

	Department of Computer Science and Engineering Faculty of Engineering, South Eastern University of Sri Lanka			
	Subject	CS53003: Data Structure and Algorithms		
	Batch	E18	Semester	5

Lab no and title : Hands-on Lab 9 – Stack and Queue
Name : G.W.P.R.R. Wijesinghe
Reg No : SEU-IS-18-EG-013
Submission Date : 08-03-2023

Lab Exercise 1

```

Start here X *CodeTemplate_Ex1.cpp X
1 //DO NOT CHANGE THE GIVEN CODE TEMPLATE. WRITE YOUR CODE IN THE PROVIDED PLACES ALONE.
2
3 #include <iostream>
4 using namespace std;
5
6 class Node
7 {
8     public:
9         int data;
10        Node *left, *right;
11    };
12
13    class BST
14    {
15    public :
16        Node *root;
17        BST() {
18            root = NULL;
19        }
20        Node* insert(Node*, int);
21        int search(int);
22    };
23
24    Node* BST :: insert(Node* root, int value){
25        if (root == NULL) {
26            Node* newNode = new Node();
27            newNode-> data = value;
28            newNode-> left = NULL;
29            newNode-> right = NULL;
30            return newNode;
31        }
32        if (value < root -> data){
33            root->left = insert(root->left, value);
34        }
35        else if (value > root -> data) {
36            root->right = insert(root->right, value);
37        }
38        return root;
39    }
40

```

```

41 int BST :: search(int searchKey) {
42     Node* curr = root;
43     while (curr != NULL){
44         if (searchKey == curr->data){
45             return 1;
46         }
47         else if (searchKey < curr-> data){
48             curr = curr->left;
49         }
50         else{
51             curr = curr->right;
52         }
53     }
54 }
55
56 return 0; //Change the return value as per the problem statement
57 }
58
59 int main()
60 {
61     BST tree;
62     string ch="yes";
63     int num,searchKey;
64     cout<<"Enter the key number:\n";
65     cin>>num;
66
67     tree.root=tree.insert(tree.root, num);
68     do {
69         cout<<"Do you want to create another junction (yes/no)?\n";
70         cin>>ch;
71         if (ch.compare("yes")==0){
72             cout<<"Enter the key number:\n";
73             cin>>num;
74             tree.root=tree.insert(tree.root, num);
75         }
76     }
77     else{
78         break;
79     }
80 }while(true);
81
82 cout<<"\nEnter the key to be search: \n";
83 cin>>searchKey;
84
85 if (tree.search(searchKey)){
86     cout<<endl<<searchKey<<" found\n";
87 }
88 else{
89     cout<<endl<<searchKey<<" not found\n";
90 }
91 return 0;
92 }

```

```
"E:\Campus Semseters\5th Se" × + ▾
Enter the key number:
1
Do you want to create another junction (yes/no)?
yes
Enter the key number:
2
Do you want to create another junction (yes/no)?
yes
Enter the key number:
3
Do you want to create another junction (yes/no)?
yes
Enter the key number:
4
Do you want to create another junction (yes/no)?
no

Enter the key to be search:
6

6 not fount

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 27.756 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
"E:\Campus Semseters\5th Se" × + ▾
Enter the key number:
1
Do you want to create another junction (yes/no)?
yes
Enter the key number:
2
Do you want to create another junction (yes/no)?
yes
Enter the key number:
4
Do you want to create another junction (yes/no)?
no

Enter the key to be search:
1

1 fount

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 28.815 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Lab Exercise 2

```
Start here X CodeTemplate_Ex1.cpp X CodeTemplate_Ex2.cpp X
1 //DO NOT CHANGE THE GIVEN CODE TEMPLATE. WRITE YOUR CODE IN THE PROVIDED PLACES ALONE.
2
3
4 #include <iostream>
5 using namespace std;
6 class Node {
7 public:
8     int data;
9     Node *left, *right;
10 };
11
12 class BST {
13 public:
14     Node *root;
15     BST() {
16         root = NULL;
17     }
18     Node* insert(Node*, int);
19     void preOrder(Node*);
20     void inOrder(Node*);
21     void postOrder(Node*);
22 };
23
24 Node* BST :: insert(Node* root, int value) {
25     if (root == NULL) {
26         Node* newNode = new Node();
27         newNode->data = value;
28         newNode->left = newNode->right = NULL;
29         root = newNode;
30         return root;
31     }
32     if (value < root->data) {
33         root->left = insert(root->left, value);
34     }
35     else {
36         root->right = insert(root->right, value);
37     }
38
39     return root;
40 }
41
```

