Unit V – ML Application to Cyber Security

Artificial Intelligence

School of Cyber Security & Digital Forensics

M. Sc. Cyber Security (Semester-I)

Malware Detection and Classification

Traditional AV solutions

- Signature based
- Heuristic based
- Requires Malware Analysis
 - Static analysis (faster but evades detection if malware obfuscated or concealed)
 - Dynamic analysis
- Need for ML approach
 - A large amount of data due to large attacks leads to high computation for searching and matching used in traditional AV approach

Taxonomy of Malware

- Adware
- Backdoor
- Bot
- Downloader
- Launcher
- Ransomware
- Rootkit
- Spyware
- Trojan
- Virus
- Worm

Malware Analysis: Static Analysis

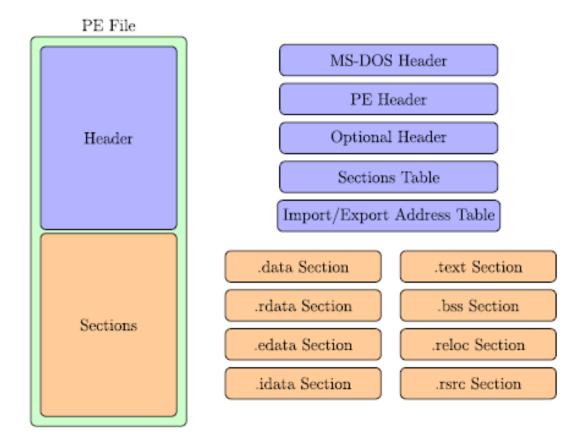
- **Static Analysis**: Examining the code or structure of the executable file without executing it. Produces signature and uses hashing (MD5 and SHA-1)
- Common static analysis approaches are:
 - Finding sequence of characters or strings from binary file. (references to file paths of files modified, IP addresses, domain names attack command)
 - Gathering linked libraries and metadata about the file included in the headers
 - Analyze PE file headers and sections . PEView tool
 - Searching for packed and encrypted code
 - Disassembling the program: Translate the machine code into assembly language.

Malware Analysis: Dynamic Analysis

- **Dynamic Analysis:** involves executing the program and monitoring its behaviour on the system.
- The execution must be carried out in a safe environment:
 - Physical machines must be set up on air-gapped networks that is isolated from networks to prevent malware from spreading
 - Setup virtual machines to perform dynamic analysis Vmware station, Oracle Virtualbox
 - All-in-one software products based on sandbox : Cuckoo sandbox
 - Additional utilities: Process Monitor, Process Explorer, Regshot, NetCat and Wireshark
- **Risks:** Some malware can detect when it running in a virtual machine or a sandbox

Portable Executable file format

- PE format is file formats for executables, object codes, DLLs for windows OS.
- It encapsulates the information necessary for a windows OS to manage the executable code



Traditional Machine Learning approach

- Depending on the method of analysis, ML methods can be classified as :
 - Static methods: extract features from static analysis
 - Dynamic methods: extract features from dynamic analysis
 - Hybrid methods: combines both aspect of static and dynamic approach

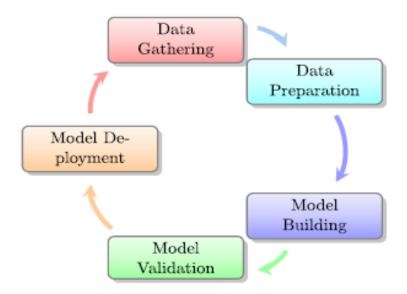


Fig. 2. Machine learning workflow.

Traditional Machine Learning approach

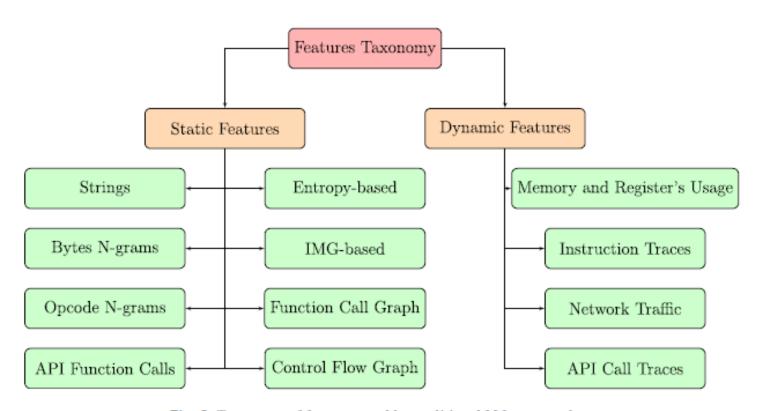


Fig. 3. Taxonomy of features used by traditional M.L. approaches.