## ProjectAnalysisI\_Rashi

December 13, 2023

## 1 Analysis of IMDB Data

We will analyze a subset of IMDB's actors, genres, movie actors, and movie ratings data. This dataset comes to us from Kaggle (https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/ashirwadsangwan/imdb-dataset) although we have taken steps to pull this data into a publis s3 bucket:

- s3://cis9760-lecture9-movieanalysis/name.basics.tsv —> Name Basics
- s3://cis9760-lecture9-movieanalysis/title.basics.tsv —> Title Basics
- s3://cis9760-lecture9-movieanalysis/title.principals.tsv —> Title Principles
- s3://cis9760-lecture9-movieanalysis/title.ratings.tsv —> Title Ratings

## 2 Content

name.basics.tsv.gz - Contains the following information for names: nconst (string) alphanumeric unique identifier of the name/person. primaryName (string)- name by which the person is most often credited. birthYear - in YYYY format. deathYear - in YYYY format if applicable, else. primaryProfession (array of strings)—the top-3 professions of the person. knownForTitles (array of tconsts) - titles the person is known for. title.basics.tsv.gz - Contains the following information for titles: tconst (string) - alphanumeric unique identifier of the title. titleType (string) – the type/format of the title (e.g. movie, short, tyseries, typisode, video, etc). primaryTitle (string) - the more popular title / the title used by the filmmakers on promotional materials at the point of release. original Title (string) - original title, in the original language. isAdult (boolean) - 0: non-adult title; 1: adult title. startYear (YYYY) - represents the release year of a title. In the case of TV Series, it is the series start year. endYear (YYYY) - TV Series end year. for all other title types. runtimeMinutes – primary runtime of the title, in minutes. genres (string array) – includes up to three genres associated with the title. title.principals.tsv – Contains the principal cast/crew for titles: tconst (string) - alphanumeric unique identifier of the title. ordering (integer) – a number to uniquely identify rows for a given titleId. nconst (string) - alphanumeric unique identifier of the name/person. category (string) - the category of job that person was in. job (string) - the specific job title if applicable, else. characters (string) the name of the character played if applicable, else. title.ratings.tsv.gz - Contains the IMDb rating and votes information for titles: tconst (string) - alphanumeric unique identifier of the title. averageRating - weighted average of all the individual user ratings. numVotes - number of votes the title has received.

## 3 PART 1 - Installation and Initial Setup

Begin by installing the necessary libraries that you may need to conduct your analysis. At the very least, you must install pandas and matplotlib

```
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
    <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
[1]:
    <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
    <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
    Let's install the necessary packages here
[2]: sc.install_pypi_package("pandas==1.0.5")
    sc.install_pypi_package("matplotlib==3.2.1")
    VBox()
    Starting Spark application
    <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     SparkSession available as 'spark'.
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    Collecting pandas==1.0.5
      Downloading pandas-1.0.5-cp37-cp37m-manylinux1_x86_64.whl (10.1 MB)
    Collecting python-dateutil>=2.6.1
      Downloading python_dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (247 kB)
    Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-
    packages (from pandas==1.0.5) (2023.3)
    Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.13.3 in /usr/local/lib64/python3.7/site-
    packages (from pandas==1.0.5) (1.20.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-
    packages (from python-dateutil>=2.6.1->pandas==1.0.5) (1.13.0)
    Installing collected packages: python-dateutil, pandas
    Successfully installed pandas-1.0.5 python-dateutil-2.8.2
    Collecting matplotlib==3.2.1
      Downloading matplotlib-3.2.1-cp37-cp37m-manylinux1_x86_64.whl (12.4 MB)
    Collecting cycler>=0.10
```

```
Downloading cycler-0.11.0-py3-none-any.whl (6.4 kB)
Collecting pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1
  Downloading pyparsing-3.1.1-py3-none-any.whl (103 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.11 in /usr/local/lib64/python3.7/site-
packages (from matplotlib==3.2.1) (1.20.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in ./tmp/spark-
aef38d60-f248-4a68-9a5b-c1cff85ce9c5/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
matplotlib==3.2.1) (2.8.2)
Collecting kiwisolver>=1.0.1
 Downloading
kiwisolver-1.4.5-cp37-cp37m-manylinux 2_5_x86_64.manylinux1_x86_64.whl (1.1 MB)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from python-dateutil>=2.1->matplotlib==3.2.1) (1.13.0)
Collecting typing-extensions; python_version < "3.8"
  Downloading typing_extensions-4.7.1-py3-none-any.whl (33 kB)
Installing collected packages: cycler, pyparsing, typing-extensions, kiwisolver,
matplotlib
Successfully installed cycler-0.11.0 kiwisolver-1.4.5 matplotlib-3.2.1
pyparsing-3.1.1 typing-extensions-4.7.1
WARNING: The directory '/home/.cache/pip' or its parent directory is not owned
or is not writable by the current user. The cache has been disabled. Check the
permissions and owner of that directory. If executing pip with sudo, you may
want sudo's -H flag.
WARNING: The directory '/home/.cache/pip' or its parent directory is not owned
or is not writable by the current user. The cache has been disabled. Check the
permissions and owner of that directory. If executing pip with sudo, you may
want sudo's -H flag.
VBox()
Starting Spark application
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
 →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
SparkSession available as 'spark'.
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
 ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
Collecting pandas==1.0.5
  Downloading pandas-1.0.5-cp37-cp37m-manylinux1_x86_64.whl (10.1 MB)
Collecting python-dateutil>=2.6.1
  Downloading python_dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (247 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-
```

[2]:

```
packages (from pandas==1.0.5) (2023.3.post1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.13.3 in /usr/local/lib64/python3.7/site-
packages (from pandas==1.0.5) (1.20.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from python-dateutil>=2.6.1->pandas==1.0.5) (1.13.0)
Installing collected packages: python-dateutil, pandas
Successfully installed pandas-1.0.5 python-dateutil-2.8.2
Collecting matplotlib==3.2.1
 Downloading matplotlib-3.2.1-cp37-cp37m-manylinux1_x86_64.whl (12.4 MB)
Collecting cycler>=0.10
  Downloading cycler-0.11.0-py3-none-any.whl (6.4 kB)
Collecting pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1
  Downloading pyparsing-3.1.1-py3-none-any.whl (103 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.11 in /usr/local/lib64/python3.7/site-
packages (from matplotlib==3.2.1) (1.20.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in
./tmp/spark-29f5af80-7504-4a54-81fa-e5b663c6f2c3/lib/python3.7/site-packages
(from matplotlib==3.2.1) (2.8.2)
Collecting kiwisolver>=1.0.1
 Downloading
kiwisolver-1.4.5-cp37-cp37m-manylinux 2 5 x86 64.manylinux1 x86 64.whl (1.1 MB)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from python-dateutil>=2.1->matplotlib==3.2.1) (1.13.0)
Collecting typing-extensions; python_version < "3.8"
  Downloading typing_extensions-4.7.1-py3-none-any.whl (33 kB)
Installing collected packages: cycler, pyparsing, typing-extensions, kiwisolver,
matplotlib
Successfully installed cycler-0.11.0 kiwisolver-1.4.5 matplotlib-3.2.1
pyparsing-3.1.1 typing-extensions-4.7.1
WARNING: The directory '/home/.cache/pip' or its parent directory is not owned
or is not writable by the current user. The cache has been disabled. Check the
```

warning: The directory '/home/.cache/pip' or its parent directory is not owned or is not writable by the current user. The cache has been disabled. Check the permissions and owner of that directory. If executing pip with sudo, you may want sudo's -H flag.

