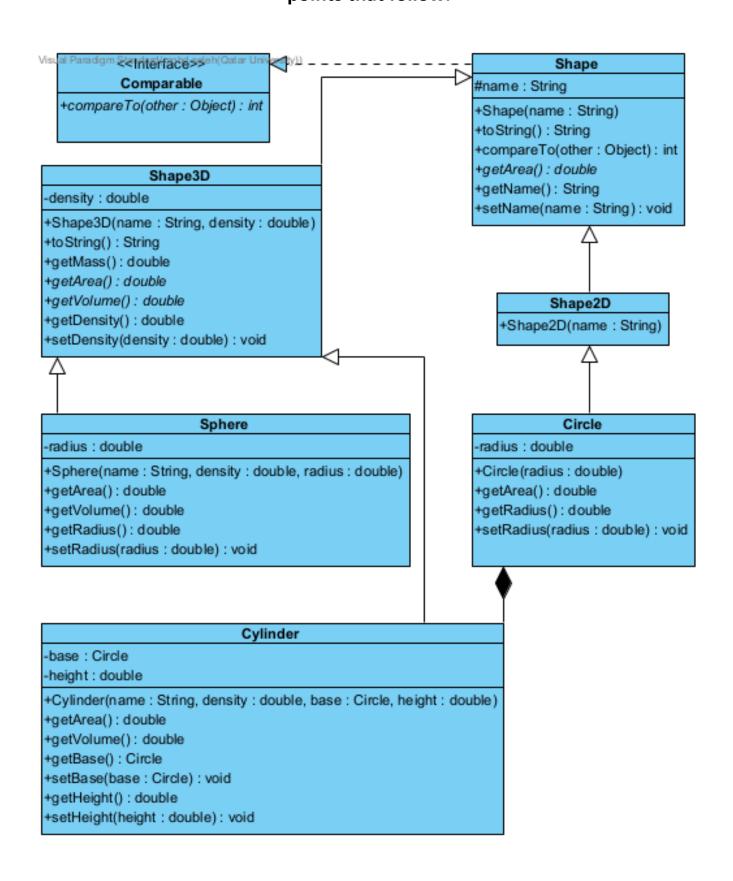
Name	QU	UID	

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Follow university rules for exams during this assessment.
- 2. You are <u>not allowed to use the textbook</u>, the <u>lecture slides</u>, or any <u>other external sheets</u>. Any other material will be considered cheating.
- 3. Cheating is an academic violation according to Qatar University rules and regulations, and in some cases, it may result in final dismissal from the University. Students should not under any circumstances commit or participate in any cheating attempt or any act that violates the student code of conduct.
- 4. You have a total of **25** minutes to complete this assessment. Use your time effectively.
- 5. All questions are <u>compulsory</u>. Answer <u>all questions</u> on the provided papers. No separate answer sheet or book sheet will be provided.
- 6. Calculators, mobile phones, any smart devices are NOT allowed.

Question	Grade	Out of
1		5
2		30
3		5
4		20
5		10
6		15
7		15
Total		100

Implement the hierarchy in the following UML diagram considering the explanation points that follow.



- Shape, Shape2D, and Shape3D are abstract classes. Comparable is an interface. Circle, Sphere, and Cylinder are concrete classes.
- The *compareTo()* method compares the calling object with the passed object in this manner:
 - o It returns -1 if the calling object is of less mass than the passed object, 1 if of more mass, and 0 if equal mass provided that the two objects are of **Shape3D** type.
 - o Otherwise, it returns -1 if the calling object is of less area than the passed object, 1 if of more area, and 0 if equal area.

*Note that the method *compareTo()* receives the object *other* of type **Object**. Therefore, in the implementation of this method you need to do appropriate down castings as needed.

Shape	Area	Volume
Circle	PI * Radius²	-
Sphere	4 *PI * Radius²	4/3 * PI * Radius³
Cylinder	2 * PI * Radius * (Height + Radius)	2 * PI * Radius² * Height

- Mass = Volume * Density
- The toString() method of the Shape class has this body:

return "Shape: " + getName() + " Area: " + getArea();

You need to override this method in the **Shape3D** class to return the name, area, and volume of a 3D shape object. Expected output in each type is as follows:

Shape: Circle Area: 66.47

1: Comparable Interface - 5 Points

Shape: Sphere Area: 43.68 Volume: 300.81

• Assume that all needed setter and getter methods are already available for you to use. **Do not code them**.

2: Shape Abstract Class – 30 Points	

3: Shape2D	abstract	Class	_	5	Points
4: Shape3D	abstract	Class	_	20	0 Points

5: Circle	Class	- 1	10	Points

6: Sphere	Class	_	15	Points

7:	Cylinder	Class -	15	Points