

Project 1

Resolution.

1.a)

My example:

1. Every giraffe or elephant is tall.
2. Every tall animal eats leaves.
3. Every young giraffe will eat leaves.
4. Elephants don't like leaves.
5. Monica is a young giraffe.

Question:

Does Monica eat leaves?

KB:

1. $\forall x((\text{Giraffe}(x) \vee \text{Elephant}(x)) \rightarrow \text{Tall}(x))$
2. $\forall x((\text{Tall}(x) \rightarrow (\text{Leaves}(x) \vee \text{Tress}(x)))$
3. $\forall x((\text{Young}(x) \wedge \text{Giraffe}(x)) \rightarrow \text{Leaves}(x))$
4. $\forall x(\text{Elephant}(x) \rightarrow \neg \text{Leaves}(x))$
5. $\text{Giraffe}(\text{Monica}) \wedge \text{Young}(\text{Monica})$

Question

$\text{Leaves}(\text{Monica}) ?$

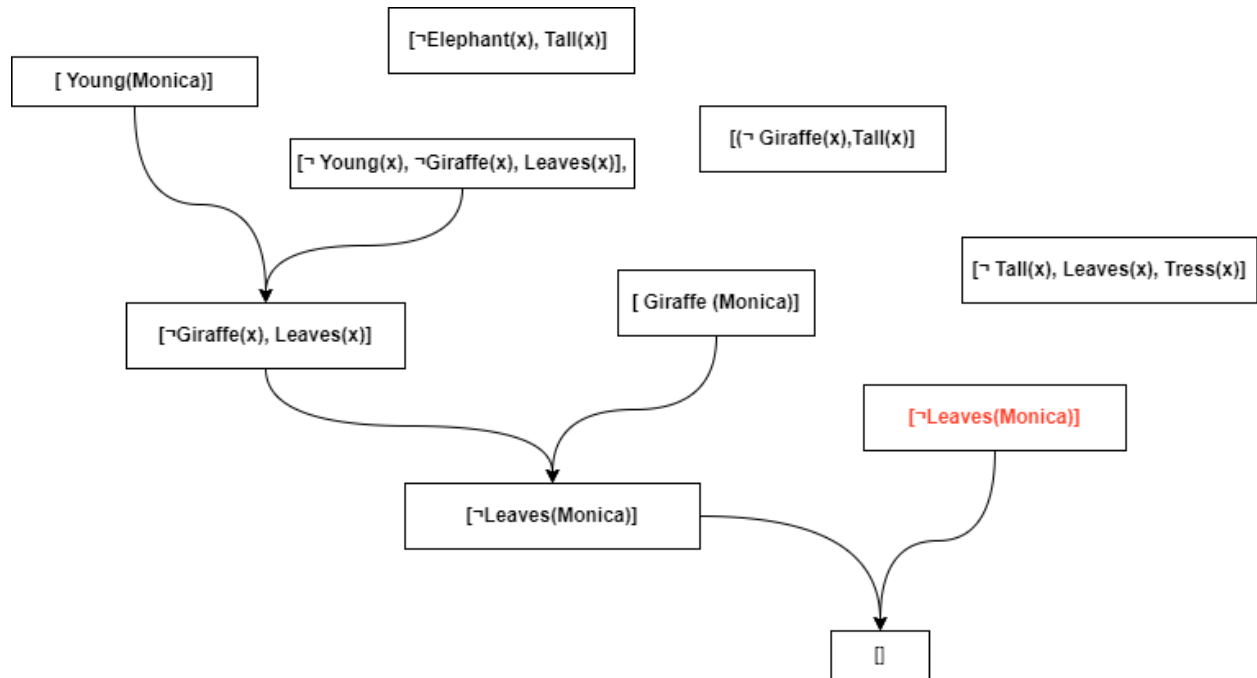
1.b)

Translate to CNF:

