Download and Visualize Data

```
# import dataset
# !wget https://github.com/hfg-gmuend/openmoji/releases/latest/download/openmoji-72x72-color.zip
# !unzip -q openmoji-72x72-color.zip -d ./emojis
!pip install tensorflow==2.4
      Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard-plugin-wit>=1.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorboard~=2.4
     Requirement already satisfied: google-auth-oauthlib<0.5,>=0.4.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorboard~=
     Requirement already satisfied: setuptools>=41.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorboard~=2.4->tensorflc
     Requirement already satisfied: markdown>=2.6.8 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorboard~=2.4->tensorflow==
     Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard-data-server<0.7.0,>=0.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorboard-data-server)
     Requirement already satisfied: cachetools<5.0,>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from google-auth<3,>=1.6.3->
     Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from google-auth<3,>=1.6.3->t
     Requirement already satisfied: rsa<5,>=3.1.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from google-auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboate
     Requirement already satisfied: requests-oauthlib>=0.7.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from google-auth-oauthlib<
     Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata>=4.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from markdown>=2.6.8->tensor
     Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from importlib-metadata>=4.4->markdown>=2
     Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1<0.5.0,>=0.4.6 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1->gc
     Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard
     Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensor
     Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensort
     Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from reques
     Requirement already satisfied: oauthlib>=3.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests-oauthlib>=0.7.0->goog
     Building wheels for collected packages: wrapt
        Building wheel for wrapt (setup.py) ... done
        Created wheel for wrapt: filename=wrapt-1.12.1-cp37-cp37m-linux_x86_64.whl size=68717 sha256=6f5317f55e5aa751040c44da605920
        Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/62/76/4c/aa25851149f3f6d9785f6c869387ad82b3fd37582fa8147ac6
     Successfully built wrapt
     Installing collected packages: typing-extensions, grpcio, wrapt, tensorflow-estimator, h5py, gast, flatbuffers, tensorflow
        Attempting uninstall: typing-extensions
          Found existing installation: typing-extensions 3.10.0.2
          Uninstalling typing-extensions-3.10.0.2:
            Successfully uninstalled typing-extensions-3.10.0.2
        Attempting uninstall: grpcio
          Found existing installation: grpcio 1.42.0
          Uninstalling grpcio-1.42.0:
            Successfully uninstalled grpcio-1.42.0
        Attempting uninstall: wrapt
          Found existing installation: wrapt 1.13.3
          Uninstalling wrapt-1.13.3:
            Successfully uninstalled wrapt-1.13.3
        Attempting uninstall: tensorflow-estimator
          Found existing installation: tensorflow-estimator 2.7.0
          Uninstalling tensorflow-estimator-2.7.0:
            Successfully uninstalled tensorflow-estimator-2.7.0
        Attempting uninstall: h5py
          Found existing installation: h5py 3.1.0
          Uninstalling h5py-3.1.0:
            Successfully uninstalled h5py-3.1.0
        Attempting uninstall: gast
          Found existing installation: gast 0.4.0
          Uninstalling gast-0.4.0:
            Successfully uninstalled gast-0.4.0
        Attempting uninstall: flatbuffers
          Found existing installation: flatbuffers 2.0
          Uninstalling flatbuffers-2.0:
            Successfully uninstalled flatbuffers-2.0
        Attempting uninstall: tensorflow
          Found existing installation: tensorflow 2.7.0
          Uninstalling tensorflow-2.7.0:
            Successfully uninstalled tensorflow-2.7.0
     Successfully installed flatbuffers-1.12 gast-0.3.3 grpcio-1.32.0 h5py-2.10.0 tensorflow-2.4.0 tensorflow-estimator-2.4.0 typi
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
for fn in uploaded.keys():
  print('User uploaded file "{name}" with length {length} bytes'.format(
```

name=fn, length=len(uploaded[fn])))