WARNING: The directory '/home/.cache/pip' or its parent directory is not owned or is not writable by the current user. The cache has been disabled. Check the permissions and owner of that directory. If executing pip with sudo, you may want sudo's -H flag.

Now, import the installed packages from the previous block below.

```
[3]: import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

VBox()

```
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
[3]:
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
     4 Loading Data
    Load all data from S3 into a Spark dataframe object
[4]: namedf = spark.read.csv('s3://cis9760-lecture9-movieanalysis/name.basics.tsv',
      ⇔header='true', sep="\t")
    titledf = spark.read.csv('s3://cis9760-lecture9-movieanalysis/title.basics.
      ⇔tsv', header='true', sep="\t")
    titleprincdf = spark.read.csv('s3://cis9760-lecture9-movieanalysis/title.
      →principals.tsv', header='true', sep="\t")
    titleratdf = spark.read.csv('s3://cis9760-lecture9-movieanalysis/title.ratings.
      →tsv', header='true', sep="\t")
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
     ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
[4]:
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar style='info', description='Progress:',u
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    4.1 Name Basics
    Display the schema below:
[5]: namedf.printSchema()
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    root
     |-- nconst: string (nullable = true)
     |-- primaryName: string (nullable = true)
```

```
|-- birthYear: string (nullable = true)
     |-- deathYear: string (nullable = true)
     |-- primaryProfession: string (nullable = true)
     |-- knownForTitles: string (nullable = true)
[5]:
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    root
     |-- nconst: string (nullable = true)
     |-- primaryName: string (nullable = true)
     |-- birthYear: string (nullable = true)
     |-- deathYear: string (nullable = true)
     |-- primaryProfession: string (nullable = true)
     |-- knownForTitles: string (nullable = true)
    Display the first 5 rows with the following columns:
       • primaryName

    birthYear

    deathYear

    knownForTitles

[6]: namedf.select('primaryName', 'birthYear', 'deathYear', 'knownForTitles').show(5)
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    +----+
         primaryName|birthYear|deathYear|
                                                knownForTitles|
        Fred Astaire
                          1899
                                     1987 | tt0050419, tt00531...|
    | Lauren Bacall|
                          1924
                                     2014 | tt0071877, tt01170... |
    |Brigitte Bardot|
                          1934
                                       \N|tt0054452,tt00491...|
        John Belushi
                                     1982 | tt0077975, tt00725...|
                          1949
    | Ingmar Bergman|
                                     2007 | tt0069467, tt00509...|
                          1918
    only showing top 5 rows
[6]:
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
```

```
primaryName|birthYear|deathYear|
                                 knownForTitles|
+----+
   Fred Astaire
                 1899
                          1987 | tt0050419, tt00531...|
| Lauren Bacall|
                 1924
                         2014 | tt0071877, tt01170...|
|Brigitte Bardot|
                 1934
                           \N|tt0054452,tt00491...|
   John Belushi
                 1949
                         1982 | tt0077975, tt00725...|
| Ingmar Bergman|
                 1918
                         2007 | tt0069467, tt00509...|
+----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

#### 4.2 **Title Basics**

Display the first 15 rows with the following columns:

- titleType
- primaryTitle
- genres

```
[7]: titledf.select('titleType', 'primaryTitle', 'genres').show(15)
```

VBox()

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u 

```
+----+
|titleType|
                 primaryTitle|
                                           genres
+----+
    short
                   Carmencita
                                 Documentary, Short |
    short|Le clown et ses c...|
                                 Animation, Short |
    short
               Pauvre Pierrot | Animation, Comedy, ... |
    short
                  Un bon bock
                                   Animation, Short |
    short
             Blacksmith Scenel
                                     Comedy, Short |
    short
            Chinese Opium Den|
                                            Short
    short|Corbett and Court...|
                                    Short, Sport |
    short | Edison Kinetoscop... |
                               Documentary, Short |
    movie
                   Miss Jerry
                                          Romance
    short | Exiting the Factory |
                                 Documentary, Short |
    short | Akrobatisches Pot... |
                               Documentary, Short |
    short | The Arrival of a ... | Action, Documentar ... |
    short|The Photographica...|
                               Documentary, Short |
    short|The Sprinkler Spr...|
                                   Comedy, Short
    short | Autour d'une cabine |
                                   Animation, Short |
   ----+----
only showing top 15 rows
```

[7]:

```
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar style='info', description='Progress:', __
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    +----+
    |titleType|
                                                   genres
                       primaryTitle|
         short
                         Carmencita|
                                        Documentary, Short |
         short|Le clown et ses c...|
                                        Animation, Short |
         short|
                     Pauvre Pierrot | Animation, Comedy, ... |
         short
                        Un bon bock
                                          Animation, Short |
         short
                   Blacksmith Scene
                                             Comedy, Short |
         short
                  Chinese Opium Den
                                                    Short |
         short|Corbett and Court...|
                                            Short, Sport |
         short | Edison Kinetoscop... |
                                      Documentary, Short |
         movie
                         Miss Jerry
                                                  Romance
         short | Exiting the Factory |
                                        Documentary, Short |
         short | Akrobatisches Pot... |
                                      Documentary, Short |
         short|The Arrival of a ...|Action,Documentar...|
         short|The Photographica...|
                                      Documentary, Short |
         short|The Sprinkler Spr...|
                                           Comedy, Short |
         short | Autour d'une cabine |
                                          Animation, Short |
    only showing top 15 rows
    Display the unique titles below:
[8]: titledf.select('titleType').distinct().show()
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    +----+
        titleType|
      ----+
         tvSeries
    |tvMiniSeries|
            moviel
        videoGame|
        tvSpecial|
            videol
          tvMovie
        tvEpisode|
          tvShort|
            short
    +----+
```