1. $\forall x((\text{Giraffe}(x) \vee \text{Elephant}(x)) \rightarrow \text{Tall}(x)) = \neg (\text{Giraffe}(x) \vee \text{Elephant}(x)) \vee \text{Tall}(x) = (\neg \text{Giraffe}(x) \vee \neg \text{Elephant}(x)) \vee \text{Tall}(x) \Rightarrow [(\neg \text{Giraffe}(x), \text{Tall}(x)), [\neg \text{Elephant}(x), \text{Tall}(x)]]$
2. $\forall x((\text{Tall}(x) \rightarrow (\text{Leaves}(x) \vee \text{Tress}(x))) = \neg \text{Tall}(x) \vee (\text{Leaves}(x) \vee \text{Tress}(x)) \Rightarrow [\neg \text{Tall}(x), \text{Leaves}(x), \text{Tress}(x)]$
3. $\forall x((\text{Young}(x) \wedge \text{Giraffe}(x)) \rightarrow \text{Leaves}(x)) = \neg(\text{Young}(x) \wedge \text{Giraffe}(x)) \vee \text{Leaves}(x) \Rightarrow [\neg \text{Young}(x), \neg \text{Giraffe}(x), \text{Leaves}(x)]$
4. $\forall x(\text{Elephant}(x) \rightarrow \neg \text{Leaves}(x)) = \neg \text{Elephant}(x) \vee \neg \text{Leaves}(x) \Rightarrow [\neg \text{Elephant}(x), \neg \text{Leaves}]$
5. $\text{Giraffe}(\text{Monica}) \wedge \text{Young}(\text{Monica}) \Rightarrow [\text{Giraffe}(\text{Monica}), [\text{Young}(\text{Monica})]]$

CNF : $[(\neg \text{Giraffe}(x), \text{Tall}(x)), (\neg \text{Elephant}(x), \text{Tall}(x)), (\neg \text{Tall}(x), \text{Leaves}(x), \text{Tress}(x)), (\neg \text{Young}(x), \neg \text{Giraffe}(x), \text{Leaves}(x)), (\neg \text{Elephant}(x), \neg \text{Leaves}), [\text{Giraffe}(\text{Monica}), [\text{Young}(\text{Monica})]$

Q: $[\text{Leaves}(\text{Monica})] \Rightarrow \text{not}(Q) \Rightarrow [\neg \text{Leaves}(\text{Monica})]$



1.c)

My example

Input \rightarrow res($[[n(\text{Giraffe}), \text{Tall}], [n(\text{Elephant}), \text{Tall}], [n(\text{Tall}), \text{Leaves}, \text{Tress}], [n(\text{Young}), n(\text{Giraffe}), \text{Leaves}], [n(\text{Elephant}), n(\text{Leaves})], [\text{Giraffe}], [\text{Young}]]$).

Output \rightarrow unsatisfiable

The unsatisfiable response is because we also added the negated question to the list.

More examples taken from the course 3.

Page 19:

Input→

res([[Toddler],[n(Toddler),Child],[n(Child),n(Male),Boy],[n(Child),n(Female),Girl],[Female],[n(Girl)]]).

Output→unsatisfiable

Page 21:

Input→res([[Rain,Sun],[n(Sun),Mail],[n(Sleet),Mail],[n(Rain),Mail],[n[n(Rain)]]).

Output→unsatisfiable

Page 29:

Input→res([[n(HardWorker)],[n(Student),HardWorker],[n(GradStudent),Student],[GradStudent]]).

Output→unsatisfiable

1.d)

apply_res_on_file

[[n(a),b],[c,d],[n(d),b],[n(b)],[n(c),b],[e],[a,b,n(f),f]]

unsatisfiable

[[n(b),a],[n(a),b,e],[a,n(e)],[n(a)],[e]]

unsatisfiable

[[n(a),b],[c,f],[n(c)],[n(f),b],[n(c),b]]

satisfiable

[[a,b],[n(a),n(b)],[c]]

satisfiable

SAT SOLVER DAVIS PUTNAM.

input-->[[toddler],[n(toddler),child],[n(child),n(male),boy],[n(infant),child],[n(child),n(female),girl],[female],[girl]]

max appearance:[child/true,girl/true,toddler/true,n(male)/true,female/true]

least balanced:[girl/true,child/true,toddler/true,n(male)/true,female/true]

input--

>[[toddler],[n(toddler),child],[n(child),n(male),boy],[n(infant),child],[n(child),n(female),girl],[female],[n(girl)]]

max appearance: false

least balanced: false

input-->[[n(a),b],[c,d],[n(d),b],[n(c),b],[n(b)],e],[a,b,n(f),f]]

max appearance: false

least balanced: false

input-->[[n(b),a],[n(a),b,e],[e],[a,n(e)],n(a)]]

max appearance: false

least balanced: false

input-->[[n(a),n(e),b],[n(d),e,n(b)],n(e),f,n(b)],f,n(a),e],[e,f,n(b)]]

max appearance:[e/true,n(a)/true,f/true]

least balanced:[f/true,n(a)/true,n(d)/true]

input-->[[a,b],[n(a),n(b)],n(a),b],[a,n(b)]]

max appearance: false

least balanced: false

The strategies used for selecting the atom we're by the most frequent literal in clauses and the least balanced literal in clauses.