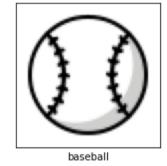
```
Choose Files | No file chosen
                                        Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current
     browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable.
     Saving 8BALL.png to 8BALL (1).png
     Saving BASEBALL.png to BASEBALL (1).png
     Saving BASKETBALL.png to BASKETBALL (1).png
     Saving FOOTBALL.png to FOOTBALL (1).png
     Saving LEATHERBALL.png to LEATHERBALL (1).png
     Saving TENNISBALL.png to TENNISBALL (1).png
     Hean unloaded file "ODALL nng" with langth 2222 hutas
# import libraries
%matplotlib inline
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
from PIL import Image, ImageDraw
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Dense, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPool2D, BatchNormalization, Dropout
print('Check if we are using TensorFlow 2.4')
print('Using TensorFlow version', tf.__version__)
     Check if we are using TensorFlow 2.4
     Using TensorFlow version 2.4.0
# balls actually using in this project
balls = {
    0: {'name': '8ball', 'file': '8BALL.png'},
    1: {'name': 'tennisball', 'file': 'TENNISBALL.png'},
    2: {'name': 'basketball', 'file': 'BASKETBALL.png'},
    3: {'name': 'football', 'file': 'FOOTBALL.png'},
    4: {'name': 'baseball', 'file': 'BASEBALL.png'},
    5: {'name': 'leatherball', 'file': 'LEATHERBALL.png'}
}
# place images in larger images - help synthesis data for localization
plt.figure(figsize=(9, 9))
for i, (j, e) in enumerate(balls.items()):
    plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
    plt.imshow(plt.imread(e['file']))
    plt.xlabel(e['name'])
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
plt.show()
```













Create Examples

```
# loads balls and assign a key - image for each class in balls dictonary
for class_id, values in balls.items():
    png_file = Image.open(values['file']).convert('RGBA')
    png_file.load()
    new_file = Image.new("RGB", png_file.size, (255, 255, 255))
    new_file.paste(png_file, mask=png_file.split()[3])
    balls[class_id]['image'] = new_file
```

balls

```
{0: {'file': '8BALL.png',
       'image': <PIL.Image.Image image mode=RGB size=72x72 at 0x7FED1650D2D0>,
       'name': '8ball'},
      1: {'file': 'TENNISBALL.png',
       'image': <PIL.Image.Image image mode=RGB size=72x72 at 0x7FED1650D150>,
       'name': 'tennisball'},
      2: {'file': 'BASKETBALL.png',
       'image': <PIL.Image.Image image mode=RGB size=72x72 at 0x7FEDF031F5D0>,
       'name': 'basketball'},
      3: {'file': 'FOOTBALL.png',
       'image': <PIL.Image.Image image mode=RGB size=72x72 at 0x7FED1653A490>,
       'name': 'football'},
      4: {'file': 'BASEBALL.png',
       'image': <PIL.Image.Image image mode=RGB size=72x72 at 0x7FED1653A4D0>,
       'name': 'baseball'},
      5: {'file': 'LEATHERBALL.png',
       'image': <PIL.Image.Image image mode=RGB size=72x72 at 0x7FED1653A410>,
       'name': 'leatherball'}}
def create_example():
  class_id = np.random.randint(0,6) # randomly choose a emoji
  image = np.ones((144,144,3)) * 255 # create a white image
 row = np.random.randint(0,72) # place image randomly
  col = np.random.randint(0,72) #place image ramdomly
 # place emoji in blank emoji
  image[row: row+72, col: col+72, :]= np.array(balls[class_id]['image'])
 # return synthesize image
                                                                          # +10 becuase there is a white space of around 10 pixels in
 return image.astype('uint8'), class_id, (row+5)/144 , (col+5)/144
 # /144 is normalization of image
image, class_id, row, col = create_example()
plt.imshow(image)
     <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fed16669c90>
       20
       40
       60
```