```
Start here X CodeTemplate_Ex1.cpp X CodeTemplate_Ex2.cpp X
43 void BST :: preOrder(Node* root) {
44     if (root == NULL) {
45         return;
46     }
47     cout<< root->data << " ";
48     preOrder(root->left);
49     preOrder(root->right);
50 }
51
52 void BST :: inOrder(Node* root) {
53     if (root == NULL) {
54         return;
55     }
56     inOrder(root->left);
57     cout<< root->data << " ";
58     inOrder(root->right);
59 }
60
61 void BST :: postOrder(Node* root) {
62     if (root == NULL) {
63         return;
64     }
65     postOrder(root->left);
66     postOrder(root->right);
67     cout<< root->data << " ";
68 }
69
70
```

```

70
71 int main() {
72     BST tree;
73     string ch="yes";
74     int num;
75     do {
76         cout<<"Enter the element to be inserted in the tree\n";
77         cin>>num;
78         tree.root=tree.insert(tree.root, num);
79         cout<<"Do you want to insert another element?\n";
80         cin>>ch;
81     } while (ch.compare("yes")==0);
82
83     cout<<"Preorder Traversal : The elements in the tree are:\n";
84     tree.preOrder(tree.root);
85     cout<<"\n";
86     cout<<"Inorder Traversal : The elements in the tree are:\n";
87     tree.inOrder(tree.root);
88     cout<<"\n";
89     cout<<"Postorder Traversal : The elements in the tree are:\n";
90     tree.postOrder(tree.root);
91     cout<<"\n";
92     return 0;
93 }
94
95
96
97

```

```

E:\Campus Semseters\5th Se  x  +  v
Enter the element to be inserted in the tree
5
Do you want to insert another element?
yes
Enter the element to be inserted in the tree
3
Do you want to insert another element?
yes
Enter the element to be inserted in the tree
6
Do you want to insert another element?
yes
Enter the element to be inserted in the tree
8
Do you want to insert another element?
no
Preorder Traversal : The elements in the tree are:
5 3 6 8
Inorder Traversal : The elements in the tree are:
3 5 6 8
Postorder Traversal : The elements in the tree are:
3 8 6 5

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 26.101 s
Press any key to continue.

```

Lab Exercise 03

```
Start here X CodeTemplate_Ex1.cpp X CodeTemplate_Ex2.cpp X CodeTemplate_Ex3.cpp X
1 //DO NOT CHANGE THE GIVEN CODE TEMPLATE. WRITE YOUR CODE IN THE PROVIDED PLACES ALONE.
2 //If required, you can add additional functions or header files.
3
4
5 #include<algorithm>
6 #include <iostream>
7 #include <vector>
8 using namespace std;
9
10 int main(){
11     int a, b;
12     cout <<"Enter the no. of users: ";
13     cin >> a;
14     cout <<"Enter the no. of connections: ";
15     cin >> b;
16     vector < vector<int>> setlist(a+1);
17
18     for(int i=0; i<b; i++){
19         int x,y;
20         cout<<"Enter the start node and end in connection "<<i+1<<":"<<endl;
21         cin>>x>>y;
22         if (x<1 || x>a || y<1 || y>a){
23             cout <<"Invalid node number" <<endl;
24             i--;
25             continue;
26         }
27         setlist[x].push_back(y);
28         setlist[y].push_back(x);
29     }
30     cout<<"\nThe representation of SocialNet users: "<<endl;
31     for(int i = 1; i<=a;i++){
32         for(int j =1; j<=a; j++){
33             if (find(setlist[i].begin(), setlist[i].end(), j)!=setlist[i].end()){
34                 cout<<j<<" ";
35             }
36             else{
37                 cout<<"0 ";
38             }
39         }
40     }
41     cout<<endl;
42 }
43
44 cout<<"\nThe friends' list of all users" <<endl;
45 for(int i =1; i <= a; i++){
46     cout<<i <<" -> ";
47     if(setlist[i].empty()){
48         cout<<0<<endl;
49     }
50     else{
51         for (int j = 0;j<setlist[i].size(); j++){
52             cout<<setlist[i][j]<<" ";
53         }
54         cout<<endl;
55     }
56 }
57 return 0;
58
59
```

```
"E:\Campus Semseters\5th Se" × + ▾
Enter the no. of users: 3
Enter the no. of connections: 2
Enter the start node and end in connection 1:
1 2
Enter the start node and end in connection 2:
2 3

The representation of SocialNet users:
0 2 0
1 0 3
0 2 0

The friends' list of all users
1 -> 2
2 -> 1 3
3 -> 2

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 21.034 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
"E:\Campus Semseters\5th Se" × + ▾
Enter the no. of users: 5
Enter the no. of connections: 3
Enter the start node and end in connection 1:
1 2
Enter the start node and end in connection 2:
1 4
Enter the start node and end in connection 3:
4 5

The representation of SocialNet users:
0 2 0 4 0
1 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0
1 0 0 0 5
0 0 0 4 0

The friends' list of all users
1 -> 2 4
2 -> 1
3 -> 0
4 -> 1 5
5 -> 4

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 24.164 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
"E:\Campus Semseters\5th Se  X + v
Enter the no. of users: 5
Enter the no. of connections: 0

The representation of SocialNet users:
0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0

The friends' list of all users
1 -> 0
2 -> 0
3 -> 0
4 -> 0
5 -> 0

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 7.435 s
Press any key to continue.
```


Lab Exercise 4

```
Start here X CodeTemplate_Ex1.cpp X CodeTemplate_Ex2.cpp X CodeTemplate_Ex3.cpp X CodeTemplate_Ex4.cpp X
1 //DO NOT CHANGE THE GIVEN CODE TEMPLATE. WRITE YOUR CODE IN THE PROVIDED PLACES ALONE.
2 //If required, you can add additional functions or header files.
3
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <vector>
6 #include <algorithm>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 struct Road {
10     int start, end, distance;
11 };
12
13 int main() {
14     int n, m;
15     cout << "Enter the no. of cities:";
16     cin >> n;
17     cout << "Enter the no. of connecting (one-way) roads:";
18     cin >> m;
19     vector<vector<Road>> graph(n);
20     for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
21         int start, end, distance;
22         cout << "Enter the start node (city) and end node (city) in the connection " << i+1 << " :";
23         cin >> start >> end;
24         cout << "Enter the distance (weight):";
25         cin >> distance;
26         graph[start].push_back({start, end, distance});
27     }
28     cout << "The distance between the connecting cities are:\n";
29     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
30         cout << i;
31         if (graph[i].empty()) {
32             cout << " - No connecting roads found\n";
33         } else {
34             for (Road road : graph[i]) {
35                 cout << " -> " << road.end << " Distance: " << road.distance;
36             }
37             cout << '\n';
38         }
39     }
40     int max_connections = 0;
41     int city_with_max_connections = -1;
42     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
43         if (graph[i].size() > max_connections) {
44             max_connections = graph[i].size();
45             city_with_max_connections = i;
46         }
47     }
48     if (city_with_max_connections == -1) {
49         cout << "No city has any connecting road.\n";
50     } else {
51         cout << city_with_max_connections << " is the city with the highest connecting roads.\n";
52     }
53     return 0;
54 }
55
56
```

```
"E:\Campus Semseters\5th Se" × + ∨
Enter the no. of cities:3
Enter the no. of connecting (one-way) roads:3
Enter the start node (city) and end node (city) in the connection 1:0 1
Enter the distance (weight):89
Enter the start node (city) and end node (city) in the connection 2:1 2
Enter the distance (weight):56
Enter the start node (city) and end node (city) in the connection 3:2 0
Enter the distance (weight):45
The distance between the connecting cities are:
0 -> 1 Distance: 89
1 -> 2 Distance: 56
2 -> 0 Distance: 45
0 is the city with the highest connecting roads.

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 33.346 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
"E:\Campus Semseters\5th Se" × + ∨
Enter the no. of cities:3
Enter the no. of connecting (one-way) roads:0
The distance between the connecting cities are:
0 - No connecting roads found
1 - No connecting roads found
2 - No connecting roads found
No city has any connecting road.

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 13.528 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
"E:\Campus Semseters\5th Se  x + v - □ ×
Enter the no. of cities:4
Enter the no. of connecting (one-way) roads:4
Enter the start node (city) and end node (city) in the connection 1:0 1
Enter the distance (weight):40
Enter the start node (city) and end node (city) in the connection 2:0 2
Enter the distance (weight):50
Enter the start node (city) and end node (city) in the connection 3:1 3
Enter the distance (weight):60
Enter the start node (city) and end node (city) in the connection 4:1 2
Enter the distance (weight):50
The distance between the connecting cities are:
0 -> 1 Distance: 40 -> 2 Distance: 50
1 -> 3 Distance: 60 -> 2 Distance: 50
2 - No connecting roads found
3 - No connecting roads found
0 is the city with the highest connecting roads.

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 75.545 s
Press any key to continue.
```