VBox()

```
[8]:
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    +----+
        titleType|
      ----+
         tvSeries|
    |tvMiniSeries|
            movie|
        videoGame|
        tvSpecial|
            videol
          tvMoviel
        tvEpisode|
          tvShort|
            short
    +----+
    Display the schema below:
[9]: titledf.printSchema()
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    root
     |-- tconst: string (nullable = true)
     |-- titleType: string (nullable = true)
     |-- primaryTitle: string (nullable = true)
     |-- originalTitle: string (nullable = true)
     |-- isAdult: string (nullable = true)
     |-- startYear: string (nullable = true)
     |-- endYear: string (nullable = true)
     |-- runtimeMinutes: string (nullable = true)
     |-- genres: string (nullable = true)
[9]:
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     |-- tconst: string (nullable = true)
```

```
|-- titleType: string (nullable = true)
      |-- primaryTitle: string (nullable = true)
      |-- originalTitle: string (nullable = true)
      |-- isAdult: string (nullable = true)
      |-- startYear: string (nullable = true)
      |-- endYear: string (nullable = true)
      |-- runtimeMinutes: string (nullable = true)
      |-- genres: string (nullable = true)
     4.3 Title Principles
     Display the schema below:
[10]: titleprincdf.printSchema()
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:', _
       →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     root
      |-- tconst: string (nullable = true)
      |-- ordering: string (nullable = true)
      |-- nconst: string (nullable = true)
      |-- category: string (nullable = true)
      |-- job: string (nullable = true)
      |-- characters: string (nullable = true)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar style='info', description='Progress:',u
       →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     root
      |-- tconst: string (nullable = true)
      |-- ordering: string (nullable = true)
      |-- nconst: string (nullable = true)
      |-- category: string (nullable = true)
      |-- job: string (nullable = true)
      |-- characters: string (nullable = true)
     Display the first 15 rows where the "category" column is "self"
[11]: titleprincdf.filter(titleprincdf.category == 'self').show(15)
     VBox()
```

[10]:

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u

→layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...

					characters
					+
tt0000001		nm1588970		\N	
tt0000012	1	nm2880396	self	\N	["Herself"]
tt0000012	2	nm9735580	self	\N	["Himself"]
tt0000012	3	nm0525900	self	\N	["Herself"]
tt0000012	4	nm9735581	self	\N	["Herself"]
tt0000012	7	nm9735579	self	\N	["Herself"]
tt0000012	8	nm9653419	self	\N	["Herself"]
tt0000013	1	nm0525908	self	\N	["Himself"]
tt0000013	2	nm1715062	self	\N	["Himself"]
tt0000016	1	nm0525900	self	\N	["Herself (on the
tt0000016	2	nm9735581	self	\N	["Herself (on the
tt0000024	1	nm0256651	self	\N	["Herself - Empre
tt0000024	2	nm0435118	self	\N	["Himself - Emper
tt0000028	1	nm2350838	self	\N	["Himself"]
tt0000028	2	nm0525908	self	\N	["Himself"]
+	·	·	<del></del>	+	+
only showing	ng top 15	rows			

## [11]:

VBox()

characters	•	0 0	nconst	•	tconst
["Herself"]			nm1588970		tt0000001
["Herself"]	\N	self	nm2880396	1	tt0000012
["Himself"]	\N	self	nm9735580	2	tt0000012
["Herself"]	\N	self	nm0525900	3	tt0000012
["Herself"]	\N	self	nm9735581	4	tt0000012
["Herself"]	\N	self	nm9735579	7	tt0000012
["Herself"]	\N	self	nm9653419	8	tt0000012
["Himself"]	\N	self	nm0525908	1	tt0000013
["Himself"]	\N	self	nm1715062	2	tt0000013
["Herself (on the	\N	self	nm0525900	1	tt0000016
["Herself (on the	\N	self	nm9735581	2	tt0000016
["Herself - Empre	\N	self	nm0256651	1	tt0000024
["Himself - Emper	\N	self	nm0435118	2	tt0000024
["Himself"]	\N	self	nm2350838	1	tt0000028
["Himself"]	\N	self	nm0525908	2	tt0000028

only showing top 15 rows

#### 4.4 Title Ratings

Display the schema below:

```
[12]: titleratdf.printSchema()
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     root
      |-- tconst: string (nullable = true)
      |-- averageRating: string (nullable = true)
      |-- numVotes: string (nullable = true)
[12]:
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
       →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     root
      |-- tconst: string (nullable = true)
      |-- averageRating: string (nullable = true)
      |-- numVotes: string (nullable = true)
     Display the first 10 rows in a descending order by the number of votes
[13]: numVotes = titleratdf.numVotes.cast("float")
      titleratdf = titleratdf.withColumn("numVotes", numVotes)
      titleratdf.orderBy(titleratdf.numVotes.desc()).show(10)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     +----+
         tconst|averageRating| numVotes|
     +----+
                          9.3 | 2159745.0 |
     |tt0111161|
     ltt04685691
                          9.012134602.01
     ltt13756661
                          8.8 | 1892958.0 |
     ltt01375231
                          8.8|1725444.0|
     |tt0110912|
                          8.9 | 1695159.0 |
     |tt0109830|
                          8.8 | 1662609.0 |
     |tt0944947|
                          9.4 | 1606096.0 |
     |tt0133093|
                          8.7 | 1554345.0 |
     |tt0120737|
                          8.8 | 1548920.0 |
     |tt0167260|
                          8.9 | 1533632.0 |
```

```
+----+
     only showing top 10 rows
[13]:
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     +----+
         tconst|averageRating| numVotes|
     |tt0111161|
                          9.3 | 2159745.0 |
     |tt0468569|
                          9.0 | 2134602.0 |
     |tt1375666|
                          8.8 | 1892958.0 |
     |tt0137523|
                          8.8 | 1725444.0 |
     |tt0110912|
                          8.9 | 1695159.0 |
     |tt0109830|
                          8.8 | 1662609.0 |
     ltt09449471
                          9.4 | 1606096.0 |
     |tt0133093|
                          8.7 | 1554345.0 |
     |tt0120737|
                          8.8 | 1548920.0 |
     |tt0167260|
                          8.9 | 1533632.0 |
     ltt00686461
                          9.2 | 1482225.0 |
     |tt1345836|
                          8.4 | 1421506.0 |
     |tt0167261|
                          8.7 | 1387208.0 |
     |tt0816692|
                          8.6 | 1348184.0 |
```

## 5 Overview of Data

only showing top 15 rows

+----+

|tt0114369|

Display the number of rows and columns in each dataFrame object.