▼ Plot Bounding Boxes

100

80

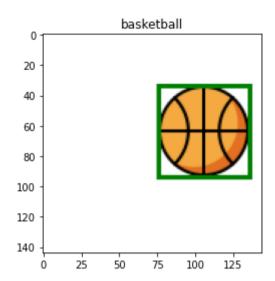
100

120

```
#plotting bounding boxes
def plot_bounding_box(image, gt_coords, pred_coords=[], norm=False): # pass image, ground truth row col coordinates, predicted coordi
 if norm:
    image *=255 # if norm is true, we will denormalize it
    image=image.astype('uint8')
  image = Image.fromarray(image) #to convert image array to pil image
  draw = ImageDraw.Draw(image)
 # extrating row and col from groud truth values
 row, col = gt_coords
 # denormalizing coords
  row *= 144
  col *= 144
  draw.rectangle((col, row, col+62, row+62), outline = 'green', width=3) #+52 becuase iage is of 72 pixels becuase image has buffer
 # now same for pred coords
  if len(pred_coords)==2:
    # extrating row and col from groud truth values
    row, col = pred_coords
    # denormalizing coords
    row *= 144
    col *= 144
```

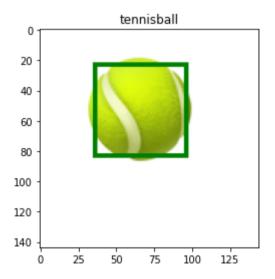
```
draw.rectangle((col, row, col+62, row+62), outline = 'red', width=3)
return image

image = plot_bounding_box(image, gt_coords = [row, col])
plt.imshow(image)
plt.title(balls[class_id]['name'])
plt.show()
```



▼ Data Generator

```
# create endless stream of these randomly generated eg which we will use in our model
def data_generator(batch_size=16):
 #run in endless loop and create example and labels of batch size
 while True:
    x_{batch} = np.zeros((batch_size, 144, 144, 3)) # 144 = size of image
    y_batch = np.zeros((batch_size, 6)) #9= no of class ids
    bbox_batch = np.zeros((batch_size, 2)) #2 = for row and col values
    # create examples of no of batch size
    for i in range(0, batch_size):
      image, class_id, row, col = create_example()
      x_batch[i] = image/255 # normalize image and 255 because they are pixel values
      y_batch[i, class_id] = 1.0
      bbox_batch[i] = np.array([row,col])
    yield {'image':x_batch} ,{'class_out': y_batch, 'box_out': bbox_batch}
example, label = next(data_generator(1))
image = example['image'][0]
class_id = np.argmax(label['class_out'][0]) # to get the actual class id
coords = label['box_out'][0]
image = plot_bounding_box(image, coords, norm=True)
plt.imshow(image)
plt.title(balls[class_id]['name'])
plt.show()
```



→ Model

```
# CNN model
input_ = Input(shape=(144,144,3), name='image')
```

```
x = input_

# we will have totoal 5 convolutional blocks
for i in range(0,4):
    n_filters = 2**(4+i)
    x = Conv2D(n_filters, 3, activation='relu')(x) # (x) - input is x
    x = BatchNormalization()(x)
    x = MaxPool2D(2)(x) #pool size od 2x2

x = Flatten()(x)
    x = Dense(256, activation = 'relu')(x)

# now connect fully conected layer to our 2 output
class_out = Dense(6, activation='softmax', name = 'class_out')(x) # 9= outputs as we have 9 clasess# for classifaction out, we use
box_out = Dense(2, name = 'box_out')(x) # we dont specify any activation as it is regression output and it is linear by defualt

# now construct the model
model = tf.keras.models.Model(input_, [class_out, box_out])
model.summary()
```

