Loan Prediction System Report

1. Introduction

Problem Statement

In this project, the goal is to predict whether a loan application will be approved or rejected. Financial institutions need an automated and reliable system to assess loan eligibility based on customer information.

Objective

Build and evaluate machine learning models (Linear Regression and Random Forest) to predict loan status accurately.

2. Dataset Overview

The dataset contains multiple features related to loan applicants and their financial profiles.

Key variables include:

Feature	Description			
no_of_dependents	Number of dependents on the applicant			
Education	Applicant's education level (Graduate or Not Graduate)			
self_employed	Whether the applicant is self-employed (Yes/No)			
income_annum	Annual income of the applicant			
loan_amount	Loan amount requested			
loan_term	Loan term in months			
cibil_score	Applicant's CIBIL credit score			
residential_assets_value	Value of residential assets			
commercial_assets_value	Value of commercial assets			
luxury_assets_value	Value of luxury assets			
bank_asset_value	Bank asset value			
loan_status	Target variable: Approved (1) or Rejected (0)			

Data Preprocessing

- Combined all asset values into a single feature: Assets.
- Removed unnecessary columns such as loan_id.
- Encoded categorical variables (education, self employed, and loan status).
- Handled missing values and removed outliers using the IQR method.

3. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

Loan Status Distribution

The loan status is visualized to understand class distribution.

Outlier Analysis

Boxplots were used to identify outliers in numerical features. Outliers were removed to improve model performance.

Correlation Heatmap

The heatmap shows correlations between features:

 income_annum, loan_amount, and cibil_score have notable correlations with loan_status.

4. Methodology

4.1 Feature Engineering

- Created a new feature Assets by summing asset values.
- Scaled numerical features using StandardScaler for consistency.

4.2 Train-Test Split

The dataset was split into 80% training data and 20% testing data.

4.3 Machine Learning Models

Two machine learning models were used:

- 1. Linear Regression: A simple model to predict loan approval probability.
- 2. Random Forest: An ensemble model that handles non-linear relationships effectively.

4.4 Hyperparameter Tuning

GridSearchCV was used to optimize the Random Forest model parameters:

- n_estimators: Number of trees in the forest.
- · max depth: Depth of the trees.

5. Results and Model Evaluation

Evaluation Metrics

The models were evaluated using the following metrics:

- Accuracy
- Precision
- Recall
- F1-Score

Model Comparison

Model	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1-Score
Linear Regression	89.3%	87.1%	90.0%	88.5%
Random Forest	98.0%	97.5%	98.8%	98.1%

Key Insights

- The Random Forest model significantly outperformed Linear Regression in all metrics.
- Random Forest's ability to handle complex data and outliers contributed to its superior performance.

6. Deployment

The best-performing Random Forest model was deployed using **Streamlit**, creating an interactive web application.

App Features

- 1. Users can input loan applicant details such as income, loan amount, and CIBIL score.
- 2. The app predicts loan approval status as "Approved" or "Rejected."
- 3. Displays the probability of loan approval for user confidence.

7. Conclusion

Summary of Findings

- Outlier removal and feature scaling improved model performance.
- Random Forest achieved the highest accuracy of 98%.
- The loan prediction system is robust, user-friendly, and deployable.

Future Enhancements

- Add more features like applicant's debt-to-income ratio.
- Incorporate other ensemble models like Gradient Boosting for comparison.

8. References

- Scikit-Learn Documentation
- Streamlit Documentation

Attachments

- Streamlit Web Application: https://rashidametascifortechnologyr2avhtghwas9swfwgbj8nr.streamlit.app/
- Code Files:

Rashida Meta Scifor Technology/Major Project/loan approval prediction.py at main · Rashida-kk/Rashida Meta Scifor Technology