8.6 | 1327441.0 |

```
print("Number of columns in Name Basics table: ", len(namedf.columns))
print("Number of rows in Name Basics table: ", namedf.count(), '\n')

print("Number of columns in Title Basics table: ", len(titledf.columns))
print("Number of rows in Title Basics table: ", titledf.count(), '\n')

print("Number of columns in Title Principals table: ", len(titleprincdf.columns))
print("Number of rows in Title Principals table: ", titleprincdf.count(), '\n')

print("Number of columns in Title Ratings table: ", len(titleratdf.columns))
print("Number of rows in Title Ratings table: ", titleratdf.count(), '\n')
```

VBox()

```
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     Number of columns in Name Basics table: 6
     Number of rows in Name Basics table: 9706922
     Number of columns in Title Basics table:
     Number of rows in Title Basics table: 6321302
     Number of columns in Title Principals table:
     Number of rows in Title Principals table:
                                              36468817
     Number of columns in Title Ratings table:
     Number of rows in Title Ratings table:
[14]:
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      Number of columns in Name Basics table: 6
     Number of rows in Name Basics table: 9706922
     Number of columns in Title Basics table: 9
     Number of rows in Title Basics table: 6321302
     Number of columns in Title Principles table: 6
     Number of rows in Title Principles table: 36468817
     Number of columns in Title Ratings table: 3
     Number of rows in Title Ratings table: 993153
```

## 6 PART 2 - Analyzing Genres

Let's now answer this question: how many unique genres are represented in this dataset?

Essentially, we have the genres per movie as a list - this is useful to quickly see what each movie might be represented as but it is difficult to easily answer questions such as:

- How many movies are categorized as Comedy, for instance?
- What are the top 20 most popular genres available?

#### 6.1 Association Table

We need to "break out" these genres from the tconst? One common approach to take is to build an association table mapping a single tconst multiple times to each distinct genre.

For instance, given the following:

tconst	titleType	genres
abcd123	XXX	a,b,c

We would like to derive something like:

tconst	titleType	genre
abcd123	XXX	a
abcd123	XXX	b
abcd123	XXX	$\mathbf{c}$

What this does is allow us to then perform a myriad of rollups and other analysis on this association table which can aid us in answering the questions asked above.

Implement the code necessary to derive the table described from the data set

```
[15]: titledf.select("tconst", "titleType", "genres").show(5)
```

#### VBox()

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u | alayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...

genres  	  titleType	tconst
Documentary, Short		tt0000001
Animation, Comedy,	short	tt0000003
Animation, Short	short	tt0000004
Comedy,Short	short	tt0000005
+	+	+
WS	ng top 5 ro	only showing

#### [15]:

#### VBox()

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u|ayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...

```
+-----+
| tconst|titleType| genres|
+-----+
|tt0000001| short| Documentary,Short|
|tt0000002| short| Animation,Short|
|tt0000003| short|Animation,Comedy,...|
```

```
|tt0000005|
                             Comedy, Short |
                 short
    +----+
    only showing top 5 rows
    Display the first 10 rows of your association table below
[16]: from pyspark.sql.functions import *
     # Split genres column into a list
     df_with_genre_list = titledf.withColumn("genres", split("genres", ","))
     # Explode genres list in different rows
     separate_genre_df = df_with_genre_list.withColumn("genre", explode("genres"))
     separate_genre_df.select("tconst", "titleType", "genre").show(10)
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     +----+
       tconst|titleType|
    +----+
    |tt0000001|
                 short | Documentary |
    |tt0000001|
                 short
                            Short
    |tt0000002| short| Animation|
    |tt0000002|
                 short
                            Short
    |tt0000003| short| Animation|
               short
    |tt0000003|
                           Comedy
    |tt0000003| short|
                          Romancel
                 short | Animation |
    |tt0000004|
                           Short
    |tt0000004|
                 short|
    |tt0000005|
                           Comedy
                 short|
    +----+
    only showing top 10 rows
[16]:
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    +----+
       tconst|titleType|
    |tt0000001|
                 short | Documentary |
    |tt0000001|
                 short
                            Short
    [tt0000002]
                 short | Animation |
```

Animation, Short |

|tt0000004|

short

```
|tt0000002|
             short
                        Short
[tt0000003]
                   Animation
             short
[tt0000003]
             short
                       Comedy |
|tt0000003|
             short|
                      Romance
             short | Animation |
|tt0000004|
|tt0000004|
             short|
                        Short|
|tt0000005|
             short
                       Comedy |
+----+
only showing top 10 rows
```

#### **Total Unique Genres** 6.2

What is the total number of unique genres available in the movie title type?

```
[17]: movie_data= separate_genre_df.filter("titleType = 'movie'").
       ⇔select("genre","tconst")
      num_unique_genres_movie = movie_data.select("genre").distinct().count()
      print("Total number of unique genres in movie title type:", _
       →num_unique_genres_movie)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     Total number of unique genres in movie title type: 29
[17]:
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
      ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     29
     What are the unique genres available?
[20]: movie_data.select("genre").distinct().show(29, truncate=False)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     genre
     +----+
     Mystery
```

```
|Musical
     Sport
     Action
     |Talk-Show
     Romance
     Thriller
     |\N
     |Reality-TV |
     |Family
     |Fantasy
     |History
     |Animation
     |Film-Noir
     Short
     |Sci-Fi
     News
     Drama
     |Documentary|
     |Western
     |Comedy
     Crime
     |War
     |Game-Show
     |Adult
     |Music
     |Biography
     Adventure
     Horror
[18]:
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
      |genre
     |Mystery
     |Musical
     |Sport
     |Action
     |Talk-Show
     Romance
     |Thriller
     |\N
     |Reality-TV |
```

```
|Family
     |Fantasy
     |History
     |Animation
     |Film-Noir
     Short
     |Sci-Fi
     |News
     Drama
     |Documentary|
     Western
     Comedy
     |Crime
     |War
     |Game-Show
     |Adult
     |Music
     |Biography
     Adventure
     |Horror
     +----+
     Oops! Something is off!
[21]: movie_data=movie_data.filter(col("genre") != "\\N")
      movie_data.select("genre").distinct().show(29, truncate=False)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     genre
     Mystery
     |Musical
     Sport
     Action
     |Talk-Show
     Romance
```

|Thriller | |Reality-TV |

|Family |Fantasy |History |Animation |Film-Noir |Short

```
|Sci-Fi
     News
     Drama
     |Documentary|
     Western
     | Comedy
     |Crime
     |War
     |Game-Show
     |Adult
     Music
     |Biography
     |Adventure
     Horror
[19]:
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     |genre
     |Mystery
     |Musical
     |Sport
     Action
     |Talk-Show
     Romance
     |Thriller
     |Reality-TV |
     |Family
     |Fantasy
     |History
     |Animation
     |Film-Noir
     Short
     |Sci-Fi
     News
     Drama
     |Documentary|
     |Western
     |Comedy
     |Crime
     |War
     |Game-Show
```

|Adult | |Music | |Biography | |Adventure | |Horror |

#### 6.3 Top Genres by Movies

Now let's find the highest rated genres in this dataset by rolling up genres.

#### 6.3.1 Average Rating / Genre

So now, let's unroll our distinct count a bit and display the per average rating value of per genre.

The expected output should be:

genre	averageRating
a	8.5
b	6.3
$\mathbf{c}$	7.2

Or something to that effect.

