

# MALL CUSTOMER SEGMENTATION

## Project Summary Report

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## PAGE 1: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

### Project Overview

**Objective:** Segment mall customers into distinct groups to enable targeted marketing strategies

**Dataset:** Mall Customer Segmentation Data (Kaggle)

- 200 customers
- 5 features: CustomerID, Gender, Age, Annual Income, Spending Score

**Methodology:** K-Means Clustering with optimal K determination

**Key Result:** Successfully identified **5 distinct customer segments** with actionable business insights

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### Key Findings

#### Model Performance

- Optimal K:** 5 clusters
- Silhouette Score:** 0.555 (indicates good cluster separation)
- Davies-Bouldin Index:** 0.572 (low score = better clustering)

#### Customer Distribution

Cluster	Size	Percentage	Profile
0	39	19.5%	Low Income, Low Spenders
1	35	17.5%	High Income, Low Spenders
2	46	23.0%	Low Income, High Spenders
3	40	20.0%	High Income, High Spenders
4	40	20.0%	Moderate Spenders

#### Business Impact

- 20% of customers** (Cluster 3) are high-value VIP segment
  - 23% of customers** (Cluster 2) are impulse buyers needing payment plans
  - Clear marketing strategies** identified for each segment
  - Income and spending are independent** (correlation: ~0.01), validating segmentation approach
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# Deliverables

1. **Data Exploration Notebook** - Comprehensive EDA with visualizations
  2. **Model Training Notebook** - K-Means clustering (K=5) + DBSCAN
  3. **Streamlit Dashboard** - 5-page interactive application
  4. **Clustered Dataset** - Customer data with segment labels
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## Task Completion

### Core Requirements

- Cluster customers by income and spending score
- Perform feature scaling
- Visual exploration of data
- K-Means clustering with optimal K determination
- 2D cluster visualizations

### Bonus Tasks

- DBSCAN algorithm implementation
  - Average spending analysis per cluster
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# PAGE 2: METHODOLOGY & DATA ANALYSIS

## Data Overview

### Dataset Characteristics

- **Total Customers:** 200
- **Features:** 5 (CustomerID, Gender, Age, Annual Income, Spending Score)
- **Missing Values:** 0 (clean dataset)
- **Duplicates:** 0

### Feature Statistics

Feature	Mean	Min	Max	Std Dev
Age	38.9	18	70	14.0
Annual Income (k\$)	60.6	15	137	26.3
Spending Score	50.2	1	99	25.8

### Gender Distribution

- **Female:** 112 customers (56%)
- **Male:** 88 customers (44%)

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# Exploratory Data Analysis

## Key Insights

- 1. Age Distribution**
    - Normally distributed around mean of 39 years
    - Wide range (18-70) indicates diverse customer base
  - 2. Income Distribution**
    - Mean: \$60.6k, Median: \$61.5k
    - Range: \$15k-\$137k
    - Relatively uniform distribution
  - 3. Spending Score Distribution**
    - Mean: 50.2, Median: 50.0
    - Uniform distribution across range 1-99
    - No clear peaks (good for clustering)
  - 4. Correlation Analysis**
    - Age vs Income: 0.002 (no correlation)
    - Age vs Spending: -0.327 (weak negative)
    - **Income vs Spending: 0.009 (virtually independent)**
    - This independence validates using both features for clustering
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## Clustering Methodology

### Feature Selection

**Selected Features:** Annual Income (k\$) and Spending Score (1-100)

#### Rationale:

- Both are continuous variables
- Virtually independent (good for creating distinct segments)
- Business-relevant for marketing strategies

### Preprocessing

- 1. Feature Scaling:** StandardScaler applied
  - Ensures equal weight to both features
  - Required for distance-based algorithms

### Algorithm Selection

#### Primary: K-Means Clustering

- Partition-based algorithm
- Works well with continuous data
- Scalable and efficient

#### Bonus: DBSCAN (Density-Based Spatial Clustering)

- Alternative approach for comparison

- Identifies outliers/noise points

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## Optimal K Determination

### Evaluation Metrics Used

1. **Elbow Method** - Inertia (within-cluster sum of squares)
2. **Silhouette Score** - Measures cluster separation (-1 to 1, higher is better)
3. **Davies-Bouldin Index** - Measures cluster similarity (lower is better)

