

Problem Statement:

Given a sorted array of integers say arr[] and a number x. Write a recursive program using divide and conquer strategy to check if there exist two elements in the array whose sum = x. If there exist such two elements then return the numbers, otherwise print as "No".

Note: Write a Divide and Conquer Solution

Input Format

- First Line Contains Integer n – Size of array
- Next n lines Contains n numbers – Elements of an array
- Last Line Contains Integer x – Sum Value

Output Format

- First Line Contains Integer – Element1
- Second Line Contains Integer – Element2 (Element 1 and Elements 2 together sums to value "x")

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int n,x;
4     scanf("%d",&n);
5
6     int arr[n];
7     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
8         scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
9     }
10    scanf("%d",&x);
11    int low=0;
12    int high=n-1;
13    while(low<high){
14        int currentsum=arr[low]+arr[high];
15        if(currentsum==x){
16            printf("%d\n",arr[low]);
17            printf("%d\n",arr[high]);
18            return 0;
19        }
20        else if(currentsum <x){
21            low++;
22        }
23        else{
24            high--;
25        }
26    }
27    printf("No\n");
28    return 0;
29 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	4	4	✓
	2	10	10	
	4			
	8			
	10			
	14			
✓	5	No	No	✓
	2			
	4			
	6			
	8			
	10			
	100			

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct