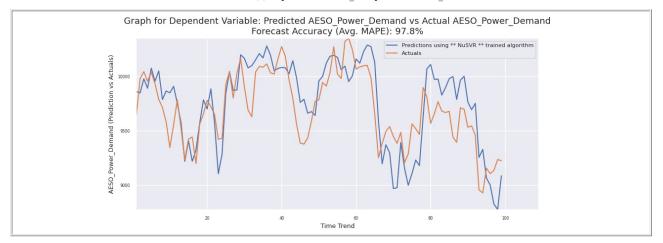
MAADSBML AutoML Report For OTICS ADVANCED ANALYTICS Generated On: 2024-07-22 16:28:53 (UTC)

Best Model(s) Report For admin_aesopowerdemand_csv



MODEL DESCRIPTION

Model Trained On: 2024/07/22 Training Start Time: 1627 Training End Time: 1628 Was Data Normalized: Yes Was Data Shuffled: Yes Deep Analysis: No Total Training Data Set: 961 Training Data Percentage: 75% Total Test Data Set: 319 Total # of Variables: 4 Adjusted for Seasonality: N Total Algorithms Run: 3600

Removed Outliers: N
Best Distribution FOR ACTUAL Y: VONMISES Dependent Variable: AESO POWER DEMAND

Independent Variables: ['Calgary_Weather', 'Edmonton_Weather', 'FtMac_Weather']

PREDICTION VARIABLE STATS

Mean: 9767.121 STD: 388.896 Kurtosis: -0.459 Skewness: -0.821 Coef. of Variation: 0.040 Shapiro Test for Normality: 0.900 Jarque-Bera Goodness of Fit: 12.116 Anderson: 3.654 KStat: 152767.880 KStatvar: 366028887.706 Wilcox: 0.000

Mean: 9702.870 STD: 324.119 Kurtosis: -0.698 Skewness: -0.100 Coef. of Variation: 0.033 Shapiro Test for Normality: 0.982 Jarque-Bera Goodness of Fit: 2.198 Anderson: 0.581

KStat: 106114.377 KStatvar: 148831236.050 Wilcox: 0.000 Theil Slope: -3.565

ACTUAL VARIABLE STATS

Statistics Showing Comparison Between Prediction and Actuals

Mood(actuals,predictions): -1.934 Pearson(actuals,predictions): 0.786 Kendall Tau(actuals,predictions): 0.610 Ansari(actuals,predictions): 5334.000 Jaccard_distance(actuals,predictions): 1.000 Minkowski_distance(actuals,predictions): 20727.703 Euclidean distance(actuals, predictions): 2494.113

IMPORTANT FILE PATHS FOR RAW AND OUTPUT DATA

Theil Slope: -2.536

NOTE: These are DOCKER CONTAINER Paths. You can view these files inside the container by using the command: docker exec -it {container id} bash If you have re-run the container, these files will be GONE but they exist on your HOST machine. The HOST MACHINE location is based on the volumes you mapped when you ran the Docker container. The Docker RUN Volume Mappings are :: (For example here is the docker run command (use multiple -v for multiple mappings):

DOCKER RUN COMMAND: docker run -d -p 5595:5595 -p 5495:5495 -p 10000:10000 -v {HOST MACHINE FOLDER}:{CONTAINER FOLDER}:z --env TRAININGPORT=5595 --env PREDICTIONPORT=5495 --env ABORTPORT=10000 --env COMPANYNAME=MYCOMPANY --env MAXRUNTIME=20 --env MAINHOST=127.0.0.1 maadsdocker/maads-batchautoml-otics

Docker Volume Mappings:

- Docker Volume Mappings:

 1. (HOST MACHINE FOLDER)/csvuploads:/maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/csvuploads:z

 2. (HOST MACHINE FOLDER)/pdfreports:/maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/pdfreports:z

 3. (HOST MACHINE FOLDER)/autofeatures:/maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/autofeatures:z

 4. (HOST MACHINE FOLDER)/sulliers:/maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/outliers:z

 5. (HOST MACHINE FOLDER)/sqlloads:/maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/sqlloads:z