### Results (K=2 to K=10)

K	Inertia	Silhouette	Davies-Bouldin	Decision
2	269.69	0.321	1.267	Too simple
3	157.70	0.467	0.716	Suboptimal
4	108.92	0.494	0.710	Good
5	65.57	0.555	0.572	OPTIMAL
6	55.06	0.540	0.655	Declining
7	44.86	0.528	0.715	Overfitting
8-10	<38	<0.46	>0.76	Poor

### Selection Rationale

#### K=5 selected because:

- Highest Silhouette Score (0.555)
- Lowest Davies-Bouldin Index (0.572)
- Clear elbow point in inertia plot
- Balanced cluster sizes
- Business interpretability

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## PAGE 3: CLUSTERING RESULTS & SEGMENTS

### Cluster Profiles

#### Cluster 0: Low Income, Low Spenders

**Size:** 39 customers (19.5%)

Metric	Value
Avg Age	42.7 years
Avg Income	\$26.3k
Avg Spending Score	20.9
Income Range	\$15k - \$40k
Spending Range	1 - 40

### Characteristics:

- Budget-conscious customers
  - Price-sensitive segment
  - Focus on necessities over luxuries
  - Low purchasing power
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### Cluster 1: High Income, Low Spenders

**Size:** 35 customers (17.5%)

Metric	Value
Avg Age	41.1 years
Avg Income	\$88.2k
Avg Spending Score	17.1
Income Range	\$60k - \$137k
Spending Range	1 - 40

### Characteristics:

- Wealthy but selective buyers
  - High savings tendency
  - Quality over quantity mindset
  - Research before purchasing
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### Cluster 2: Low Income, High Spenders

**Size:** 46 customers (23.0%)

Metric	Value
Avg Age	25.3 years
Avg Income	\$25.7k
Avg Spending Score	79.3
Income Range	\$15k - \$40k
Spending Range	60 - 99

### Characteristics:

- Enthusiastic shoppers
  - Impulse buying tendencies
  - Trend-focused consumers
  - Despite limited income, high spending frequency
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### Cluster 3: High Income, High Spenders

**Size:** 40 customers (20.0%)

Metric	Value
Avg Age	32.7 years
Avg Income	\$87.8k
Avg Spending Score	82.1
Income Range	\$60k - \$137k
Spending Range	60 - 99

**Characteristics:**

- Premium VIP customers (MOST VALUABLE)
  - High disposable income
  - Frequent high-value purchases
  - Brand loyal
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### Cluster 4: Moderate Income, Moderate Spenders

**Size:** 40 customers (20.0%)

Metric	Value
Avg Age	45.2 years
Avg Income	\$55.3k
Avg Spending Score	49.5
Income Range	\$40k - \$70k
Spending Range	40 - 60

**Characteristics:**

- Balanced middle-market segment
  - Pragmatic decision makers
  - Value quality-price balance
  - Moderate purchasing frequency
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## Visual Analysis

### Cluster Separation

- **2D Scatter Plot:** Clear separation between clusters in Income-Spending space
- **No Overlap:** Minimal overlap between adjacent clusters
- **Centroid Distance:** Centroids are well-separated

## Cluster Characteristics

- **Age Distribution:** Similar across most clusters (except Cluster 2 is younger)
  - **Income Split:** Clear high/low income divide
  - **Spending Split:** Clear high/moderate/low spending divide
  - **Gender:** Relatively balanced across all clusters
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## Model Validation

### Silhouette Analysis

- **Overall Score:** 0.555 (good separation)
- **Per-Cluster Scores:** All clusters above 0.4 (acceptable threshold)
- **No negative scores:** No misclassified points

### Davies-Bouldin Index

- **Score:** 0.572 (low is good)
- Indicates clusters are compact and well-separated

### Business Validation

- All clusters have clear business meaning
  - Segments are actionable for marketing
  - Size distribution is balanced (17-23%)
  - Each segment has distinct characteristics
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# PAGE 4: BUSINESS RECOMMENDATIONS

## Marketing Strategies by Segment

### Cluster 0: Low Income, Low Spenders

**Target:** Budget-conscious customers (19.5%)

#### Marketing Strategy:

1. **Pricing:**
  - Discount programs (10-30% off)
  - Loyalty rewards and points
  - Bundle deals and bulk discounts
2. **Products:**
  - Value-based offerings
  - Generic/store brands
  - Essential items focus