First, let's join our two dataframes (movie ratings and genres) by tconst

```
[22]: joined_df = titleratdf.join(movie_data, "tconst")
    joined_df.select("genre", "averageRating").show(10)
```

VBox()

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u \( \) \(

```
genre | averageRating |
 -----+
                    4.21
    Drama
                    4.21
    Drama
|Biography|
                    4.1
    Drama|
                    4.1|
  History|
                    4.1|
    Drama
                    5.7|
    Drama
                    4.6|
 History|
                    4.6|
|Biography|
                    6.3|
    Dramal
                    6.3|
```

```
+----+
only showing top 10 rows
```

## [20]:

#### VBox()

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u \( \) \(

```
+----+
    genre|averageRating|
+----+
    Drama
                  4.21
    Drama
                  4.21
                  4.1|
|Biography|
    Drama
                  4.1|
                  4.1|
 History|
    Drama
                  5.7|
    Dramal
                  4.61
| History|
                  4.6|
|Biography|
                  6.31
    Drama
                  6.3|
only showing top 10 rows
```

Now, let's aggregate along the averageRating column to get a resultant dataframe that displays average rating per genre.

```
[23]: genre_avg_rating_df = joined_df.groupBy("genre").agg(avg("averageRating").

⇔alias("averageRating"))
genre_avg_rating_df.show(truncate=False)
```

#### VBox()

+	-++
genre	averageRating
Mystery	5.9404375359815775
Musical	6.2032460545193695
Action	5.718734069668649
Sport	6.600145190562615
Romance	6.1257141803973605
Thriller	5.625967566447334
Family	6.250560452715202
Fantasy	5.92482076283338
History	6.822718115605145

```
|Animation | 6.326203750633554 |
|Film-Noir | 6.636246786632392 |
|Sci-Fi
           |5.325150008571917 |
News
           |7.2009160305343505|
Drama
           [6.2880802103879025]
|Documentary|7.245469798657718 |
Western
           |5.948970989337962 |
|Comedy
           |5.94136310800413 |
Crime
           |6.026013332684543 |
lWar
           |6.483807030665668 |
|Adult
          |5.721742584745762 |
+----+
only showing top 20 rows
```

#### [21]:

#### VBox()

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u \( \text{alayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...} \)

+	++
genre	avg_rating
Mystery	5.940437537126316
Musical	6.203246053185319
Action	5.718734067904495
Sport	6.600145190943391
Romance	[6.125714179294426]
Thriller	5.625967567519544
Family	[6.250560452699635]
Fantasy	5.924820762891499
History	6.822718117193864
Animation	6.326203749467441
Film-Noir	6.636246780503378
Sci-Fi	5.325150006900168
News	7.200916040944689
Drama	6.288080211097538
Documentary	7.245469805371099
Western	5.948970991005059
Comedy	5.941363107822231
Crime	6.026013333109149
War	6.483807036278403
Adult	5.721742579082059
+	++

only showing top 20 rows

#### 6.3.2 Horizontal Bar Chart of Top Genres

With this data available, let us now build a barchart of all genres

**HINT**: don't forget about the matplotlib magic!

+-----

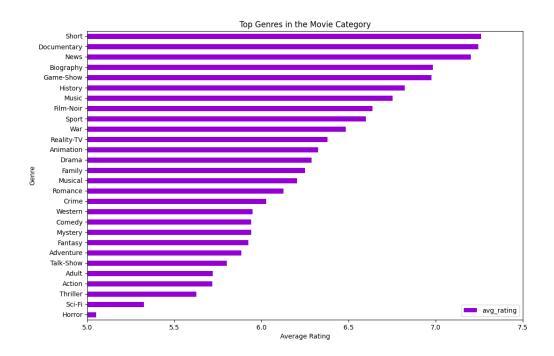
```
%matplot plt
[24]: | genre_avg_rating_df.orderBy(col("averageRating").desc()).show(truncate=False)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
                |averageRating
     +----+
                |7.260000000000001 |
     Short
     |Documentary|7.245469798657718 |
     |News
                [7.2009160305343505]
     |Biography | 6.983637640449436 |
     |Game-Show |6.975
     |History
                 [6.822718115605145]
     Music
                 [6.752020202020201]
     |Film-Noir | 6.636246786632392 |
     Sport
                 |6.600145190562615 |
     War
                 |6.483807030665668 |
     |Reality-TV | 6.379310344827586 |
     |Animation | 6.326203750633554 |
     Drama
                 [6.2880802103879025]
     |Family
                 16.250560452715202 |
     |Musical
                [6.2032460545193695]
     Romance
                16.12571418039736051
     |Crime
                 |6.026013332684543 |
     Western
                 |5.948970989337962 |
     Comedy
                 |5.94136310800413
     Mystery
                [5.9404375359815775]
     +----+
     only showing top 20 rows
[22]:
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar style='info', description='Progress:',u
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     genre
                 |avg_rating
```

```
Short
           17.2599999427795411
|Documentary|7.245469805371099|
News
           17.2009160409446891
|Biography | 6.983637643044585|
|Game-Show | 6.974999904632568|
|History
           [6.822718117193864]
Music
           [6.752020207214588]
|Film-Noir | 6.636246780503378|
Sport
           |6.600145190943391|
|War
           [6.483807036278403]
|Reality-TV |6.379310377712907|
|Animation | 6.326203749467441|
Drama
           [6.288080211097538]
|Family
           16.2505604526996351
Musical
           [6.203246053185319]
Romance
           16.1257141792944261
|Crime
           [6.026013333109149]
Western
           |5.948970991005059|
Comedy
           |5.941363107822231|
Mystery
           [5.940437537126316]
+----+
only showing top 20 rows
```

```
[25]: # Convert the PySpark DataFrame to a Pandas DataFrame
      genre_avg_rating_pd_df = genre_avg_rating_df.toPandas()
      plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
      # Sort the DataFrame by 'averageRating'
      genre_avg_rating_sorted_pd_df = genre_avg_rating_pd_df.
       ⇔sort_values(by="averageRating", ascending=False)
      movie_plot = plt.barh(genre_avg_rating_sorted_pd_df['genre'],__
       Gegenre_avg_rating_sorted_pd_df['averageRating'], color='darkviolet', height=0.
       ⇒5)
      plt.xlabel("Average Rating")
      plt.ylabel("Genre")
      plt.title("Top Genres in the Movie Category")
      plt.xlim(5.0, 7.5)
      plt.gca().invert_yaxis()
      plt.ylim(len(genre avg rating sorted pd df['genre']) - 0.5, -0.5)
      plt.legend([movie_plot], ['avg_rating'], loc='lower right')
      %matplot plt
```

VBox()

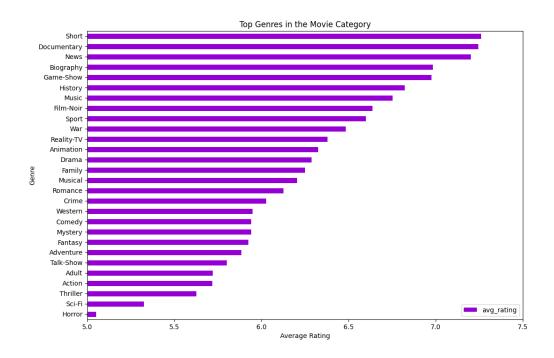
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u \( \text{algorithm} \) ayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...



