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In [ ]: #1. Suppose the cover price of a book is Rs. 200, but bookstores get a 25% discol
        # Shipping costs Rs. 40 for the first copy and Rs. 10 for each additional copy.
        # Write a Python program to calculate the total wholesale cost for 60 copies
        cvr_price = 200 #Cover price of book
        dis = 0.25
                         #discount to bookstore
        tot_copies = 60 #Total number of copies
        dealer price = cvr price*(1 - dis) #Price at which bookstore is getting book
        first shipp = 40
                                            #shipping cost for first copy of book
        rest_shipp = 10
                                            #Shipping cost for rest copies of book
        tot_shipp = first_shipp + ((tot_copies -1) * rest_shipp)
                                                                           #total shipp
        tot wholesale cost = (tot copies * dealer price) + tot shipp #total whole
        print("Total wholesale cost", tot_wholesale_cost)
In [2]: #2. Write a function in Python that takes parameters x and y and returns True if
        def ispower(x,y):
            if(x==1):
                return True
            if(x % y != 0):
                return False
            return ispower(x/y,y)
        #funtion ends here
        #taking input from user
        x = int(input())
        y = int(input())
        print("Is", x, "a power of",y,"?:", ispower(x,y))
        32
        2
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Is 32 a power of 2 ?: True

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In [6]: #3. GCD of three variables
        import math
        def result(a, b, c):
            temp = math.gcd(a,b) #finding gcd for two variables first
            return math.gcd(c, temp)
        #funtion ends here
        #taking input from user
        x = int(input())
        y = int(input())
        z = int(input())
        print("GCD of [",x,y,z,"] is:",result(x,y,z))
        12
        15
        18
        GCD of [ 12 15 18 ] is: 3
In [9]: #4. Python script that reads the current time and converts it to a time of day in
        # hours, minutes, and seconds, plus the number of days since the epoch
        import datetime
        x = datetime.datetime.now() #Reading current time
        print(x)
        print(x.strftime("HOUR: %H, MINUTE: %M, SECOND %S"))
        print('NUMBER OF DAYS SINCE EPOCH: ',x - datetime.datetime(1970,1,1,0,0))
        2019-09-06 23:26:00.755876
        HOUR: 23, MINUTE: 26, SECOND 00
        NUMBER OF DAYS SINCE EPOCH: 18145 days, 23:26:00.755876
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In [1]: #5. Function that takes three integers as arguments, and that prints either "Yes
         # depending on whether you can or cannot form a triangle from the given lengths
         #Function to check whether a,b,c can form triangle or not
         def isTriangle(a,b,c):
             if( ((a+b)>c) and ((b+c)>a) and ((a+c)>b) ):
                return True
             else:
                return False
         #funtion ends here
         #taking input from user
         a = int(input("Enter a: "))
         b = int(input("Enter b: "))
         c = int(input("Enter c: "))
         print("Can we form triangle from [",a,b,c,"] ? :",isTriangle(a,b,c))
         Enter a: 7
         Enter b: 6
         Enter c: 5
         Can we form triangle from [ 7 6 5 ] ? : True
In [28]: #7. function for cummulative function
         def cummulative sum(t):
             length = len(t)
             for i in range(1, length):
                 t[i] += t[i-1]
             return t
         #funtion ends here
         #Program for cummulative function
         length = int(input("Enter number of elements in list: "))
         for i in range(0,length):
             element = int(input("element:"))
             t.append(element) #adding element in list
         print("List is: ",t)
         print("cummulative sum is: " , cummulative_sum(t))
         Enter number of elements in list: 3
         element:3
         element:2
         element:1
         List is: [3, 2, 1]
         cummulative sum is: [3, 5, 6]
 In [ ]:
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In [70]: # 8. Program that reads a file, breaks each line into words, strips
         # whitespace and punctuation from the words, and converts them to uppercase
         import string
         def new_text(filename):
             modified text = []
              input file = open(filename)
              pat =string.punctuation+string.whitespace
              ans=''
             translation table = dict.fromkeys(map(ord, pat), None)
              line = input_file.readline()
             while line:
                  line = line.translate(translation table)
                  ans+=line
                  line = input_file.readline()
              input file.close()
             output_file=open(r"result.txt",'w')
             output file.write(ans.upper())
             output file.close()
              return ans.upper()
         fn = input() #taking filepath from User
         print("Stripped file", new text(fn))
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C:\input.txt
Stripped file KSDFJKLJSFLW90KSLSF098U

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In [ ]: #9. Program that searches a directory and all of its subdirectories recursively,
        # and returns a list of complete paths for all files with a given suffix
        import os
        def file recur(path):
            newlist = os.listdir(path) #Storing all the files and directories in the gi
                           #Empty list to store filename along with their path
            anslist = []
            for i in newlist:
                if(os.path.isdir(path+'\\'+i)): #Checking whether a directory or not
                    anslist.extend(file recur(path+'\\'+i))
                                                               #Recursive call to check for
                                                               #Then adding Files present
                if(os.path.isfile(path+'\\'+i)): #If it is a file, add it directly to An
                    anslist.append(path+'\\'+i)
            #for Loop ends here
            return anslist
        #End of Function
        fn = input() #taking filepath from User
        file recur(new text(fn))
```