**3. Communication:**

- "Save Money" messaging
- Price comparison campaigns
- Budget-friendly tips

**4. Channels:**

- Email newsletters with deals
- SMS alerts for flash sales
- In-store signage

**Expected ROI:** Low per-customer, high volume

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## **Cluster 1: High Income, Low Spenders**

**Target:** Selective wealthy customers (17.5%)

**Marketing Strategy:**

**1. Positioning:**

- Premium quality emphasis
- Durability and longevity
- Investment value messaging

**2. Products:**

- High-end product lines
- Extended warranties
- Professional/business items

**3. Communication:**

- "Quality Investment" messaging
- Expert reviews and testimonials
- Educational content

**4. Engagement:**

- Exclusive membership tiers
- Private shopping events
- Concierge services

**Expected ROI:** High per-transaction, low frequency

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## **Cluster 2: Low Income, High Spenders**

**Target:** Enthusiastic shoppers (23.0%)

**Marketing Strategy:**

**1. Payment Solutions:**

- Buy Now Pay Later (BNPL)
- Installment plans (3-12 months)
- Low-interest financing

**2. Products:**

- Trendy, fashion-forward items
- Affordable luxury alternatives
- Limited edition releases

**3. Communication:**



- "Treat Yourself" messaging
  - FOMO-driven campaigns
  - Social media influencer partnerships
4. **Tactics:**
- Flash sales and limited offers
  - Early access to new arrivals
  - Gamified shopping experiences

**Expected ROI:** Medium per-customer, high frequency

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### **Cluster 3: High Income, High Spenders**

**Target:** VIP premium customers (20.0%) - HIGHEST VALUE

**Marketing Strategy:**

1. **VIP Treatment:**
  - Dedicated account managers
  - Priority customer service
  - Exclusive shopping appointments
2. **Products:**
  - Luxury product lines
  - Designer collaborations
  - Limited edition exclusives
3. **Perks:**
  - Early/exclusive access
  - Complimentary services
  - Personal styling/consultation
4. **Retention:**
  - Ultra-premium loyalty program
  - Invitation-only events
  - Personalized recommendations

**Expected ROI:** HIGHEST per-customer and lifetime value

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### **Cluster 4: Moderate Spenders**

**Target:** Middle-market balance (20.0%)

**Marketing Strategy:**

1. **Balanced Approach:**
  - Seasonal promotions
  - Mid-tier product focus
  - Quality-value balance
2. **Products:**
  - Mid-range brands
  - Good-better-best options
  - Reliable everyday items
3. **Communication:**
  - "Smart Choice" messaging

- Value + quality emphasis
  - Family-oriented campaigns
4. **Loyalty:**
- Standard loyalty program
  - Birthday/anniversary rewards
  - Referral bonuses

**Expected ROI:** Steady medium returns, reliable segment

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## Resource Allocation

### Priority Ranking

1. **Cluster 3** (VIP) - 35% of marketing budget
2. **Cluster 2** (High Spenders) - 25% of marketing budget
3. **Cluster 4** (Moderate) - 20% of marketing budget
4. **Cluster 0** (Budget) - 15% of marketing budget
5. **Cluster 1** (elective) - 5% of marketing budget (low maintenance)

### Cross-Selling Opportunities

- **Cluster 2** → **Cluster 3:** Upsell with credit/payment plans
  - **Cluster 0** → **Cluster 4:** Graduate customers with income growth
  - **Cluster 4** → **Cluster 3:** Premium product introductions
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## Key Performance Indicators

### By Cluster

- **Cluster 0:** Basket size increase, repeat visit frequency
- **Cluster 1:** Average transaction value, product quality ratings
- **Cluster 2:** Conversion rate, BNPL adoption rate
- **Cluster 3:** Lifetime value, retention rate, NPS score
- **Cluster 4:** Overall satisfaction, referral rate

### Overall Metrics

- Customer retention rate by segment
  - Revenue per segment
  - Marketing ROI by segment
  - Cross-segment migration rates
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# PAGE 5: DASHBOARD & CONCLUSIONS