## [23]:

#### VBox()

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u \( \text{alayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...} \)



## 6.4 PART 3 - Analyzing Job Categories

### 6.5 Total Unique Job Categories

What is the total number of unique job categories?

```
[26]: titleprincdf.select('tconst', 'category').show(5)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
       ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
         tconst |
                        category
     |tt0000001|
                            self|
     |tt000001|
                        director|
     |tt0000001|cinematographer|
     |tt0000002|
                        director|
     |tt0000002|
                        composer |
     only showing top 5 rows
```

```
[24]:
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     +----+
        tconst
                     category
     +----+
     |tt0000001|
                          self|
     |tt0000001|
                     director|
     |tt0000001|cinematographer|
     |tt0000002|
                     director
     [tt0000002]
                     composer
     +----+
     only showing top 5 rows
[27]: unique_cat = titleprincdf.select("category").distinct().count()
     print("Total number of unique job categories:", unique_cat)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     Total number of unique job categories: 12
[25]:
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     12
     What are the unique job categories available?
[28]: titleprincdf.select("category").distinct().show(truncate=False)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar style='info', description='Progress:',u
      ⇒layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     +----+
     |category
     actress
     |producer
```

#### [26]:

#### VBox()

```
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \(
```

```
| category | composer | composer | category | category | composer | category | category
```

## 6.6 Top Job Categories

Now let's find the top job categories in this dataset by rolling up categories.

### 6.6.1 Counts of Titles / Job Category

The expected output should be:

category	count
a	15
b	2

category	count
c	45

Or something to that effect.

```
[29]: category_counts = titleprincdf.groupBy("category").count()
category_counts.show(truncate=False)
```

#### VBox()

```
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u | | ayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
```

+	++
category	count
+	++
actress	6325097
producer	2197866
production_designer	285924
writer	4811596
lactor	8493701
cinematographer	1300404
archive_sound	2143
archive_footage	209035
self	6153089
editor	1197669
composer	1313187
director	4179106
+	++

## [27]:

#### VBox()

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u \( \text{alayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...} \)

+	++
category	count
+	++
actress	6325097
producer	2197866
production_designer	285924
writer	4811596
lactor	8493701
cinematographer	1300404
archive_sound	2143
archive_footage	209035
self	6153089

editor	1197669
composer	1313187
director	4179106
+	

#### 6.6.2 Bar Chart of Top Job Categories

With this data available, let us now build a barchart of the top 5 categories.

**HINT**: don't forget about the matplotlib magic!

%matplot plt

```
[30]: category_counts.orderBy(col("count").desc()).show(truncate=False)
```

#### VBox()

++
count
++
8493701
6325097
6153089
4811596
4179106
2197866
1313187
1300404
1197669
1285924
209035
2143
++

### [28]:

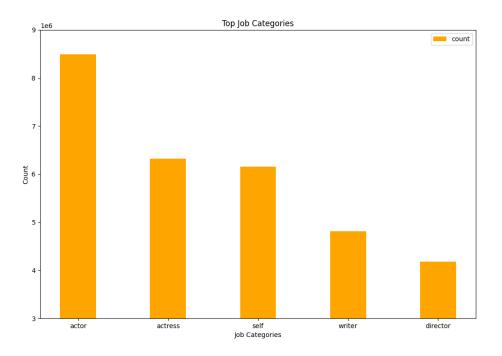
#### VBox()

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u \( \text{alayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...} \)

category	count
+	+
actor	8493701
actress	[6325097]
self	6153089

```
lwriter
                  148115961
|director
                  |4179106|
|producer
                  [2197866]
|composer
                  |1313187|
|cinematographer
                  |1300404|
editor
                  |1197669|
|production_designer|285924 |
|archive_footage
                  |209035 |
|archive_sound
                  2143
+----+
```

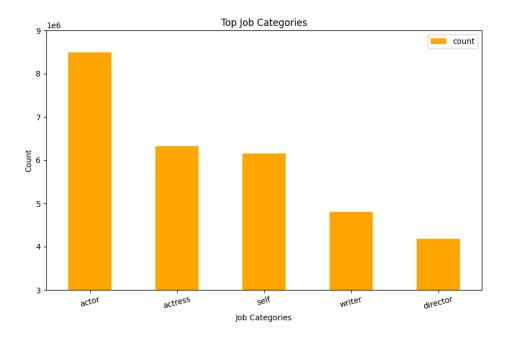
#### VBox()



## [29]:

## VBox()

FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar\_style='info', description='Progress:',u \( \text{algorithm} \) ayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...



## 7 PART 4 - Answer to the following questions:

You will need to join tables to answer the following questions. Your code should meet all the requirements given in the question.

# 7.1 1) What are the movies in which both Johnny Depp and Helena Bonham Carter have acted together?

```
# Find common titles in which both acted
     common_titles = johnny_depp_titles.intersect(helena_bonham_carter_titles)
     # Join with titledf to get movie names
     movies_both_acted = common_titles.join(titledf, "tconst").

→filter(col("titleType")=="movie").select("primaryTitle")

     movies_both_acted.show(truncate=False)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
        -----+
     |primaryTitle
     |Sweeney Todd: The Demon Barber of Fleet Street|
     |Alice in Wonderland
     |Charlie and the Chocolate Factory
     |Corpse Bride
     |Alice Through the Looking Glass
[30]:
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      ⇒layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     |primaryTitle
     |Dark Shadows
     |Sweeney Todd: The Demon Barber of Fleet Street|
     |Corpse Bride
     |Charlie and the Chocolate Factory
     |Alice in Wonderland
     |Alice Through the Looking Glass
```

