Project 1: Predicting Catalog Demand

Step 1: Business and Data Understanding

Provide an explanation of the key decisions that need to be made. (500 word limit)

Key Decisions:

Answer these questions

1. What decisions needs to be made?

The decision to be made is whether to send the catalog to these 250 new customers based on expected profit calculated.

2. What data is needed to inform those decisions?

We are given two dataset files (customers.xlxs and mailing.xlsx).

We need to predict sales and calculate expected profit are Customer Segment, Average Number of Product Purchased, _ScoreYes, Margin and Cost of Catalog.

Step 2: Analysis, Modeling, and Validation

Provide a description of how you set up your linear regression model, what variables you used and why, and the results of the model. Visualizations are encouraged. (500 word limit)

Important: Use the p1-customers.xlsx to train your linear model.

At the minimum, answer these questions:

1. How and why did you select the predictor variables in your model?

A linear regression study is performed the target variable for Avg_Sale_Amount and the predictor variables are Customer_Segments and Avg_Num_Products_Purchased theses two variables have the p-value less than 0.05 which implies statistical significance. Figure 1 show the report for the linear regression

Report for Linear Model Linear_Regression										
2	Basic Summary									
3	Call: Im(formula = Avg_Sale_Amount ~ Customer_Segment + Avg_Num_Products_Purchased, data = the.data)									
4	Residuals:									
5		Min	10	Me	edian	3Q	Ma			
		-663.8	-67.3		-1.9	70.7	971.			
6	Coefficients:									
7				Estimate	Std. Err	or t value	Pr(> t)			
	(Intercept)			303.46	10.5	76 28.69	< 2.2e-16 ***			
	Customer_SegmentL	oyalty Club Only		-149.36	8.9	73 -16.65	< 2.2e-16 ***			
	Customer_SegmentLoyalty Club and Credit Card			281.84	11.9	10 23.66	< 2.2e-16 ***			
	Customer_SegmentS	Store Mailing List		-245.42	9.7	58 -25.13	< 2.2e-16 ***			
	Avg_Num_Products_	Purchased		66.98	1.5	15 44.21	< 2.2e-16 ***			
	Significance codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1									
8	Residual standard error: 137.48 on 2370 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.8369, Adjusted R-Squared: 0.8366 F-statistic: 3040 on 4 and 2370 degrees of freedom (DF), p-value < 2.2e-16									
9	Type II ANOVA Analysis									
10	Response: Avg_Sale_Amount									
				Sum Sq	DF	F value	Pr(>F)			
	Customer_Segment			28715078.96	3	506.4	< 2.2e-16 ***			
	Avg_Num_Products_	Purchased		36939582.5	1	1954.31	< 2.2e-16 ***			
	Residuals			44796869.07	2370					

Figure 1: Linear Regression Report.

The scatterplots below of Customer_Segments Vs Avg_Sale_Amount and Avg_Num_Products_Purchased Vs Avg_Sale_Amount

