Assignment#4 Report

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Course: CS325-001

1. Description for a linear program for finding the best fit curve for temperature data.

We have TMAX and TMIN values, so we can use these two values to calculate the average temperature value. Once we have average temperature value, and we have already known the value of day, so according to the formula in the introduction, we will have a equation:

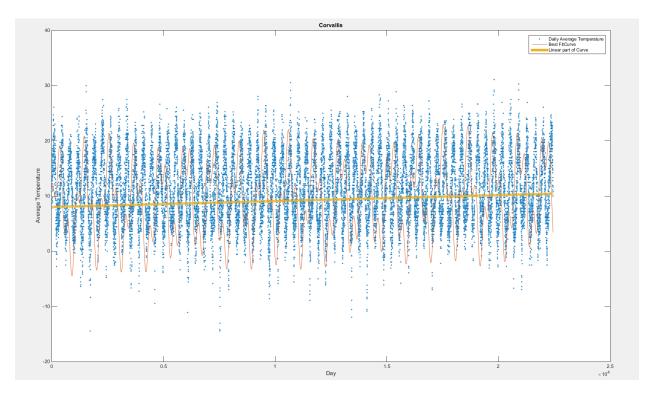
$$T(d) - x0 - x1*d - x2*\cos(2*pi*d / 365.25) - x3*\sin(2*pi*d / 365.25) - x4*\cos(2*pi*d / (365.25*10.7)) - x5*\sin(2*pi*d / (365.25*10.7)) = 0$$

So we can solve this problem by following linear programming formula:

2. The values of all of the variables to your linear program in the optimal solution that your linear program solver finds for the Corvallis data.

>> temperature	x means the eventual result
Optimization terminated.	so:
	x0 = 8.0214
x =	x1 = 0.0001
	x2 = 4.2809
	x3 = 8.1869
14.2355	x4 = -0.7906
8.0214	x5 = -0.2954
0.0001	$\min t = 14.2355$
4.2809	
8.1869	
-0.7906	
-0.2954	

3. Corvallis plot.



4. Based on the value x1 how many degrees Celsius per century is Corvallis changing and is it a warming or cooling trend?

According to x1, we know that a century has one hundred years, that means a century has 36500 days, so we can know that:

$$T(d) = x0 + x1*d$$
=> $T(d) = 8.0214 + 0.0001*d$
here $d = 36500$
 $T(d) = 8.0214 + 3.65$

So Corvallis changing 3.65 degrees per century, and due to it is a positive number, so it is warming trend.

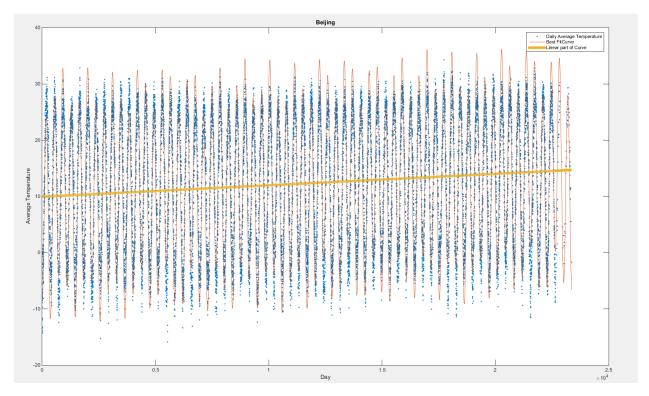
5. Other cities I chose are: BEIJING, CHANGSHA, SACRAMENTO.

a) BEIJING

2. The values of all of the variables to your linear program in the optimal solution that your linear program solver finds for the Beijing data:

x0 = 9.9569>> temperature x1 = 0.0002Optimization terminated. x2 = -17.9812x3 = -4.3082x4 = -0.2774x5 = 0.584612.9013 min t = 12.90139.9569 0.0002 -17.9812 -4.3082 -0.27740.5846