#### 7.2 2) What are the movies in which Brad Pitt has acted since 2010?

```
[34]: # Filter for Brad Pitt's ID
     brad_pitt_id = namedf.filter(namedf.primaryName == "Brad Pitt").
      ⇔select("nconst").distinct()
     # Get movie titles where Brad Pitt acted
     brad_pitt_titles = titleprincdf.join(brad_pitt_id, "nconst").

¬filter(col("category") == "actor").select("tconst")
     # Filter titledf for movies since 2010 and where startYear is not '\N'
     movies_since_2010 = titledf.filter((col("titleType") == "movie") &__
      \hookrightarrow (col("startYear") > "2010") & (col("startYear") != r"\N"))
     # Join to get Brad Pitt's movies since 2010
     brad_pitt_movies_since_2010 = brad_pitt_titles.join(movies_since_2010,_

¬"tconst").select("primaryTitle", "startYear")
     brad_pitt_movies_since_2010.orderBy(col("startYear").desc()).
       ⇒show(truncate=False)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     +----+
     |primaryTitle
                                     |startYear|
     +----+
     Babylon
                                     2021
     |Once Upon a Time ... in Hollywood|2019
     |Ad Astra
                                     2019
     |War Machine
                                     2017
     Allied
                                     2016
     |The Big Short
                                     2015
     |By the Sea
                                     2015
     Fury
                                     2014
     |World War Z
                                     2013
     |12 Years a Slave
                                     2013
     |Killing Them Softly
                                     2012
     |The Tree of Life
                                     12011
     |Moneyball
                                     2011
```

[31]:

VBox()

```
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
 →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
+----+
primaryTitle
                              |startYear|
                              2021
|Once Upon a Time ... in Hollywood|2019
|Ad Astra
                              2017
|War Machine
Allied
                             12016
|The Big Short
                             2015
|By the Sea
                             2015
Fury
                             12014
|World War Z
                             2013
| 12 Years a Slave
                             12013
                             2012
|Killing Them Softly
|The Tree of Life
                             2011
|Moneyball
                              2011
```

#### 7.3 3) How many movies has Zendaya acted in each year?

```
[36]: # Filter for Zendaya's ID
     zendaya_id = namedf.filter(namedf.primaryName == "Zendaya").select("nconst").

distinct()
     # Get movie titles where Zendaya acted
     zendaya_titles = titleprincdf.join(zendaya_id, "nconst").select("tconst")
     # Filter titledf for movies and join with Zendaya's movie titles
     zendaya_movies = titledf.filter((col("titleType") == "movie") & __

¬"startYear")

     # Group by year and count the number of movies
     movies_per_year = zendaya_movies.groupBy("startYear").count().
      ⇔orderBy("startYear")
     movies_per_year.orderBy(col("startYear").desc()).show(truncate=False)
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar style='info', description='Progress:',u
      ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    +----+
    |startYear|count|
```

```
+----+
    12020
            11
    2018
             12
            |1
    2017
    +----+
[32]:
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    +----+
    |startYear|count|
    +----+
    2020
            |1
    2018
            12
    2017
            |1
    +----+
```

#### 7.4 4) Which movies, released in 2019, have an average rating exceeding 9.7?

```
[40]: # Filter titledf for movies released in 2019 and where startYear is not '\N'
movies_2019 = titledf.filter((col("titleType") == "movie") & (col("startYear")]

"== "2019") & (col("startYear") != r"\N"))

# Join with titleratdf to get the ratings
movies_2019_with_ratings = movies_2019.join(titleratdf, "tconst")

# Changing average rating to float
movies_2019_with_ratings = movies_2019_with_ratings.withColumn("averageRating", ucol("averageRating")).cast("float")).select("primaryTitle", "averageRating")

# Filter for movies with an average rating greater than 9.7
highly_rated_movies_2019 = movies_2019_with_ratings.filter(col("averageRating"))

# Sort by averageRating
highly_rated_movies_2019_sorted = highly_rated_movies_2019.

"orderBy(col("averageRating").desc())
highly_rated_movies_2019_sorted.show(truncate=False)
```

```
VBox()
```

+	averageRating
Bu Can Var Oldugu Sürece	10.0
L'Enfant Terrible	10.0
A Grunt's Life	10.0
Kirket	10.0
Our Scripted Life	10.0
The Twilight Zone: A 60th Anniversary Celebra	tion 10.0
The Butcher Baronet	10.0
A Medicine for the Mind	10.0
Love in Kilnerry	10.0
Superhombre	9.9
Puritan: All of Life to The Glory of God	9.9
The Cardinal	9.9
Square One	9.8
Kamen Rider Zi-O: Over Quartzer	9.8
Time and motion	9.8
We Shall Not Die Now	9.8
From Shock to Awe	9.8
Randhawa	9.8
Gini Helida Kathe	9.8

## [33]:

## VBox()

+	+	-+
PrimaryTitle	laverageRating	۶
+	+	-+
Bu Can Var Oldugu Sürece	110.0	
L'Enfant Terrible	110.0	1
A Grunt's Life	110.0	1
Kirket	110.0	1
Our Scripted Life	110.0	1
The Twilight Zone: A 60th Anniversary Celebration	110.0	1
The Butcher Baronet	110.0	1
A Medicine for the Mind	110.0	1
Love in Kilnerry	110.0	1
Superhombre	19.9	1
Puritan: All of Life to The Glory of God	19.9	1
The Cardinal	19.9	1
Square One	19.8	1
Kamen Rider Zi-O: Over Quartzer	19.8	1
Time and motion	19.8	1

We Shall Not Die Now	19.8	
From Shock to Awe	19.8	-
Randhawa	19.8	-
Gini Helida Kathe	19.8	-
+	-+	-+

# 7.5 5) Among the titles in which Clint Eastwood and Harrison Ford have acted, who has the higher average rating?

First, calculate the average rating of each actor and then show the actor with higher average rating.

```
[45]: # Filter for Clint Eastwood and Harrison Ford's IDs
     actors_ids = namedf.filter(namedf.primaryName.isin("Clint Eastwood", "Harrison_
       →Ford")).select("nconst", "primaryName")
      # Get titles for each actor
     actor_titles = titleprincdf.join(actors_ids, "nconst").select("tconst", u

¬"primaryName")
     # Join with titleratdf to get ratings
     actor_titles_with_ratings = actor_titles.join(titleratdf, "tconst")
     # Group by actor and calculate average rating
     average_ratings_per_actor = actor_titles_with_ratings.groupBy("primaryName").
       →agg(round(avg("averageRating"),2).alias("averageRating"))
     average_ratings = average_ratings_per_actor.collect()
     for actor in average_ratings:
         print(f"The average rating of {actor['primaryName']} is ⊔
       ⇔{actor['averageRating']}")
     if average_ratings[0]['averageRating'] > average_ratings[1]['averageRating']:
         higher_rated_actor = average_ratings[0]['primaryName']
     else:
         higher_rated_actor = average_ratings[1]['primaryName']
     print(f"{higher_rated_actor} has a higher average rating")
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
```

```
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',ualuyout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...

The average rating of Clint Eastwood is 7.32

The average rating of Harrison Ford is 6.76

Clint Eastwood has a higher average rating
```

#### [34]:

VBox()

```
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u | alayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...

The average rating of Harrison Ford is 6.75

The average rating of Clint Eastwood is 7.71
```

