Introduction: A server is a type of computer or device on a network that manages network resources. Servers are often dedicated, meaning that they perform no other tasks besides their server tasks. On multiprocessing operating systems, however, a single computer can execute several programs at once. A server in this case could refer to the program that is managing resources rather than the entire com

Different Types of Servers:

Proxy Server: A proxy server sits between a client program (typically a Web browser) and an external server (typically another server on the Web) to filter requests, improve performance, and share connections.

Mail Server: Almost as ubiquitous and crucial as Web servers, mail servers move and store mail over corporate networks (via LANs and WANs) and across the Internet.

Server Platforms: A term often used synonymously with operating system, a platform is the underlying hardware or software for a system and is thus the engine that drives the server.

Web Server: At its core, a Web server serves static content to a Web browser by loading a file from a disk and serving it across the network to a user's Web browser. This entire exchange is mediated by the browser and server talking to each other using HTTP.

Application Server: Sometimes referred to as a type of middleware, application servers occupy a large chunk of computing territory between database servers and the end user, and they often connect the two.

Real-Time Communication Server: Real-time communication servers, formerly known as chat servers or IRC Servers, and still sometimes referred to as instant messaging (IM) servers, enable large numbers users to exchange information near instantaneously.

FTP Server: One of the oldest of the Internet services, File Transfer Protocol makes it possible to move one or more files securely between computers while providing file security and organization as well as transfer control.

Collaboration Server: In many ways, collaboration software, once called 'groupware,' demonstrates the original power of the Web. Collaboration software designed to enable users to collaborate, regardless of location, via the Internet or a corporate intranet and to work together in a virtual atmosphere.

List Server: List servers offer a way to better manage mailing lists, whether they be interactive discussions open to the public or one-way lists that deliver announcements, newsletters or advertising.

Telnet Server: A Telnet server enables users to log on to a host computer and perform tasks as if they're working on the remote computer itself.

Open Source Server: From your underlying open source server operating system to the server software that help you get your job done, open source software is a critical part of many IT infrastructures.

Virtual Server: In 2009, the number of virtual servers deployed exceeded the number of physical servers. Today, server virtualization has become near ubiquitous in the data center.

Organization Based Server:

- 1. Small Organization Server
- 2. Medium Organization Server
- 3. Large Organization Server

1. Small Organization Server:



| Processor | 3.3 GHz Xeon E3 1225 |
|------------|----------------------------|
| RAM | 8 GB ddr3_sdram |
| Hard Drive | 1 TB mechanical_hard_drive |

| Graphics Coprocessor | Radeon HD |
|---------------------------|--|
| Series | PowerEdge |
| Hardware Platform | PC |
| Operating System | None |
| Item Weight | 2.65 pounds |
| Product Dimensions | 17.2 x 14.2 x 6.9 inches |
| Item Dimensions L x W x H | 17.2 x 14.2 x 6.9 inches |
| Color | black |
| Processor Brand | Intel |
| Processor Count | 4 |
| Computer Memory Type | SDRAM |
| Hard Drive Interface | Serial ATA |
| Optical Drive Type | DVD±RW |
| Batteries | 1 Lithium ion batteries required. (included) |

2. Medium Organization Server:



Brand Momentum Workstation

Model Momentum Workstation E5-2630

Processor 2xIntel Xeon E5 2630v4 Processor (10CORE)

RAM 2x16GB DDR4 ECC 2133BUS Server Memory [Max Support 256GB]

Storage 500GB X1 SSD& 2x2TB SATA[Max Support 10 SATA Port]