Model: "model_4"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #	Connected to
image (InputLayer)	[(None	, 144, 144, 3)	0	
conv2d_21 (Conv2D)	(None,	142, 142, 16)	448	image[0][0]
batch_normalization_20 (BatchNo	(None,	142, 142, 16)	64	conv2d_21[0][0]
max_pooling2d_20 (MaxPooling2D)	(None,	71, 71, 16)	0	batch_normalization_20[0][0]
conv2d_22 (Conv2D)	(None,	69, 69, 32)	4640	max_pooling2d_20[0][0]
batch_normalization_21 (BatchNo	(None,	69, 69, 32)	128	conv2d_22[0][0]
max_pooling2d_21 (MaxPooling2D)	(None,	34, 34, 32)	0	batch_normalization_21[0][0]
conv2d_23 (Conv2D)	(None,	32, 32, 64)	18496	max_pooling2d_21[0][0]
batch_normalization_22 (BatchNo	(None,	32, 32, 64)	256	conv2d_23[0][0]
max_pooling2d_22 (MaxPooling2D)	(None,	16, 16, 64)	0	batch_normalization_22[0][0]
conv2d_24 (Conv2D)	(None,	14, 14, 128)	73856	max_pooling2d_22[0][0]
batch_normalization_23 (BatchNo	(None,	14, 14, 128)	512	conv2d_24[0][0]
max_pooling2d_23 (MaxPooling2D)	(None,	7, 7, 128)	0	batch_normalization_23[0][0]
flatten_4 (Flatten)	(None,	6272)	0	max_pooling2d_23[0][0]
dense_4 (Dense)	(None,	256)	1605888	flatten_4[0][0]
class_out (Dense)	(None,	6)	1542	dense_4[0][0]
box_out (Dense)	(None,	2)	514	dense_4[0][0]

Trainable params: 1,705,864
Non-trainable params: 480

→ Custom Metric: IoU

```
# intersection over union is the evaluation metric
# to measure the performance of the model - common in finding accuracy in object detector and object localizers
# iou is area of overlap [intesection of 2 boxes] between the predicted bounding box and actual values and
# combining the areas of both minus intersection will give area of union
# divide area of overlap by area of union - IoU values, if 1 - prediction is accurate

class IoU(tf.keras.metrics.Metric):
    def __init__(self, **kwargs):
        super(IoU, self).__init__(**kwargs)

    self.iou = self.add_weight(name='iou', initializer='zeros')
    self.total_iou = self.add_weight(name='total_iou', initializer='zeros')
```

```
self.num_ex = self.add_weight(name='num_ex', initializer='zeros')
def update_state(self, y_true, y_pred, sample_weight=None):
  def get_box(y):
   rows, cols = y[:, 0], y[:, 1]
    rows, cols = rows * 144, cols * 144
   y1, y2 = rows, rows + 62
   x1, x2 = cols, cols + 62
    return x1, y1, x2, y2
  def get_area(x1, y1, x2, y2):
    return tf.math.abs(x2 - x1) * tf.math.abs(y2 - y1)
  gt_x1, gt_y1, gt_x2, gt_y2 = get_box(y_true)
  p_x1, p_y1, p_x2, p_y2 = get_box(y_pred)
 i_x1 = tf.maximum(gt_x1, p_x1)
 i_y1 = tf.maximum(gt_y1, p_y1)
  i_x2 = tf.minimum(gt_x2, p_x2)
 i_y2 = tf.minimum(gt_y2, p_y2)
 i_area = get_area(i_x1, i_y1, i_x2, i_y2)
  u_area = get_area(gt_x1, gt_y1, gt_x2, gt_y2) + get_area(p_x1, p_y1, p_x2, p_y2) - i_area
  iou = tf.math.divide(i_area, u_area)
  self.num_ex.assign_add(1)
  self.total_iou.assign_add(tf.reduce_mean(iou))
  self.iou = tf.math.divide(self.total_iou, self.num_ex)
def result(self):
  return self.iou
def reset_state(self):
  self.iou = self.add_weight(name='iou', initializer='zeros')
  self.total_iou = self.add_weight(name='total_iou', initializer='zeros')
  self.num_ex = self.add_weight(name='num_ex', initializer='zeros')
```

