

BIG DATA HADOOP & SPARK TRAINING

Case Study II for session 11

Case Study Description

Let us take up the CUSTOMER and TRANSACTIONS table we have created in the Lets Do

Together section. Let us solve the following use cases using these tables :- **Creating tables:**

Go to Hive shell and give the below commands to create a table "CSTRECORDS" and "TXNRECORDSBYCAT".

CREATE TABLE CSTRECORDS(custno INT, Lname STRING, Fname STRING, productid INT, custdesgntn STRING)ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';

CREATE TABLE TXNRECORDSBYCAT(txnno INT, txndate STRING, custno INT, amount DOUBLE, product STRING, city STRING, state STRING, spendby STRING)ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';

Loading the tables:

Load the data from local files system to hive tables using the below commands:

LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadgild/casestudies/hivemovierating/custs.txt' into table CSTRECORDS;

LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadgild/casestudies/hivemovierating/txns.txt' into table TXNRECORDSBYCAT;

```
hive> CREATE TABLE CSTRECORDS( custno INT, Lname STRING, Fname STRING, productid INT, custdesgnth STRING)ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TE
MINATED BY ', ';
Time taken: 1.485 seconds
hive> CREATE TABLE TXNRECORDSBYCAT(txnno INT, txndate STRING, custno INT, amount DOUBLE, product STRING, city STRING, state STRING, spe
ndby STRING)ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';
Time taken: 0.231 seconds
hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadqild/Downloads/custs.txt' into table CSTRECORDS;
Loading data to table simplidb.cstrecords
Time taken: 3.38 seconds
hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadgild/Downloads/txns.txt' into table TXNRECORDSBYCAT;
Loading data to table simplico.txnrecordsbycat
Time taken: 1.901 seconds
hive> show tables:
cstrecords
imployee noase
txnrecordsbycat
Time taken: 0.079 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)
nive>
```

1. Find out the number of transaction done by each customer

select a.custno,b.Lname,b.Fname,count(a.amount) from TXNRECORDSBYCAT a join CSTRECORDS b on a.custno=b.custno group by a.custno,b.fname,b.lname;

```
hive> select a.custno,b.Lname,b.Fname,count(a.amount) from TXNRECORDSBYCAT a join CSTRECORDS b on a.custno=b.custno gro
up by a.custno,b.fname,b.lname;
 ARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different
execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.
Query ID = acadgild_20180414181512_3ea889aa-9f4c-4d9c-a92e-516f556890dc
Total jobs = 1
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hive/apache-hive-2.3.2-bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-2.6.2.jar!/org/
slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.5
.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple bindings for an explanation.
01--.hashtable
2018-84-14 18:15:40 Uploaded 1 File to: file:/tmp/acadgild/bff86f13-be01-40d5-be8f-091710e0d0f0/hive_2018-04-14_18-1 5-12_528_5291785545355393029-1/-local-10005/HashTable-Stage-2/MapJoin-mapfile01--.hashtable (626 bytes)
2018-04-14 18:15:40
                         End of local task; Time Taken; 4.448 sec.
Execution completed successfully
MapredLocal task succeeded
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
 set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
 set hive.exec.reducers.max<<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
 set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
 starting Job = job_1523709148707_0001, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1523709148707_0001/
Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
 set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
 set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
 set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job 1523709148707_0001, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application 1523709148707_0001/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1523709148707_0001
Hadoop job information for Stage-2: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2018-04-14 18:16:08,910 Stage-2 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2018-04-14 18:16:26,515 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 4.17 sec
2018-04-14 18:16:42,367 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 7.28 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 7 seconds 280 msec
Ended Job = job_1523709148707_0001
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 7.28 sec HDFS Read: 19122 HDFS Write: 451 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 7 seconds 280 msec
4000001 Kristina
                           Chung 8
4000002 Paige Chen
                           6
4000003 Sherri Melton 3
4000004 Gretchen
4000005 Karen Puckett 5
4000006 Patrick Song
4000007 Elsie
                 Hamilton
4000008 Hazel
                  Bender 10
4000009 Malcolm Wagner 6
 1000010 Dolores McLaughlin
                                    6
```

Time taken: 91.165 seconds, Fetched: 10 row(s)

2. Create a new table called TRANSACTIONS_COUNT. This table should have 3 fields - custid, fname and count

CREATE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_COUNT(custno INT, Fname STRING, count INT)ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';

```
hive> CREATE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_COUNT( custno INT, Fname STRING, count INT)ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','

OK
Time taken: 0.274 seconds
hive> describe TRANSACTIONS_COUNT;
OK
custno int
fname string
count int
Time taken: 0.209 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)
hive>
```

3. Now write a hive query in such a way that the query populates the data obtained in

Step 1 above and populate the table in step 2 above.

INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_COUNT select a.custno,b.Fname, count(a.amount)as count from TXNRECORDSBYCAT a join CSTRECORDS b on a.custno=b.custno group by a.custno,b.fname;

```
live> INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE TRANSACTIONS COUNT select a.custno,b.Fname, count(a.amount)as count from TXNRECORDSBYCAT
a join CSTRECORDS b on a.custno=b.custno group by a.custno,b.fnam
WARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.
Duery ID = acadgild_20180414182134_198982d3-97c8-4e39-8861-79ef9bb513bf
 otal jobs = 1
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hive/apache-hive-2.3.2-bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-2.6.2.jar!/org/
slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF43: Found binding in []ar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.5
.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
 SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation.
SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]
11-- hashtable
2018-84-14 18:21:55 Uploaded 1 File to: file:/tmp/acadgild/bff86f13-be81-40d5-be8f-891710e0d8f0/hive_2818-04-14_18-2
1-34_713_1221070674740354775-1/-local-10003/HashTable-Stage-2/MapJoin-mapfile11--.hashtable (553 bytes)
2018-04-14 18:21:55
                          End of local task; Time Taken: 4.435 sec.
Execution completed successfully
MapredLocal task succeeded
 aunching Job 1 out of 1
 lumber of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
  set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
 set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1523709148707_0002, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1523709148707_0002/
```

```
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
 set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
 set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1523709148707_0002, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1523709148707_0002/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/bin/hadoop job -kill job 1523709148707 0002
Hadoop job information for Stage-2: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2018-04-14 18:22:14,828 Stage-2 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2018-04-14 18:22:30,645 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 3.67 sec
2018-04-14 18:22:45,968 Stage-2 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 8.53 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 8 seconds 660 msec
Ended Job = job_1523709148707_0002
Loading data to table default.transactions count
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 8.66 sec HDFS Read: 19250 HDFS Write: 254 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 8 seconds 660 msec
Timo takon: 75 A15 soconds
hive> select * from TRANSACTIONS COUNT;
4000001 Chung 8
4800882 Chen
4000003 Melton 3
4000004 Hill
4000005 Puckett 5
4800086 Song
4000007 Hamilton
4000008 Bender 10
4000009 Wagner 6
4000010 McLaughlin
 imo takon: A 561 soconds Fotchod: IH rowis
```

4. Now lets make the TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table Hbase complaint. In the sence, use Ser

Des And Storate handler features of hive to change the TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table

to be able to create a TRANSACTIONS table in Hbase.

create table TRANSACTIONS_Hbase(custid String, f_name string, count int)
STORED BY 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.HBaseStorageHandler'
with serdeproperties ("hbase.columns.mapping"=":key,customerdetails:fname,customerdetails:count")
tblproperties("hbase.table.name"="Transactions");

```
hive> create table TRANSACTIONS_Hbase(custid String, f_name string, count int) STORED BY 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.H
BaseStorageHandler' with serdeproperties ("hbase.columns.mapping"=":key,customerdetails:fname,customerdetails:count") tb
lproperties("hbase.table.name"="Transactions");
OK
Time taken: 5.804 seconds
hive>
```

```
hbase(main):002:0> list
                                           before using storage handling feature in hive
TABLE
clicks
l row(s) in 0.0280 seconds
⇒ ["clicks"]
hbase(main):003:0>
hbase(main):003:0> list
TABLE
                                            After using storage
Transactions
                                            handler feature in hive
clicks
 row(s) in 0.0260 seconds
                                            to create a table
                                             "transactions"
=> ["Transactions", "clicks"]
hbase(main):004:0> ■
```

