

## **Sinai University**

## **Faculty of Information Technology**

**Computer Programming (2)** 

Quiz #2

1-12-2018	Model Answe	er :	Гime allowed: One Hour
Name:		ID: .	•••••
Answer the following	Questions		[15 marks]
Ouestion 1.			[5 marks]

Define a class **Array**, whose objects are arrays of elements of type int. Class **Array** has two data members: *data* (array of int) that holds the elements of the array, and *size* (of type int) that holds the number of elements in the array. And class **Array** has the following functions:

- A **constructor**, which receives an int argument that represents the size of the **Array** object and initializes the array elements to zeros.
- **getSize**() that returns the size of an **Array** object.
- *getelements()* that read the elements of an array object from the keyboard.
- Showelements() that print the elements of an Array object on the screen.
- Operator = that copy the elements of a given **Array** object to another.
- Operator = = that compares two Array objects and returns true if they have the same elements.
- Operator + that sum the elements of a two given Array objects.

Using the class *Array*, write a main program that performs the following tasks:

- 1. Create three objects, ar1, ar2 and ar3 of the class Array.
- 2. Read the elements of the two Array: ar1 and ar2.
- 3. Compare the two **Array** objects ar1 and ar2 and display one the following messages accordingly:
  - The two arrays are identical.
  - The two arrays are not identical.
- 4. Sum the elements of two **Array** objects ar1 and ar2 in ar3.
- 5. Copy the elements of **Array** object ar2 to **Array** object ar1.
- 6. Display the elements of the **Array** object ar3 and ar1.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Array
private:
      int data[100];
      int size;
public:
     Array(int s)
           size = s;
            for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                 data[i] = 0;
     int getsize()
           return size;
     void getelements()
           for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                  cin >> data[i];
      }
     void showelements()
           for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                  cout << data[i];</pre>
     void operator =(Array a1)
                  for (int i = 0; i < a1.size; i++)</pre>
                       data[i] = a1.data[i];
                  size = a1.getsize();
     bool operator ==(Array a1)
      {
           bool ident = true;
                 for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                  {
                       if (data[i] != a1.data[i])
                        {
                              ident = false;
                              break;
                        }
                  return ident;
     }
```

```
Array operator + (Array a1)
           Array a3(10);
           for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                 a3.data[i] = data[i] + a1.data[i];
           a3.size = size;
           return a3;
     }
};
void main()
     Array ar1(10), ar2(10), ar3(10);
     ar1.getelements();
     ar2.getelements();
     if (ar1 == ar2)
           cout << "The two arrays are identical.";</pre>
     else
           cout << "The two arrays are not identical.";</pre>
     ar3 = ar1 + ar2;
     ar1 = ar2;
     ar3.showelements();
     ar1.showelements();
}
```

With my best wishes