▼ Task 8: Compile the Model

```
model.compile(
    # specify the loss for fifferent outputs
    loss={
        'class_out': 'categorical_crossentropy', # or classifaction output
        'box_out': 'mse' #for regression output
    },
    optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=1e-3),

#set different metric for different output
    metrics={
        'class_out': 'accuracy',
        'box_out': IoU(name='iou')
    }
)
```

Custom Callback: Model Testing

Pred: leatherball

```
# set text colors of labels
  color = 'green' if gt == pred_class_name else 'red'
  plt.imshow(image)
  plt.xlabel(f'Pred: {pred_class_name}', color=color)
  plt.ylabel(f'GT: {gt}', color=color)
  plt.xticks([])
  plt.yticks([])
def test(model):
 test_datagen = data_generator(1) #1 = batch size is 1
  plt.figure(figsize=(16, 4))
 # plot 6 images
 for i in range(0, 6):
    plt.subplot(1, 6, i + 1)
    test_model(model, test_datagen)
  plt.show()
test(model)
```

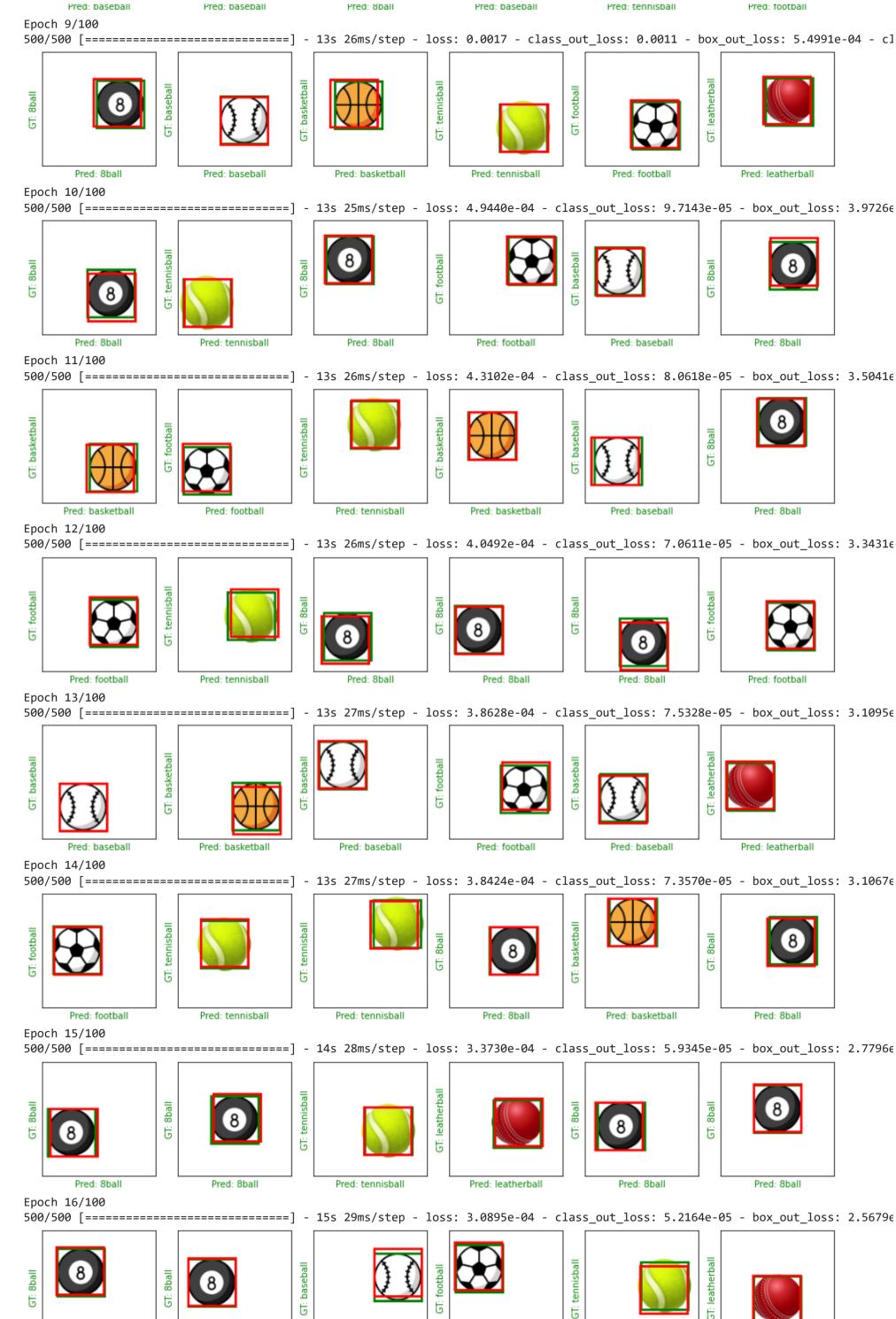
```
# create a custom call back
class ShowTestImages(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback): # to customize Callback class
  def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs=None): # on epoch end during the training, run test funtion
    test(self.model)
```