- 6. (HOST MACHINE FOLDER)/networktemp:/maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/networktemp:z
 7. {HOST MACHINE FOLDER}/networks:/maads/agentfilesdocker/networks:z
 8. {HOST MACHINE FOLDER}/exception:/maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/exception:z
- 9. {HOST MACHINE FOLDER}/staging:/maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/staging:z

Path for Training Dataset File: /maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/csvuploads/aesopowerdemand.csv

Path for PDF Report (i.e. this file): /maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/pdfreports/admin_aesopowerdemand_csv_no_seasons.pdf
Path for AutoFeature File: /maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/autofeatures/admin_aesopowerdemand_csv_csv

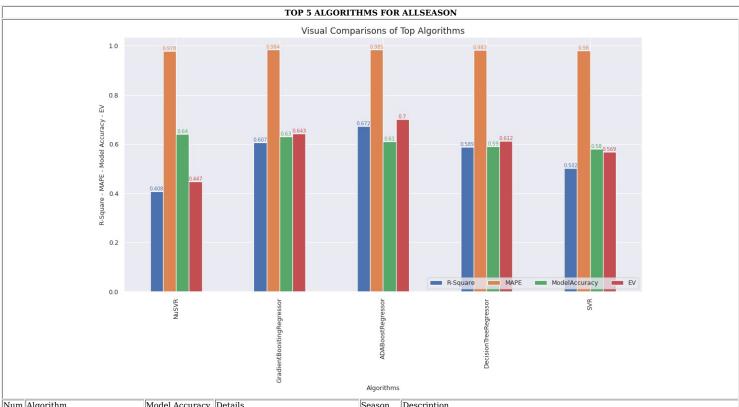
Path for Outliers File: /maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/autoriers/admin_aesopowerdemand_csv_csv
Path for Outliers File: /maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/outliers/admin_aesopowerdemand_csv_csv
Path for Algo JSON File: /maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/exception/admin_aesopowerdemand_csv_trained_algo_no_seasons.json
Folder Path for MySQL Scripts: /maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/csvuploads/
Path for Detailed Prediction File: /maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/csvuploads/admin_aesopowerdemand_csv_prediction_details.csv
Path for Algorithm Zip File (i.e pickle files): /maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/networktemp/admin_aesopowerdemand_csv.zip Path for Algorithm Pickle Files:

1. /maads/agentfilesdocker/networks/Otics Advanced Analytics_ADMIN_AESOPOWERDEMAND_CSVALLSEASON_AG1_4_NuSVR_normal_961_ensemble_.pkl
2. /maads/agentfilesdocker/networks/Otics Advanced Analytics_ADMIN_AESOPOWERDEMAND_CSVALLSEASON_AG1_4_NuSVR_normal_961_ensemble_scalerx_.pkl
3. /maads/agentfilesdocker/networks/Otics Advanced Analytics_ADMIN_AESOPOWERDEMAND_CSVALLSEASON_AG1_4_NuSVR_normal_961_ensemble_scalery_.pkl

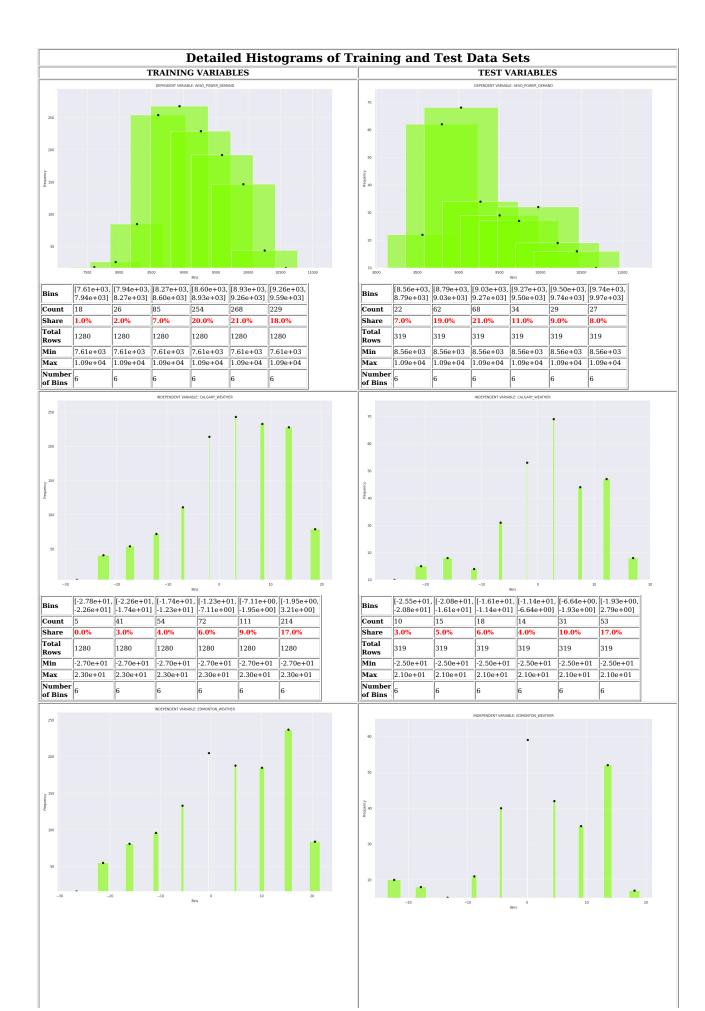
DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