Clint Eastwood has a higher average rating

## 7.6 6) What is the movie(s) with the highest average rating among those in which Chris Evans has acted?

Write your code in a way that it finds and displays all movies with the highest rating, even if there's more than one.

```
[41]: # Filter for Chris Evans's ID
      chris evans id = namedf.filter(namedf.primaryName == "Chris Evans").
       ⇒select("nconst").distinct()
      # Get titles where Chris Evans acted
      chris_evans_titles = titleprincdf.join(chris_evans_id, "nconst").
       ⇔select("tconst")
      # Join with titledf to filter for movies and exclude '\N' in startYear
      chris_evans movies = chris_evans_titles.join(titledf.filter((col("titleType")_

¬== "movie") & (col("startYear") != r"\N")), "tconst")

      # Join with titleratdf to get the ratings
      chris_evans_movies_with_ratings = chris_evans_movies.join(titleratdf, "tconst").
       ⇒select("primaryTitle", "averageRating")
      # Find the highest average rating
      max_rating = chris_evans movies_with_ratings.agg(max("averageRating")).
       →first()[0]
      # Filter for movies with the highest average rating
      top_chris_evans_movies = chris_evans_movies_with_ratings.

¬filter(col("averageRating") == max_rating)
      top_chris_evans_movies.show(truncate=False)
```

VBox()

```
FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u \( \text{alayout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...} \)
```

```
+----+
   |primaryTitle |averageRating|
   +----+
   |Avengers: Infinity War|8.5
   |Avengers: Endgame | 8.5
   +----+
[35]:
   VBox()
   FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
    ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
   +----+
   |primaryTitle
                  |averageRating|
   |primaryTitle |averageRating|
+----+
   |Avengers: Infinity War|8.5
   |Avengers: Endgame | 8.5
   +----+
```

7.7 7) What is the percentage of adult titles in which actors and actresses have acted?

```
[44]: # Join two dataframes
       all_info = titledf.join(titleprincdf, "tconst")
       actors_temp = all_info.select('category', 'isAdult', 'primaryTitle')\
             .filter(col('category') == 'actor')
       actors_count = actors_temp.count()
       actress_temp = all_info.select('category', 'isAdult', 'primaryTitle')\
             .filter(col('category') == 'actress')
       actress_count = actress_temp.count()
       actors_adult = actors_temp.select('isAdult', 'primaryTitle')\
             .filter(col('isAdult') == '1')\
             .count()
       actress_adult = actress_temp.select('isAdult', 'primaryTitle')\
             .filter(col('isAdult') == '1')\
             .count()
       perc_actor = actors_adult/actors_count*100
       perc_actress = actress_adult/actress_count*100
       print(f'The percentage of adult titles actors have acted is: {perc_actor:.2f}%')
       print(f'The percentage of adult titles actresses have acted is: {perc_actress:.

<pre
      VBox()
      FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
        →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
      The percentage of adult titles actors have acted is: 3.00%
      The percentage of adult titles actresses have acted is: 7.18%
[36]:
      VBox()
      FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
        ⇒layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
      The percentage of adult titles actors have acted is: 2.14%
      The percentage of adult titles actresses have acted is: 3.27%
```

#### 7.8 8) What are the top 10 movie genres with the shortest average runtime?

You do not need to join tables in this question.

```
[43]: # Filter titledf for movies and valid runtimes
     movies_with_runtime = titledf.filter((col("titleType") == "movie") &__
       ⇔(col("runtimeMinutes").cast("int").isNotNull()))
      # Split the 'genres' column into individual genres and explode it into separate_
      ⇔rows
     exploded_genres = movies_with_runtime.withColumn("genre",_
       ⇔explode(split(col("genres"), ",")))
     exploded_genres=exploded_genres.filter(col("genre") != "\\N")
      # Calculate the average runtime for each genre
     average_runtime_per_genre = exploded_genres.groupBy("genre").
       →agg(round(avg(col("runtimeMinutes").cast("int")),2).alias("averageRuntime"))
      # Sort by average runtime
     top_10_genres_shortest_runtime = average_runtime_per_genre.
       ⇔orderBy("averageRuntime")
     top_10_genres_shortest_runtime.show(10)
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
     +----+
           genre|averageRuntime|
     +----+
            Short
                          18.67 l
            Newsl
                          66.851
     |Documentary|
                          72.681
                          76.281
     | Reality-TV|
           Adult
                          77.181
                          79.361
          Western
     | Talk-Show|
                          79.43
     | Animation|
                          80.75
     | Biography|
                          81.05
     | Film-Noir|
                          83.76
     only showing top 10 rows
[37]:
     VBox()
     FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
      ⇔layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
```

```
genre|avg(runtimeMinutes)|
  -----+
     Short|
                      18.67
      Newsl
                     66.85I
|Documentary|
                     72.681
| Reality-TV|
                     76.28
     Adult
                     77.18
   Westernl
                     79.361
| Talk-Show|
                     79.431
                     80.75|
| Animation|
| Biography|
                     81.05
| Film-Noir|
                      83.76
+----+
only showing top 10 rows
```

7.9 9) What are the most common character names for actors and actresses in Romance movies?

```
[51]: # Filter for Romance movies
      romance_titles = titledf.filter(col("genres").like("%Romance%") &__
       ⇔(col("titleType") == "movie"))
      # Join with titleprincdf for actor and actress roles
      actor roles = titleprincdf.join(romance titles, "tconst").
       ⇔filter(col("category") == "actor")
      actress_roles = titleprincdf.join(romance_titles, "tconst").
       ⇔filter(col("category") == "actress")
      # Explode the characters column and clean up the names
      actor_roles_exploded = actor_roles.withColumn("character", __
       ⊖explode(split(col("characters"), r"\s*,\s*"))).filter(col("character") !=⊔
       \hookrightarrow"\\N")
      actress_roles_exploded = actress_roles.withColumn("character",_
       ⊖explode(split(col("characters"), r"\s*,\s*"))).filter(col("character") !=⊔
       ''\\N")
      # Group by character name and count, then order by count and added category,
       ⇔column
      top actor = actor roles exploded.groupBy("character").count().
       GorderBy(col("count").desc()).limit(1).withColumn("category", lit("actor"))
      top actress = actress roles exploded.groupBy("character").count().
       GorderBy(col("count").desc()).limit(1).withColumn("category", lit("actress"))
      # Union the top actor and actress results into one DataFrame
```

```
top_characters = top_actress.union(top_actor).select("category", "count", "count")

¬"character")
     top_characters.show()
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',u
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    +----+
    |category|count|character|
    +----+
    | actress| 228| ["Anna"]|
       actor| 182|["David"]|
    +----+
[38]:
    VBox()
    FloatProgress(value=0.0, bar_style='info', description='Progress:',_
     →layout=Layout(height='25px', width='50%'),...
    +----+
    |category|count|characters|
    +----+
    | actress| 228| ["Anna"]|
       actor| 182| ["David"]|
    +----+
```