▼ Model Training

Pred: leatherball



Sports balls segregation: Object localization using deep learning based multi-output CNN - Colaboratory



Pred: 8ball Pred: 8ball Pred: baseball Pred: football Pred: leatherball Epoch 17/100 500/500 [=============] - 15s 30ms/step - loss: 2.9355e-04 - class_out_loss: 3.9950e-05 - box_out_loss: 2.5360ε leatherbal basketbal tennisbal 8ball 6 Ü 5 6 6 6 Pred: tennisball Pred: basketball Pred: tennisball Pred: leatherball Pred: tennisball Epoch 18/100 basketbal GT: football 5 5 5 Pred: football Pred: basketball Pred: tennisball Pred: leatherball Pred: football Pred: tennisball Epoch 19/100 500/500 [==============] - 15s 30ms/step - loss: 2.6712e-04 - class_out_loss: 3.5693e-05 - box_out_loss: 2.3142ε leatherball basketbal GT: 8ball 5 5 5 Pred: basketball Pred: leatherball Pred: football Pred: 8ball Pred: football Pred: tennisball Epoch 20/100 500/500 [==============] - 15s 30ms/step - loss: 2.6180e-04 - class_out_loss: 3.8473e-05 - box_out_loss: 2.2333e basketbal 5 Pred: basketball Pred: tennisball Pred: 8ball Pred: 8ball Pred: football Pred: football Epoch 21/100 leatherball tennisbal football 5 Pred: leatherball Pred: tennisball Pred: football Pred: football Pred: tennisball Pred: tennisball Epoch 22/100 baseball GT: football 8ball 5 Pred: basketball Pred: 8ball Pred: football Pred: tennisball Pred: baseball Epoch 23/100 leatherball tennisball tennisball GT: football 5 5 5 5 Pred: football Pred: leatherball Pred: football Pred: tennisball Pred: tennisball Pred: 8ball Epoch 24/100 500/500 [===============] - 16s 32ms/step - loss: 2.6677e-04 - class_out_loss: 5.4924e-05 - box_out_loss: 2.1185ε leatherball basketball basebal football 5 Ü 6

Sports balls segregation: Object localization using deep learning based multi-output CNN - Colaboratory Pred: football Pred: baseball Pred: leatherball Pred: basketball Pred: baseball Epoch 25/100 GT: basketball GT: basketball GT: basketball baseball baseball GT: 8ball 5 5 Pred: basketball Pred: basketball Pred: baseball Pred: 8ball Pred: baseball Epoch 26/100 basketball GT: 8ball 8ball 5 5 5 Pred: 8ball Pred: 8ball Pred: football Pred: leatherball Pred: basketball Pred: baseball Epoch 27/100 tennisball baseball 8ball 5 5 Pred: baseball Pred: football Pred: baseball Pred: tennisball Epoch 28/100 leatherball GT: tennisball basketbal football 5 5 Pred: tennisball Pred: leatherball Pred: leatherball

Epoch 29/100