CODE

RESOLUTION

```
negate(n(A),A).
negate(A,n(A)).
```

```
same(X, X).
same([A| B], [C| D]):-
    A=C,
    same(B,D).
```

```
check_same(A,B):-
    sort(A,A_sorted),
    sort(B,B_sorted),
    same(A_sorted,B_sorted).
```

```
merge_lists_no_duplicates(L1, L2, R):-
    append(L1,L2,R1),
    list_to_set(R1, R).
```

```
subtract_helper(_,[],R1,R1).
subtract_helper([C,D],[[H1,H2]|T],R1,R2):-
    subtract(C,[H1],R3),
    subtract(D,[H2],R4),
    merge_lists_no_duplicates(R3,R4,R5),
    append(R1,[R5],R1_NEW),
    subtract_helper([C,D],T,R1_NEW,R2).
```

```
remove_duplicates([],[]).
remove_duplicates(X,Y):-
    setof(Z,member(Z,X),Y).
```

```
comb_of_2(_,[]):-true.
comb_of_2([X|T],[X|Comb]):-
    comb_of_2(T,Comb).
comb_of_2([_|T],[X|Comb]):-
    comb_of_2(T,[X|Comb]).
```

```
fnv([],_,R1,R1).
fnv([H|T],L2,R1,R2):-
    negate(H,N),
    member(N,L2),
    append(R1,[H,N],R1_NEW),
    fnv(T,L2,R1_NEW,R2).
fnv([H|T],L2,R1,R2):-
    fnv(T,L2,R1,R2).
```

```
append_helper(KB,[],KB).
append_helper(KB,TO_APPEND,R):-
```

```

    append(KB,TO_APPEND,R).

resolution([C,D], R3):-
    fnv(C,D,[],R2),
    subtract_helper([C,D],R2,[],R3).

res_on_all([],KB,KB).
res_on_all([H|T],KB,R):-
    resolution(H,R2),
    append_helper(KB,R2,KB_NEW),
    res_on_all(T,KB_NEW,R).

res(KB):-
    member([], KB),
    write("unsatisfiable"),!.
res(KB):-
    findall([A,B],comb_of_2(KB,[A,B]),ALL_COMB),
    res_on_all(ALL_COMB,KB,R),
    remove_duplicates(R,KB_NEW_NO_DUPLICATES),
    (
        check_same(KB,KB_NEW_NO_DUPLICATES)
    ->
        write("satisfiable");
    res(KB_NEW_NO_DUPLICATES)
    ),!.

apply_res_on_all([]).
apply_res_on_all([H|T]):-
    write(H),
    nl,
    res(H),
    nl,
    apply_res_on_all(T).

read_file(S,[]) :-
    at_end_of_stream(S).
read_file(S,[L|R]) :-
    not(at_end_of_stream(S)),
    read(S,L),
    read_file(S,R).

apply_res_on_file:-
    open('ex1_data.txt',read,S),
    read_file(S, L),
    apply_res_on_all(L),
    close(S).

```

SAT SOLVER DAVIS PUTNAM.

negate(n(A),A).

negate(A,n(A)).

minus(A,B,R):-

R is A-B.

merge_lists_of_lists([],R1,R1).

merge_lists_of_lists([H|T],R1,R):-

append(R1,H,R1_NEW),

merge_lists_of_lists(T,R1_NEW,R).

merge_lists_of_lists_no_dup([],R1,R1).

merge_lists_of_lists_no_dup([H|T],R1,R):-

append(R1,H,R1_NEW),

list_to_set(R1_NEW, R1_NEW2),

merge_lists_of_lists_no_dup(T,R1_NEW2,R).

nooc([],_,0).

nooc([H|T],E,N):-

H=E,

nooc(T,E,N1),

N is N1+1.

nooc([H|T],E,N):-

nooc(T,E,N).

make_frequency_vec([],_,TMP,TMP).

make_frequency_vec([H|T],LD,TMP,R):-

nooc(LD,H,OC),

append(TMP,[[H,OC]],TMP_NEW),

make_frequency_vec(T,LD,TMP_NEW,R).

make_balance_frequency_vec([],_,TMP,TMP):-!