Scatterplot of Avg_Sale_Amount versus Customer_Segm

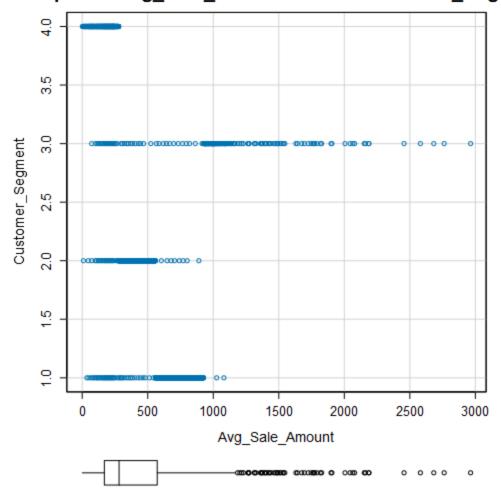


Figure 2: Scatterplots of Customer_Segments Vs Avg_Sale_Amount

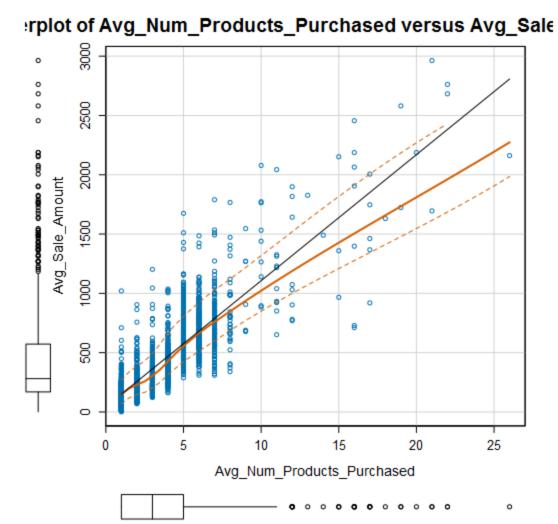


Figure3: Scatterplots of Avg_Num_Products_Purchased Vs Avg_Sale_Amount

2. Explain why you believe your linear model is a good model.

As shown below in the table that have two variables Customer_Segment and Avg_Num_Products_Purchased have p-values less than 0.05 and the Adjusted R Squared value is 0.8366 which is a large value .This implies that our model is a good model because p-value and R-Squared value is statistically significant.

6	Coefficients:									
7		Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)					
	(Intercept)	303.46	10.576	28.69	< 2.2e-16 ***					
	Customer_SegmentLoyalty Club Only	-149.36	8.973	-16.65	< 2.2e-16 ***					
	Customer_SegmentLoyalty Club and Credit Card	281.84	11.910	23.66	< 2.2e-16 ***					
	Customer_SegmentStore Mailing List	-245.42	9.768	-25.13	< 2.2e-16 ***					
	Avg_Num_Products_Purchased	66.98	1.515	44.21	< 2.2e-16 ***					
	Significance codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1									
	Residual standard error: 137.48 on 2370 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.8369, Adjusted R-Squared: 0.8366 F-statistic: 3040 on 4 and 2370 degrees of freedom (DF), p-value < 2.2e-16									
	Type II ANOVA Analysis									
10	Response: Avg_Sale_Amount									
		Sum Sq	DF I	value	Pr(>F)					
	Customer_Segment	28715078.96	3	506.4	< 2.2e-16 ***					
	Avg_Num_Products_Purchased	36939582.5	1	954.31	< 2.2e-16 ***					
	Residuals	44796869.07	2370							

Figure 4: P-value and R-Squared value.

3. What is the best linear regression equation based on the available data? Each coefficient should have no more than 2 digits after the decimal (ex: 1.28)

Avg_Sale_Amount = 303.46 - 149.36*(Customer Segment: Loyalty Club Only)+281.84*(
Customer Segment: Loyalty Club Only and Credit Card)-245.52*(Customer Segment:Store
Mailing List)+66.98 *(Avg_Num_Products_Purchased)

Step 3: Presentation/Visualization

Use your model results to provide a recommendation. (500 word limit)

At the minimum, answer these questions:

1. What is your recommendation? Should the company send the catalog to these 250 customers?

Yes, The company should send the catalog to these 250 new customers.

2. How did you come up with your recommendation? (Please explain your process so reviewers can give you feedback on your process)

The expected revenue from each customer is determined by multiplying expected sale amount with Score_Yes value. With a gross margin of 50%, is deducted from the sum of expected revenue before the cost of catalog (\$6.50) is subtracted to obtain net profit

3. What is the expected profit from the new catalog (assuming the catalog is sent to these 250 customers)?

Expected Profit = (Sum of expected revenue x Gross Margin) – (Cost of Catalog x 250) = $(47,225.87 \times 0.5) - (6.50 \times 250)$ = \$21,987.44

Alteryx Workflow

