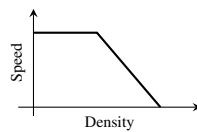


# 2018-CE-'14-26'

EE24BTECH11023

- 1) A bitumen sample has been graded as VG30 as per IS: 73-2013. The '30' in the grade means that
  - a) penetration of bitumen at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  is between 20 and 40
  - b) viscosity of bitumen at  $60^{\circ}\text{C}$  is between 2400 and 3600 Poise
  - c) ductility of bitumen at  $60^{\circ}\text{C}$  is more than 30 cm
  - d) elastic recovery of bitumen at  $60^{\circ}\text{C}$  is more than 30%
- 2) The speed-density relationship for a road section is shown in the figure.



The shape of the flow-density relationship is

- a) piecewise linear
  - b) parabolic
  - c) initially linear then parabolic
  - d) initially parabolic then linear
- 3) A well-designed signalized intersection is one in which the
    - a) crossing conflicts are increased
    - b) total delay is minimized
    - c) cycle time is equal to the sum of red and green times in all phases
    - d) cycle time is equal to the sum of red and yellow times in all phases
  - 4) A flow field is given by  $u = y^2$ ,  $v = -xy$ ,  $w = 0$ . Value of the z-component of the angular velocity (in radians per unit time, up to two decimal places) at the point (0, -1, 1) is \_\_\_\_.
  - 5) The frequency distribution of the compressive strength of 20 concrete cube specimens is given in the table.

$f$ (MPa)	Number of specimens with compressive strength equal to $f$
23	4
28	2
22.5	5
31	5
29	4

If  $\mu$  is the mean strength of the specimens and  $\sigma$  is the standard deviation, the number of specimens (out of 20) with compressive strength less than  $\mu - 3\sigma$  is \_\_\_\_

- 6) In a fillet weld, the direct shear stress and bending tensile stress are 50 MPa and 150 MPa, respectively. As per IS 800:2007, the equivalent stress (in MPa, up to two decimal places) will be \_\_\_\_
- 7) In a shrinkage limit test, the volume and mass of a dry soil pat are found to be  $50 \text{ cm}^3$  and 88 g, respectively. The specific gravity of the soil solids is 2.71, and the density of water is 1 g/cc. The shrinkage limit (in %, up to two decimal places) is \_\_\_\_
- 8) A core cutter of 130 mm height has inner and outer diameters of 100 mm and 106 mm, respectively. The area ratio of the core cutter (in %, up to two decimal places) is \_\_\_\_

- 9) A 1:50 model of a spillway is to be tested in the laboratory. The discharge in the prototype spillway is  $1000 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ . The corresponding discharge (in  $\text{m}^3/\text{s}$ , up to two decimal places) to be maintained in the model, neglecting variation in acceleration due to gravity, is \_\_\_\_\_
- 10) A 10 m wide rectangular channel carries a discharge of  $20 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$  under critical condition. Using  $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ , the specific energy (in m, up to two decimal places) is \_\_\_\_\_
- 11) For routing of flood in a given channel using the Muskingum method, two of the routing coefficients are estimated as  $C_0 = -0.25$  and  $C_1 = 0.55$ . The value of the third coefficient  $C_2$  would be \_\_\_\_\_
- 12) A city generates  $40 \times 10^6 \text{ kg}$  of municipal solid waste (MSW) per year, out of which only 10% is recovered/recycled and the rest goes to landfill. The landfill has a single lift of 3 m height and is compacted to a density of  $550 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . If 80% of the landfill is assumed to be MSW, the landfill area (in  $\text{m}^2$ , up to one decimal place) required would be \_\_\_\_\_

Q.26-Q.55 Carry two marks each

- 13) The value of the integral  $\int_0^\pi x \cos^2 x \, dx$  is

a)  $\frac{\pi^2}{8}$

b)  $\frac{\pi^2}{4}$

c)  $\frac{\pi^2}{2}$

d)  $\pi^2$