DESCRIT TIVE STATISTICS										
Variables	T-Statistic	Coefficients (alpha,beta)	Count	Mean	STD	MIN	25%	50%	75%	MAX
Calgary_Weather	-35.442	9492.661, -40.134	961.0	5.862	-27.75	10.113	-0.4	6.85	14.0	23.85
Edmonton_Weather	-38.8	9480.686, -37.077	961.0	5.916	-26.64	11.759	-2.25	7.16	16.1	25.75
FtMac_Weather	-40.088	9346.752, -32.447	961.0	2.367	-32.4	13.694	-7.65	4.56	14.8	23.85
AESO POWER DEMAND	NA	NA	961.0	9227.732	7611.0	577.371	8790.0	9225.0	9661.0	10510.0

		LGORITHM FOUND FOR THIS DA e: This trained model will be used to predict AESO_POWER_DEMAI	ND)			
Algorithm D	orithm Description Model Results		MAPE Accuracy	Forecast Months	Season	
Si u: NuSVR ni H re	Ju Support Vector Regression.: imilar to NuSVC, for regression, ses a parameter nu to control the umber of support vectors. However, unlike NuSVC, where nu eplaces C, here nu replaces the arameter epsilon of epsilon-SVR.	NuSVR(C=7.774542443884447, degree=4, gamma='auto', nu=0.47052831690658303) R-square: 0.408 Mean Squared Error (MSE): 62205.972 Skewness: -0.576 Kurtosis: 2.329 Mean Square Model (MSM): 15536838.842 F-Statistic (F): 249.764 Jarque-Bera (JB): 7.403 Explained Variance (EV): 0.447 Multicolinearity Test (Avg. VIF): 19.321 Heteroscedasticity Test (Avg P-Value): 0.000 (Based on White Test, there seems to be heteroscedasticity in the model) Autocorrelation (Durbin-Watson) Test: 0.592 (Based on DW Test - there seems to be autocorrelation in your model)	0.978	1 - 12	allseason	