5. Now insert the data in TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table using the query in step 3 again, this

should populate the Hbase TRANSACTIONS table automatically

INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE transactions_Hbase select * from transactions_count;

```
hive> INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE transactions Hbase select * from transactions count;
/ARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different
execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.
Query ID = acadgild 20180414182842 d3f860e1-7c04-422c-b452-debeaa0fbe88
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Number of reduce tasks is set to 0 since there's no reduce operator
Starting Job = job_1523709148707_0003, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1523709148707_0003/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/bin/hadoop job -kill job 1523709148707 0003
Hadoop job information for Stage-3: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: θ
2018-04-14 18:29:05,221 Stage-3 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2018-04-14 18:29:20,926 Stage-3 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 4.51 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 5 seconds 270 msec
Ended Job = job 1523709148707 0003
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-3: Map: 1 Cumulative CPU: 5.27 sec HDFS Read: 11219 HDFS Write: 0 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 5 seconds 270 msec
Time taken: 42.311 seconds
hive>
```

```
before loading the
                                                                                                      COLUMN+CELL
   row(s) in 9.2828 seconds
                                                                                                                                                                                                      data in hive
base(main):805:0> scan 'Transactions
                                                                                                      COLUMN+CELL
                                                                                                      column=customerdetails:count, timestamp=1523710761521, value=8
                                                                                                     column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Chung column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Chung column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Chen column=customerdetails:count, timestamp=1523710761521, value=3
                                                                                                     column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Melton column=customerdetails:count, timestamp=1523710761521, value=5 column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Hill
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         After loading the data
                                                                                                    column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Hill column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Duckett column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Duckett column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Song column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=6 column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Hamilton column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Hamilton column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         in hive
                                                                                                     column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Bender column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Bender column=customerdetails:count, timestamp=1523710761521, value=Wagner column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=6 column=customerdetails:fname, timestamp=1523710761521, value=McLaughlin
 4900010
     row(s) in 0.3530 seconds
base(main):006:0>
```

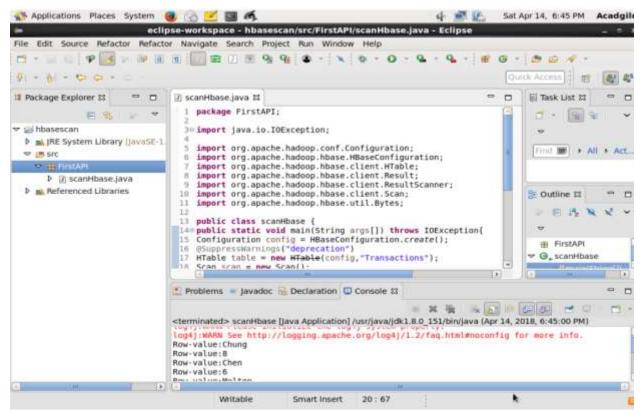
6. Now from the Hbase level, write the Hbase java API code to access and scan the

TRANSACTIONS table data from java level

```
package FirstAPI;
import java.io.IOException;
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.HBaseConfiguration;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.HTable;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.Result;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.ResultScanner;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.Scan;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.util.Bytes;
public class scanHbase {
public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException{
Configuration config = HBaseConfiguration.create();
@SuppressWarnings ("deprecation")
HTable table = new HTable(config, "Transcations");
Scan scan = new Scan();
scan.addColumn(Bytes.toBytes("customerdetails"), Bytes.toBytes("fname"));
scan.addColumn(Bytes.toBytes("customerdetails"), Bytes.toBytes("count"));
ResultScanner result = table.getScanner(scan);
for (Result res:result) {
byte []
val=res.getValue(Bytes.toBytes("customerdetails"),Bytes.toBytes("fname"));
val1=res.getValue(Bytes.toBytes("customerdetails"),Bytes.toBytes("count"));
System.out.println("Row-value:"+Bytes.toString(val));
System.out.println("Row-value:"+Bytes.toString(val1));
}table.close();}}
```

Explanation:

- ❖ Here we are scanning the Hbase table "Transactions" created using storage handler in hive.
- ❖ We are selecting the column family "Customerdetails" and column qualifiers "fname and count".
- We are converting their values from Bytes to string and printing them, as shown below



This is the output:

