To remove the VLAN v1:

DES-3026:4#delete vlan v1

Command: delete vlan vl

Success.

DES-3026:4#

config vlan	
Purpose	Used to add additional ports to a previously configured VLAN.
Syntax	config vlan <vlan_name 32=""> {[add [tagged untagged] delete] <portlist>}</portlist></vlan_name>
Description	This command allows the user to add or delete ports to the port list of a previously configured VLAN. Additional ports may be specified as tagging or untagging. The default is to assign the ports as untagged.
Parameters	<pre><vlan_name 32=""> - The name of the VLAN to which to add ports.</vlan_name></pre>
	add – Specifies to add ports to a previously created vlan.
	delete – Specifies to delete ports to a previously created vlan.
	tagged – Specifies the additional ports as tagged.
	untagged – Specifies the additional ports as untagged.
	<pre><portlist> - A port or range of ports to be added to or deleted from the VLAN.</portlist></pre>
Restrictions	Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

Example usage:

To add ports 4 through 8 as tagged ports to the VLAN v1:

DES-3026:4#config vlan v1 add tagged 4-8

Command: config vlan v1 add tagged 4-8

Success.

show vlan	
Purpose	Used to display the current VLAN configuration on the Switch
Syntax	show vlan { <vlan_name 32="">}</vlan_name>
Description	This command displays summary information about each VLAN including the VLAN ID, VLAN name, the Tagging/Untagging status, and the Member/Non-member status of each port that is a member of the VLAN.
Parameters	<pre><vlan_name 32=""> - The VLAN name of the VLAN for which to display a summary of settings.</vlan_name></pre>
Restrictions	None.

To display the Switch's current VLAN settings:

DES-3026:4#show vlan

Command: show vlan

VID : 1

VLAN Name : default VLAN TYPE : static

Member ports : 1-26 Static ports : 1-26

Tagged ports :

Untagged ports: 1-26

Total Entries : 1

BASIC IP COMMANDS

The IP interface commands in the Command Line Interface (CLI) are listed (along with the appropriate parameters) in the following table.

Command	Parameters
config ipif	[System] [{ipaddress <network_address> vlan <vlan_name 32=""> state [enable disable]} bootp dhcp]</vlan_name></network_address>
show ipif	

Each command is listed, in detail, in the following sections.

config ipif	
Purpose	Used to configure the System IP interface.
Syntax	config ipif [System] [{ipaddress <network_address> vlan <vlan_name 32=""> state [enable disable]} bootp dhcp]</vlan_name></network_address>
Description	This command is used to configure the System IP interface on the Switch.
Parameters	System - The IP interface name to be configured. The default IP Interface name on the Switch is "System". All IP interface configurations done will be executed through this interface name.
	<network_address> – IP address and netmask of the IP interface to be created. The address and mask information may be specified by using the traditional format (for example, 10.1.2.3/255.0.0.0 or in CIDR format, 10.1.2.3/16).</network_address>
	<pre><vlan_name 32=""> - The name of the VLAN corresponding to the System IP interface.</vlan_name></pre>
	state [enable disable] – Used to enable or disable the IP interface.
	bootp – Allows the selection of the BOOTP protocol for the assignment of an IP address to the Switch's System IP interface.
	dhcp – Allows the selection of the DHCP protocol for the assignment of an IP address to the Switch's System IP interface.
Restrictions	Only administrator-level users can issue this command.

Example usage:

To configure the IP interface System:

DES-3026:4#config ipif System ipaddress 10.48.74.122/8
Command: config ipif System ipaddress 10.48.74.122/8
Success.
DES-3026:4#

DES-3000 Series Layer 2 Switch CLI Reference Manual

show ipif	
Purpose	Used to display the configuration of an IP interface on the Switch.
Syntax	show ipif
Description	This command will display the configuration of an IP interface on the Switch.
Parameters	None.
Restrictions	None.

Example usage:

To display IP interface settings.

DES-3026:4#show ipif Command: show ipif

IP Interface Settings

Interface Name: System

IP Address : 10.48.74.122 (MANUAL)

Subnet Mask : 255.0.0.0
VLAN Name : default
Admin. State : Disabled
Link Status : Link UP
Member Ports : 1-26

ROUTING TABLE COMMANDS

The routing table commands in the Command Line Interface (CLI) are listed (along with the appropriate parameters) in the following table.

Command	Parameters
create iproute	[default] <ipaddr> {<metric 1-65535="">}</metric></ipaddr>
delete iproute	[default]
show iproute	{ <network address="">} {static}</network>

Each command is listed, in detail, in the following sections.

create iproute		
Purpose	Used to create IP route entries to the Switch's IP routing table.	
Syntax	create iproute [default] <ipaddr> {<metric 1-65535="">}</metric></ipaddr>	
Description	This command is used to create a default static IP route entry to the Switch's IP routing table.	
Parameters	<pre><ipaddr> - The gateway IP address for the next hop router.</ipaddr></pre>	
	<metric 1-65535=""> – Allows the entry of a routing protocol metric entry representing the number of routers between the Switch and the IP address above. The default setting is 1.</metric>	
Restrictions	Only administrator-level users can issue this command.	

Example Usage:

To add the default static address 10.48.74.121, with a metric setting of 1, to the routing table:

DES-3026:4#create iproute default 10.48.74.121 1
Command: create iproute default 10.48.74.121 1
Success.
DES-3026:4#

delete iproute default		
Purpose	Used to delete a default IP route entry from the Switch's IP routing table.	
Syntax	delete iproute [default]	
Description	This command will delete an existing default entry from the Switch's IP routing table.	
Parameters	None.	
Restrictions	Only administrator-level users can issue this command.	

Example usage:

To delete the default IP route 10.53.13.254:

DES-3026:4#delete iproute default 10.53.13.254 Command: delete iproute default 10.53.13.254

Success.

DES-3026:4#

show iproute	7
Purpose	Used to display the Switch's current IP routing table.
Syntax	show iproute { <network address="">} {static}</network>
Description	This command will display the Switch's current IP routing table.
Parameters	network address – IP address and netmask of the IP interface that is the destination of the route. The address and mask information may be specified by using the traditional format (for example, 10.1.2.3/255.0.0.0 or in CIDR format, 10.1.2.3/8).
	static - Use this parameter to display static iproute entries.
Restrictions	None.

Example Usage:

To display the contents of the IP routing table:

DES-3026:4#show ipr	oute			
Command: show ipro	ute			
Routing Table				
IP Address/Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Hops	Protocol
	40.4.4.00.4			
0.0.0.0	10.1.1.254	System	1	Default
10.0.0.0/8	10.48.74.122	System	1	Local
Total Entries: 2				
DES-3026:4#				