Main Board EP2C612WS Workstation Board with Intel C612 chipset

Graphics Quadro M4000 8GB DDR5 256bit 1,664 CUDA coresNvidia Chipset

Lan Integrated 2xGigabit LAN, RAID Support-0,1,5,10

ODD SATA DVD RW

PSU 2X800watt real rated Redundant Server Grade

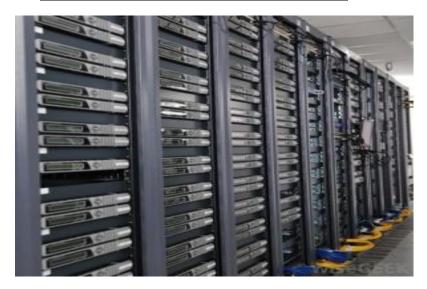
Clock [2.2GHz, 25MB Intel Smart L3 Cache, 10Core/20Thread, QPI 8.GT/s, Intel TB,LGA-

Speed 2011 Socket, 14nm, 85w TDP]

Casing In Win PV689/PL052Server chassis

Cost 380,000 Taka

3. <u>Large Organization Server</u>:



Dimensions 2U

(WxHxD, mm) 438 x 87.5 x 730 Motherboard MR91-FS0

CPU 2nd Generation Intel[®] Xeon[®] Scalable and Intel[®] Xeon[®] Scalable

Processors

Intel® Xeon® Platinum Processor, Intel® Xeon® Gold Processor, Intel®

Xeon® Silver Processor and Intel® Xeon® Bronze Processor

CPU TDP up to 205W

Socket 2 x LGA 3647

Socket P

Chopset Intel® C621 Express Chipset

Memory 24 x DIMM slots

DDR4 memory supported only 6-channel memory architecture

RDIMM modules up to 64GB supported LRDIMM modules up to 128GB supported

Supports Intel® OptaneTM DC Persistent Memory (DCPMM)

1.2V modules: 2933(1DPC)/2666/2400/2133 MHz

Maximum verified DCPMM configuration:

- * Ambient temperature 35°C
- * 2nd Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable processor 205W (Max.)
- * DCPMM 256GB x12 pcs

DCPMM installation locations:

DIMM_P0_(A1, B1, C1)

DIMM_P0_(D1, E1, F1)

DIMM_P1_(G1, H1, I1)

DIMM_P1_(J1, K1, L1)

NOTE:

- 1. 2933MHz for 2nd Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors only
- 2. Intel[®] OptaneTM DC Persistent Memory for 2nd Generation Intel[®]

Xeon® Scalable Processors only

- 3. The maximum number of DCPMM that can be installed is based on a maximum operating (ambient) temperature of 35°C
- 4. To enquire about installing a greater number of DCPMM, please consult with your GIGABYTE technical or sales representative

LAN 2 x 1Gb/s LAN ports (Intel® I350-AM2)

1 x 10/100/1000 management LAN

Video Integrated in Aspeed® AST2500

2D Video Graphic Adapter with PCIe bus interface

1920x1200@60Hz 32bpp, DDR4 SDRAM

Audio

Storage 24 x 2.5" SATA/SAS hot-swappable HDD/SSD bays

LSI SAS35x36 expander

Bandwidth: SATAIII 6Gb/s or SAS 12Gb/s per port

Default configuration supports:

0 x SAS/SATA drives

SATA 1 x 7-pin SATA III 6Gb/s with SATA DOM supported

By using pin_8 or external cable for power function

Power Supply 2 x 2000W redundant PSUs

80 PLUS Platinum

AC Input:

- 100-127V~/ 12.5A, 50-60Hz - 200-240V~/ 12.5A, 50-60Hz

DC Output:

- Max 1008W/ 100-127V~

+12V/84A

+12Vsb/2A

- Max 2004W/ 200-240V

+12V/167A +12Vsb/2A

Conclusion:

Peer-to-peer networks can be implemented with very little investment costs, but in order for the network to work properly, the users must be very experienced with computers, and strict guidelines must be implemented and followed in order for the data to remain secure and archived properly. In my experience, peer-to-peer networks tend to become more of a headache instead of a help after about 6 computers, especially if your company has a moderate employee turnover.

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Large Organization Server: https://www.gigabyte.com/us/Rack-Server/R281-G30-rev-400#ov

Conclusion: https://studfiles.net/preview/1172123/page:16/