

Final Exam - (Summer 2020)

MD.Rasel Hossain

ID: 163432521

Physics (II) - (201)

Date - 19.12.2020

Answer to the Question no - (x)(b)

(i)  $39^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $^{\circ}\text{F}$

we know,

$$\frac{C}{5} = \frac{F - 32}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow F = \frac{9C}{5} + 32$$

$$\therefore F = \frac{9 \times 39}{5} + 32$$

$$= 102.2^{\circ}\text{F} \quad \text{Ans.}$$

(ii)  $300\text{K}$  to  $^{\circ}\text{C}$

we know,  $C = K - 273.15$

$$C = 300\text{K} - 273.15$$

$$= 26.85^{\circ}\text{C} \quad \text{Ans.}$$



**RoCal-D®**  
Calcium 500 mg & Vitamin-D<sub>3</sub> 200 IU

**RoCal-M VITA®**  
Calcium, Vitamin-D<sub>3</sub> & Minerals

(iii)  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $0\text{K}$

We know

$$\text{C} = \text{K} - 273.15$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{K} = \text{C} + 273.15$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{K} = 25 + 273.15$$

$$\therefore \text{K} = 298.15\text{K}$$

Answer to the Question no - (I)(a)

Hence,  $T_2 = 7^{\circ}\text{C} = (273^{\circ} + 7)\text{K} = 280\text{K}$

$$\eta = 50\% = \frac{50}{100} = 0.5$$

$$\eta' = 20\% = \frac{20}{100} = 0.2$$

$$\Delta T = T_1 - T_1' = ?$$

We know,

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.5 = 1 - \frac{280}{T_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{280}{T_1} = 1 - 0.5$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{280}{T_1} = 0.5$$

$$\Rightarrow T_1 = \frac{280}{0.5}$$

$$\therefore T_1 = 560K$$

Again,  $\eta' = 1 - \frac{280}{T'_1}$

$$\Rightarrow 0.8 = 1 - \frac{280}{T'_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{280}{T'_1} = 1 - 0.8$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{280}{T'_1} = 0.2$$

$$\Rightarrow T'_1 = \frac{280}{0.2}$$

$$\Rightarrow T'_1 = 1400K$$

$$\therefore \Delta T = T_1 - T'_1 = (1400 - 560)K = 840K$$

## Answer to the Question - (I)(b)

we know,

$$\text{Steam point} = 100^\circ\text{C} = 373\text{K} = T_1$$

$$\text{Ice point} = 0^\circ\text{C} = 273\text{K} = T_2$$

Now the efficiency.

$$\eta = \left(1 - \frac{T_2}{T_1}\right) \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow \eta = \left(1 - \frac{273}{373}\right) \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow \eta = (1 - 0.732) \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow \eta = 0.27 \times 100$$

$$\therefore \eta = 27\% \quad (\text{Ans.})$$

Answer to the Question no - (2)(a)

Here,  $T_1 = 80^\circ\text{C} = (80 + 273)\text{K} = 353\text{K}$

$P_1 = 5\text{ atm}$

$V_1 = V$  and  $V_2 = 10V$ ,  $P_2 = ?$

We know,

$$P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2$$

$$\Rightarrow P_2 V_2 = P_1 V_1$$

$$\Rightarrow P_2 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{V_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_2 = \frac{80 \times V}{10V}$$

$$\therefore P_2 = 8\text{ atm} (\text{Ans.})$$

## Answer to the Question no - (2) (b)

Here,  $n = 5$  mole, Let  $v_1 = v$  and  $v_2 = 10v$

$$T = 400K, R = 8.31 \text{ Jmol}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$$

We know,

$$\text{work done}, w = nRT \ln\left(\frac{v_2}{v_1}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow w = 5 \times 8.31 \times 400 \times \ln\left(\frac{10v}{v}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow w = 5 \times 8.31 \times 400 \times \ln(10)$$

$$\therefore w = 38268.97 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{or } w = 38.26897 \text{ kJ.}$$

## Answer to the Question no - (4)a

We know,

$$Q_1 = m l_1$$

$$= 2 \times 3.36 \times 10^5$$

$$= 6.72 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$$

$$= 6.72 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$$

$$m = 2$$

$$l_1 = 3.36 \times 10^5 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}$$

we.