3. Beijing Plot



4. Based on the value x1 how many degrees Celsius per century is Beijing changing and is it a warming or cooling trend?

According to x1, we know that a century has one hundred years, that means a century has 36500 days, so we can know that:

$$T(d) = x0 + x1*d$$

=> $T(d) = 9.9569 + 0.0002*d$
here $d = 36500$
 $T(d) = 9.9569 + 7.3$

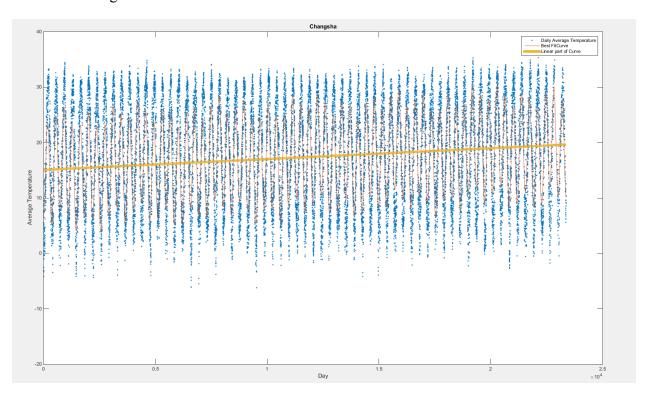
So Beijing changing 7.3 degrees per century, and due to it is a positive number, so it is warming trend.

b) CHANGSHA

2. The values of all of the variables to your linear program in the optimal solution that your linear program solver finds for the Changsha data:

x0 = 15.0739
x1 = 0.0002 x2 = -9.1525
x3 = -1.7395
x4 = 0.9133
x5 = 0.2478
$\min t = 13.5424$

3. Changsha Plot



4. Based on the value x1 how many degrees Celsius per century is Changsha changing and is it a warming or cooling trend?

According to x1, we know that a century has one hundred years, that means a century has 36500 days, so we can know that:

$$T(d) = x0 + x1*d$$
=> $T(d) = 15.0739 + 0.0002*d$
here $d = 36500$

$$T(d) = 15.0739 + 7.3$$

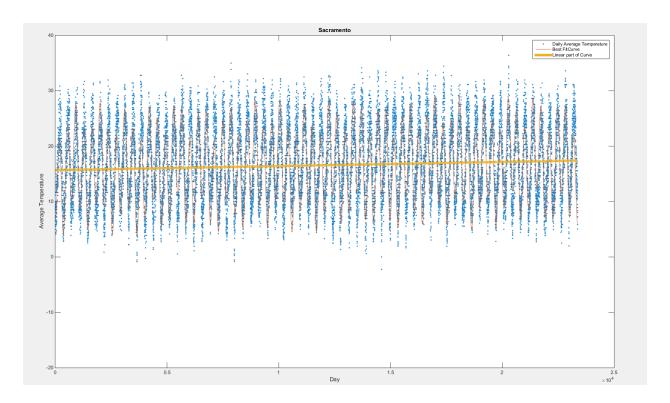
So Beijing changing 7.3 degrees per century, and due to it is a positive number, so it is warming trend.

c) SACRAMENTO

2. The values of all of the variables to your linear program in the optimal solution that your linear program solver finds for the Changsha data:

>> temperature x0 = 15.6664x1 = 0.0001Optimization terminated. x2 = -8.4852x3 = -3.1596x4 = -0.4813x5 = 0.495610.8108 min t = 10.810815.6664 0.0001 -8.4852 -3.1596-0.4813 0.4956

3. Sacramento Plot



4. Based on the value x1 how many degrees Celsius per century is Sacramento changing and is it a warming or cooling trend?

According to x1, we know that a century has one hundred years, that means a century has 36500 days, so we can know that:

$$T(d) = x0 + x1*d$$

=> $T(d) = 15.6664 + 0.0001*d$
here $d = 36500$
 $T(d) = 15.6664 + 3.65$

So Sacramento changing 3.65 degrees per century, and due to it is a positive number, so it is warming trend.