make_balance_frequency_vec([H|T],LD,TMP,R):-

nooc(LD,H,OC),

negate(H,H_N),

nooc(LD,H_N,OC_N),

minus(OC,OC_N,EX),

abs(EX,EX_ABS),

append(TMP,[[H,EX_ABS]],TMP_NEW),

make_balance_frequency_vec(T,LD,TMP_NEW,R),!

max_app_element([[A,B]],A).

max_app_element([[A,B],[A1,B1]]T,M):-

B>=B1,

max_app_element([A,B]T,M),!

max_app_element([[A,B],[A1,B1]]T,M):-

B<B1,

max_app_element([A1,B1]T,M),!

```

all_possible_non_negated_literals([],[]):-!.
all_possible_non_negated_literals([H|T],[H_NEG|R]):-
    negate(H,H_NEG),
    H_NEG\=n(H),
    all_possible_non_negated_literals(T,R).
all_possible_non_negated_literals([H|T],[H|R]):-
    negate(H,H_NEG),
    H_NEG==n(H),
    all_possible_non_negated_literals(T,R).

elem_with_most_app(L,R):-
    merge_lists_of_lists_no_dup(L,[],LND),
    merge_lists_of_lists(L,[],LD),
    make_frequency_vec(LND,LD,[],R2),
    max_app_element(R2,R),!.

elem_least_balanced(L,R):-
    merge_lists_of_lists_no_dup(L,[],LND),
    merge_lists_of_lists(L,[],LD),
    all_possible_non_negated_literals(LND,LND_NN),
    list_to_set(LND_NN,LND_NN_SET),
    make_balance_frequency_vec(LND_NN_SET,LD,[],R2),
    max_app_element(R2,R),!.

reduction(L, C, R):-
    negate(C,C_N),
    member(C_N,L),
    subtract(L,[C_N],R),
    !.
reduction(L, C, "IN"):-
    member(C,L),
    !.
reduction(L,C,L):-
    !.

reduction_with_all([],_,TMP,R):-
    subtract(TMP,["IN"],R),!.
reduction_with_all([H|T],LIT,TMP,R):-
    reduction(H,LIT,R1),
    append(TMP,[R1],TMP_NEW),
    reduction_with_all(T,LIT,TMP_NEW,R),!.

eliminate_negated_elems([],[]):-!.
eliminate_negated_elems([H|T],R):-
    negate(H,H_NEG),
    H_NEG\=n(H),!,
    eliminate_negated_elems(T,R).
eliminate_negated_elems([H|T],[H|R]):-
    negate(H,H_NEG),
    H_NEG==n(H),!.

```



```

eliminate_negated_elems(T,R).

dp([],[]):-
    !.
dp(L,_):-
    member([],L),
    !,
    fail.
dp(L,[(LIT/true)|S]):-
    elem_with_most_app(L,LIT),
    reduction_with_all(L,LIT,[],L1),
    dp(L1,S),
    !.
dp(L,[(LIT/false)|S]):-
    elem_with_most_app(L,LIT),
    negate(LIT,LIT_N),
    reduction_with_all(L,LIT_N,[],L1),
    dp(L1,S),
    !.

dp_2([],[]):-
    !.
dp_2(L,_):-
    member([],L),
    !,
    fail.
dp_2(L,[(LIT/true)|S]):-
    elem_least_balanced(L,LIT),
    reduction_with_all(L,LIT,[],L1),
    dp(L1,S),
    !.
dp_2(L,[(LIT/false)|S]):-
    elem_least_balanced(L,LIT),
    negate(LIT,LIT_N),
    reduction_with_all(L,LIT_N,[],L1),
    dp(L1,S),
    !.

apply_dp_on_all([]).
apply_dp_on_all([H|T]):-
    write('input-->'),
    write(H),
    nl,
    (
        dp(H,R)
    ->
        write('max appearance:'), write(R);
        write('max appearance: false')
    ),
    nl,
    (
        dp_2(H,R2)

```

```

->
write('least balanced:'), write(R2);
write('least balanced: false')
),
nl,
write('_____'),
nl,
apply_dp_on_all(T).

read_file(S,[]) :-
    at_end_of_stream(S).
read_file(S,[L|R]) :-
    not(at_end_of_stream(S)),
    read(S,L),
    read_file(S,R).

apply_dp_on_file:-
    write('_____'),
    nl,
    open('ex2_data.txt', read, S),
    read_file(S, L),
    apply_dp_on_all(L),
    close(S).

```