know,

$$\theta_2 = m s \Delta \theta$$

$$= 2 \times 4200 \times 10^0$$

$$= 0 \text{ J}$$

Here

$$m = 2$$

$$s = 4200$$

$$\Delta \theta = \theta_2 - \theta_1$$

$$= 273 - 273$$

$$= 0$$

we know,

$$\theta_3 = m l v$$

$$= 2 \times 2268 \times 10^5$$

$$= 453600 \text{ J}$$

$$= 45.36 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$$

Here

$$m = 2$$

$$l v = 2268 \times 10^5$$

Now we have

$$\theta = \theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3$$

$$= 6720000 + 0 + 453600 \text{ J}$$

$$= 5208000 \text{ J} \quad (\text{Ans.})$$

$$= 52.08 \times 10^6 \text{ J} \quad (\text{Ans.})$$

(4)(b)

we know,

$$V = \frac{mRT}{PM}$$

$$= \frac{20 \times 10^3 \times 8.31 \times 300}{32 \times 10^3 \times 95933.38}$$

$$= 0.0162 \text{ m}^3$$

Here,

$$R = 8.31 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

$$m = 20 \times 10^3 \text{ Kg}$$

$$T = 27 + 273 = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$P = 0.72 \times 13596 \times 10^{-8}$$

$$= 95933.38$$

$$M = 32 \times 10^3 \text{ Kg}$$

$$V = ?$$

Answer to the question no—7(a)

we know,

$$V_2 = V_1 [1 + \gamma \Delta t]$$

$$= 100 [1 + 0.00018 \times 25]$$

$$= 100.45 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\Delta V = V_2 - V_1$$

$$= 100.45 - 100$$

$$= 0.45 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ Ans.}$$

Here

$$t_1 = 10^\circ \text{C}$$

$$t_2 = 30^\circ \text{C}$$

$$\gamma = 0.00018^\circ \text{C}^{-1}$$

$$V_1 = 100 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$V_2 = ?$$

$$\Delta t = 30 - 10$$

$$= 20^\circ \text{C}$$

Answer to the question no - (6)(b)

Given that,

$$l_0 = 5 \text{ m}$$

$$l = 0.71 \text{ cm} = 0.71 \times 100 = 71 \text{ m}$$

$$\alpha = ?$$

$$\Delta T = 50^\circ \text{C} = (50 + 273) \text{ K} = 323 \text{ K}$$

We know

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha &= \frac{l' - l_0}{\Delta T} \\ &= \frac{71 - 5}{323} \\ &= \frac{66}{323}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \alpha = 0.20433 \text{ mK}^{-1}$$

Answer to the question no - (6)(a)

We know

$$\begin{aligned}c &= \sqrt{\frac{\rho P}{f}} \\ &= \frac{3 \times 1.013 \times 10^5}{1.43 \text{ Kg}}\end{aligned}$$



$$\therefore c = 461 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

**RoCal-D®**  
Calcium 500 mg & Vitamin-D<sub>3</sub> 200 IU

Given that

$$f = 1.43 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$$

$$P = 1.013 \times 10^5 \text{ Nm}^3$$

$$c = ?$$

**RoCal-M VITA®**  
Calcium, Vitamin-D<sub>3</sub> & Minerals

Answer to the question no - (5)(b)

Here;  $m = 5 \text{ kg}$ ,  $T_1 = 10^\circ\text{C} = (10 + 273) \text{ K}$

and  $\lambda = 4.2 \times 10^3 \text{ J kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$

$T_2 = 100^\circ\text{C} = (100 + 273) \text{ K} = 373 \text{ K}$

Entropy change  $ds = ?$

we know,  $ds = \int_{T_1}^{T_2} \frac{d\theta}{T} = \int_{283}^{373} \frac{d\theta}{T}$

Here,  $d\theta = m dT = 5 \times 4.2 \times 10^3 \times dT = 21 \times 10^3 dT$

$$\therefore ds = \int_{283}^{373} 21 \times 10^3 \times \frac{dT}{T}$$

$$= 21 \times 10^3 \times \int_{283}^{373} \frac{dT}{T}$$

$$= 21 \times 10^3 \times [ \ln T ]_{283}^{373}$$

$$= 21 \times 10^3 \times [ \ln 373 - \ln 283 ]$$

$$= 21 \times 10^3 \times \ln \left( \frac{373}{283} \right)$$

$$= 21 \times 10^3 \times 0.276135$$

$$= 5788.782 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ (Ans)}$$