## Streamlit Dashboard

### Application Features

#### 5 Interactive Pages:

1. **Overview**
  - Real-time metrics dashboard
  - Dataset preview and statistics
  - Project methodology
  - K=5 selection rationale
2. **Data Exploration**
  - Distribution plots (Age, Income, Spending, Gender)
  - Interactive scatter plots
  - Correlation heatmap
  - Statistical insights
3. **Clustering Results**
  - 5-cluster visualization
  - Cluster size distribution
  - Characteristics table
  - Box plots by cluster
  - Model performance metrics
4. **Customer Insights**
  - Average spending by cluster
  - Detailed cluster selector
  - Marketing strategy recommendations
  - Customer demographics
  - Business interpretations
5. **Predict Cluster**
  - Interactive customer classification
  - Real-time prediction tool
  - Visual position in cluster space
  - Similar customer finder
  - Marketing recommendations

### Technical Implementation

- Built with Streamlit framework
  - Interactive Plotly visualizations
  - Real-time K-Means predictions
  - Responsive design
  - Easy-to-use interface
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# Project Conclusions

## Technical Success

**Data Quality:** Clean dataset with no missing values or duplicates

**Model Performance:** Silhouette Score of 0.555 indicates good clustering

**Optimal K:** K=5 outperformed all other values (K=2 to K=10)

**Validation:** Multiple metrics confirm cluster quality

**Visualization:** Clear separation visible in 2D plots

## Business Value

**Actionable Segments:** 5 distinct customer profiles identified

**Marketing Strategies:** Specific tactics for each segment

**Resource Allocation:** Clear priority ranking established

**High-Value Identification:** 20% VIP customers identified (Cluster 3)

**Growth Opportunities:** Payment plan potential for 23% (Cluster 2)

## Key Insights

1. **Income  $\neq$  Spending:** Weak correlation validates two-feature approach
  2. **Balanced Distribution:** No dominant cluster (17-23% each)
  3. **Age Independence:** Spending behavior not age-dependent
  4. **Clear Segments:** No ambiguous or overlapping clusters
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# Bonus Achievements

## DBSCAN Analysis

- Alternative clustering approach implemented
- Identified outliers and noise points
- Validated K-Means results
- Provided additional perspective on data structure

## Average Spending Analysis

- Detailed per-cluster spending metrics
  - Statistical breakdown (mean, median, std)
  - Visualization of spending patterns
  - Business implications documented
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# Limitations & Future Work

## Current Limitations

- Limited to 2 features (Income, Spending)
- No temporal data (shopping frequency, seasonality)
- No product category information
- Small dataset (200 customers)

## Future Enhancements

1. **Additional Features:**
    - Shopping frequency
    - Product categories purchased
    - Time of year preferences
    - Online vs in-store behavior
  2. **Advanced Modeling:**
    - Hierarchical clustering
    - Customer lifetime value prediction
    - Churn prediction
    - Recommendation systems
  3. **Business Integration:**
    - CRM system integration
    - Real-time segmentation API
    - A/B testing framework
    - Automated campaign triggers
  4. **Deployment:**
    - Cloud deployment (AWS, Azure, GCP)
    - Mobile app integration
    - Email automation connection
    - Sales team dashboard
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## Final Recommendations

### Immediate Actions

1. **Deploy dashboard** for marketing team use
2. **Implement Cluster 3** VIP program immediately
3. **Launch BNPL** payment options for Cluster 2
4. **Create segment-specific** email campaigns
5. **Train sales team** on cluster characteristics

### 6-Month Goals

- Increase Cluster 3 retention by 15%
- Grow Cluster 2 conversion rate by 20%
- Migrate 10% of Cluster 0 to Cluster 4
- Achieve 25% revenue increase from targeted campaigns

### Success Metrics

- Monitor KPIs per cluster monthly
  - Track cross-segment migration
  - Measure marketing ROI by segment
  - Customer satisfaction scores by cluster
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# Project Summary

**Mission Accomplished:** Successfully segmented 200 mall customers into 5 actionable groups using K-Means clustering with optimal performance metrics.

## **Deliverables Complete:**

- 2 Jupyter Notebooks (EDA + Modeling)
- Interactive Streamlit Dashboard
- Comprehensive Documentation
- Bonus Tasks Completed

**Business Impact:** Clear, data-driven customer segmentation strategy ready for implementation with specific marketing tactics for each of the 5 segments.

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