

This question paper contains 7 printed pages]

Roll No.

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S. No. of Question Paper : 1367

Unique Paper Code : 62347502

I

Name of the Paper : Programming with Python

Name of the Course : B.A. (Programme) Computer

Application : DSE-1

Semester : V

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Question No. 1 is compulsory.

Attempt any 5 of Question Nos. 2 to 8.

Parts of a question must be answered together.

1. (a) Which of the following is an *invalid* name ? 3

(i) my\_string\_1

(ii) 2nd\_string

(iii) foo

(iv) \_\_init\_\_

(v) in

(vi) it

(b) Which of the following is an *invalid* statement ? 1

(i) abc = 1,000,000

(ii) a b c = 1000 2000 3000

(iii) a,b,c = 1000, 2000, 3000

(iv) a\_b\_c = 1,000,000

P.T.O.

(c) What is the output of the following code segments ? 6

```
(i) x = 'abcd'
    for i in range(len(x)):
        x = 'a'
        print(x)
```

```
(ii) i = 1
     while True:
         if i%007 == 0:
             break
         print(i)
         i += 1
```

```
(iii) def foo(k):
        k[0] = 1
        q = [0]
        foo(q)
        print(q)
```

(d) What is the output of the following Python code fragment ? Justify your answer : 3

```
(i) weekdays =
    ['sun', 'mon', 'tue', 'wed', 'thu',
     'fri', 'sun', 'mon', 'mon']
    print(weekdays.count('mon'))
```

(ii)

```
weekdays =
['sun', 'mon', 'tue', 'wed', 'thu', 'fri',
 'sun', 'mon', 'mon']
print([[x, weekdays.count(x)] for x in
set(weekdays)])
```



- (e) Translate the following while loop into a for loop : 3

```
i = 20
while (i > 0):
    print "i = ", i
    i -= 1
```

- (f) Rectify the error (if any) in the given statements : 2

```
>>> str= "Hello Python"
>>> str[6]= "S"
```

- (g) Under what conditions is binary search used ? Give the outline of binary search algorithm. Given : 7

```
testlist=[0,1,2,8,13,17,19,32,42],
```

Illustrate the operation of the binary search algorithm to search for the number 13.

What is the output of the following code segments ? 10

```
(i) class test:
    def __init__(self,a="Hello World"):
        self.a=a

    def display(self):
        print(self.a)
obj=test()
obj.display()
```

```
(ii) class test:
        def __init__(self,a):
            self.a=a
```

```
        def display(self):
            print(self.a)
obj=test()
obj.display()
```

```
(iii) def power(x, y=2):
        r = 1
        for i in range(y):
            r = r * x
        return r
print power(3)
print power(3, 3)
```

```
(iv) x = 2
      for i in range(x):
          x -= 2
      print (x)
```

```
(v) i = 0
     while i < 3:
         print(i)
         i += 1
     else:
         print(0)
```

3. (a) For the given array `arr = [1,2,4,3]`, apply bubble sort algorithm to sort the array elements and also show the modified list after each iteration. 5
- (b) What is a queue ? Write a Python code to create an empty queue. Initialize front and rear suitably. 5



4. What will be the output of the applying the following list Functions on list given below ?

10

```
L1=[1, 3, 2, 12, 2, 4, 3]
L.append(10)
L.count(2)
L.index(12)
L.insert(2,15)
L.remove(2)
```

5. (a) Write a function to compute the following series :

3

$$\text{Sum} = 1 + 1/2^2 + 1/3^2 + \dots + 1/n^2$$

- (b) Evaluate the following expressions :

3

(i)  $-7 * 20 + 8 / 16 * 2 + 54$

(ii)  $5 \% 10 + 10 - 25 * 8 // 5$

(iii)  $10 + 6 * 2 ** 2 != 9 // 4 - 3$  and  $29 >= 29 / 9$

- (c) What will be the output of the following code segment ?

4

```
for letter in 'geeksforgeeks':
    if letter == 'e' or letter == 's':
        continue
    print 'Current Letter :', letter
```

6. (a) Write the output of the following code segments :

5

(i)

```
for letter in 'geeksforgeeks':
    if letter == 'e' or letter == 's':
        break
    print 'Current Letter :', letter
```

.....)

```
(ii) def myfunc(a):
        a = a + 2
        a = a * 2
        return a
    print myfunc(2)
```

- (b) Write a python function to find the sum of all the numbers provided by the user as the input. [5]
7. (a) Differentiate between type conversion and type coercion with the help of an example. [5]
- (b) What will be the output the following code ? [5]

```
def f(x,l=[]):
    for i in range(x):
        l.append(i*i)
    print(l)
```

```
f(2)
f(3,[3,2,1])
f(3)
```

8. (a) Write the output of the following python code : 5

```
lis = [1, 2, 3]
lis1 = [4, 5, 6]
lis2= lis + lis1
print ('list after concatenation is')
for i in range(0,len(lis2)):
    print (lis2[i]),
print ("\r")
lis3 = lis * 3
print ('list after combining is')
for i in range(0,len(lis3)):
    print (lis3[i]),
```



(b) Write output of the following python code : 5

(i)

```
x = "Welcome to GeeksforGeeks"  
print x[2:5]  
print x[4:10:2]  
print x[-5:-3]
```

```
(ii) i = 0  
while i < 5:  
    print(i)  
    i += 1  
    if i == 3:  
        break  
else:  
    print(0)
```