

# 8.CIRCLE

EE24BTECH11023-RASAGNA

## SECTION-A JEE Main/AIEEE (C)

14. The triangle PQR is inscribed in the circle  $x^2+y^2=25$ . If Q and R have co-ordinates (3,4) and (-4,3) respectively, then  $\angle QPR$  is equal to (2000S)
- (a)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$   
 (b)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$   
 (c)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$   
 (d)  $\frac{\pi}{6}$
15. If the circles  $x^2+y^2+2x+2ky+k=0$  intersect orthogonally, then k is (2000S)
- (a) 2 or  $-\frac{3}{2}$   
 (b) -2 or  $-\frac{3}{2}$   
 (c) 2 or  $\frac{3}{2}$   
 (d) -2 or  $\frac{3}{2}$
16. Let AB be a chord of the circle  $x^2+y^2=r^2$  subtending a right angle at the centre. Then the locus of the centroid of the triangle PAB as P moves on the circle is (2001S)
- (a) a parabola  
 (b) a circle  
 (c) an ellipse  
 (d) a pair of straight lines
17. Let PQ and RS be tangents at the extremities of the diameter PR of a circle of radius r. If PS and RQ intersect at a point X on the circumference of the circle, then 2r equals (2001S)
- (a)  $\sqrt{PQ \cdot RS}$   
 (b) (PQ+RS)  
 (c)  $2PQ \cdot RS / (PQ+RS)$   
 (d)  $\sqrt{(PQ^2 + RS^2)/2}$
18. If the tangent at the point P on the circle  $x^2+y^2+6x+6y=2$  meets a straight line  $5x-2y+6=0$  at a point on the y-axis, then the length of PQ is (2002S)
- (a) 4  
 (b)  $2\sqrt{5}$   
 (c) 5  
 (d)  $3\sqrt{5}$
19. The centre of the circle inscribed in square formed by the lines  $x^2-8x+12=0$  and  $y^2-14y+45=0$ , is (2003S)
- (a) (4,7)  
 (b) (7,4)  
 (c) (9,4)  
 (d) (4,9)
20. If one of the diameters of the circle  $x^2+y^2-2x-6y+6=0$  is a chord to the circle with the centre (2,1), then the radius of the circle is (2004S)
- (a)  $\sqrt{3}$   
 (b)  $\sqrt{2}$   
 (c) 3  
 (d) 2
21. A circle is given by  $x^2+(y-1)^2=1$ , another circle C touches it externally and also the x-axis, then the locus of its centre is (2005S)
- (a)  $\{(x,y):x^2=4y\} \cup \{(x,y):y \leq 0\}$   
 (b)  $\{(x,y):x^2+(y-1)^2=4\} \cup \{(x,y):y \leq 0\}$   
 (c)  $\{(x,y):x^2=y\} \cup \{(0,y):y \leq 0\}$   
 (d)  $\{(x,y):x^2=4y\} \cup \{(0,y):y \leq 0\}$
22. Tangents drawn from the point P(1,8) to the circle  $x^2+y^2-6x-4y-11=0$  touch the circle at the points A and B. The equation of the circumcircle of the triangle PAB is (2009)
- (a)  $x^2+y^2+4x-6y+19=0$   
 (b)  $x^2+y^2-4x-10y+19=0$   
 (c)  $x^2+y^2-4x+6y-29=0$   
 (d)  $x^2+y^2-4x-6y+19=0$
23. The circle passing through the point (-1,0) and touching the y-axis at (0,2) also passes through the point (2011)
- (a)  $(-\frac{3}{2}, 0)$   
 (b)  $(-\frac{5}{2}, 2)$

- (c)  $(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2})$   
 (d)  $(-4, 0)$

24. The locus of the mid-point of the chord of contact of tangents drawn from points lying on the straight line  $4x-5y=20$  to the circle  $x^2+y^2=9$  is

(2012)

- (a)  $20(x^2+y^2)-36x+45y=0$   
 (b)  $20(x^2+y^2)+36x-45y=0$   
 (c)  $36(x^2+y^2)-20x+45y=0$   
 (d)  $36(x^2+y^2)+20x-45y=0$

25. A line  $y=mx+1$  intersects the circle  $(x-3)^2+(y+2)^2=25$  at the points P and Q. If the mid-point of the line segment PQ has x-coordinate  $-\frac{3}{5}$ , then which one of the following options is correct?

(JEE Adv. 2019)

- (a)  $2 \leq m < 4$   
 (b)  $-3 \leq m < -1$   
 (c)  $4 \leq m < 6$   
 (d)  $6 \leq m < 8$

### SECTION-A JEE Main/AIEEE (D)

1. The equations of the tangents drawn from the origin to the circle  $x^2+y^2-2rx-2hy+h^2=0$ , are

(1988-2 Marks)

- (a)  $x=0$   
 (b)  $y=0$   
 (c)  $(h^2-r^2)x-2rhy=0$   
 (d)  $(h^2-r^2)x+2rhy=0$

2. The number of common tangents to the circles  $x^2+y^2=4$  and  $x^2+y^2-6x-8y=24$  is

(1998-2 Marks)

- (a) 0  
 (b) 1  
 (c) 3  
 (d) 4

3. If the circle  $x^2+y^2=a^2$  intersects the hyperbola  $xy=c^2$  in four points  $P(x_1, y_1), Q(x_2, y_2), R(x_3, y_3), S(x_4, y_4)$ , then

(1998-2 Marks)

- (a)  $x_1+x_2+x_3+x_4=0$   
 (b)  $y_1+y_2+y_3+y_4=0$   
 (c)  $x_1x_2x_3x_4=c^4$   
 (d)  $y_1y_2y_3y_4=c^4$