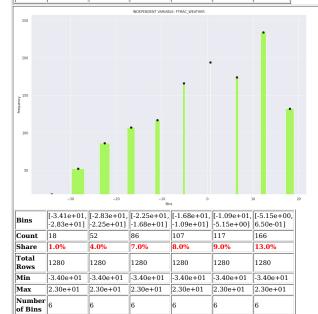


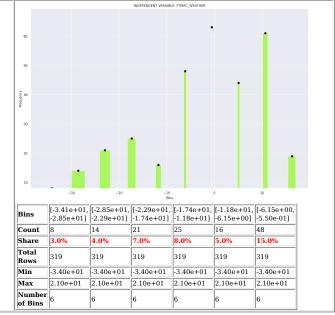
Num	Algorithm	Model Accuracy	Details	Season	Description
- Tuin	Ingoritim	Proderrecuracy	R-square: 0.408	beason	Description
1	NuSVR	0.6376	MAPE: 0.978 Explained Variance (EV): 0.447 MSE: 62205.972 MSM: 15536838.842 Skewness: -0.576 Kurtosis: 2.329 F: 249.764 DW: 0.592 JB: 7.403	allseason	NU SUPPORT VECTOR REGRESSION.: Similar to NuSVC, for regression, uses a parameter nu to control the number of support vectors. However, unlike NuSVC, where nu replaces C, here nu replaces the parameter epsilon of epsilon-SVR.
2	GradientBoostingRegressor	0.6330	R-square: 0.607 MAPE: 0.984 Explained Variance (EV): 0.643 MSE: 41311.165 MSM: 12482469.672 Skewness: -0.678 Kurtosis: 3.067 F: 302.157 DW: 0.757 JB: 7.677	allseason	GRADIENT BOOSTING FOR REGRESSION.: GB builds an additive model in a forward stage-wise fashion; it allows for the optimization of arbitrary differentiable loss functions. In each stage a regression tree is fit on the negative gradient of the given loss function.
3	ADABoostRegressor	0.6116	R-square: 0.672 MAPE: 0.985 Explained Variance (EV): 0.7 MSE: 34421.87 MSM: 12628011.395 Skewness: -0.28 Kurtosis: 3.402 F: 366.86 DW: 0.803 JB: 1.977	allseason	ADABOOST REGRESSOR: Ada boost
4	<u>DecisionTreeRegressor</u>	0.5903	R-square: 0.589 MAPE: 0.983 Explained Variance (EV): 0.612 MSE: 43149.155 MSM: 14106697.959 Skewness: -0.194 Kurtosis: 3.238 F: 326.929 DW: 0.816 JB: 0.861	allseason	DECISION TREE REGRESSOR: Decision Tree Regressor
5	SVR	0.5752	R-square: 0.502 MAPE: 0.980 Explained Variance (EV): 0.569 MSE: 52352.674 MSM: 16167378.75 Skewness: -0.808 Kurtosis: 2.51 F: 308.817 DW: 0.632 JB: 11.888	allseason	EPSILON-SUPPORT VECTOR REGRESSION.: The method of Support Vector Classification can be extended to solve regression problems. This method is called Support Vector Regression.

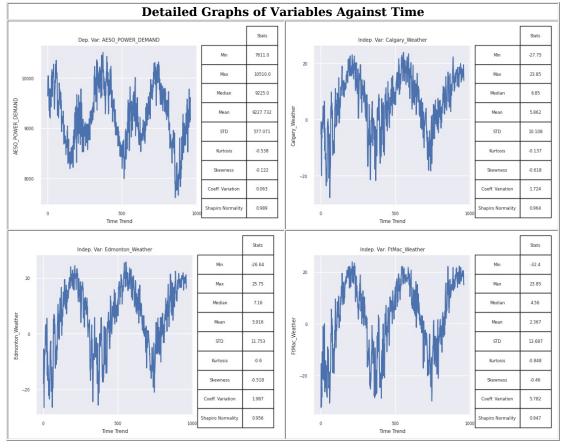


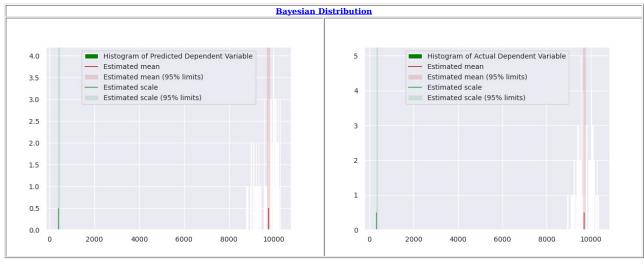
Bins	[-2.66e+01, -2.14e+01]	[-2.14e+01, -1.62e+01]	[-1.62e+01, -1.09e+01]	[-1.09e+01, -5.68e+00]	[-5.68e+00,	[-4.45e- 01, 4.79e+00]
Count	16	55	81	96	133	205
Share	1.0%	4.0%	6.0%	8.0%	10.0%	16.0%
Total Rows	1280	1280	1280	1280	1280	1280
Min	-2.60e+01	-2.60e+01	-2.60e+01	-2.60e+01	-2.60e+01	-2.60e+01
Max	2.50e+01	2.50e+01	2.50e+01	2.50e+01	2.50e+01	2.50e+01
Number of Bins	6	6	6	6	6	6

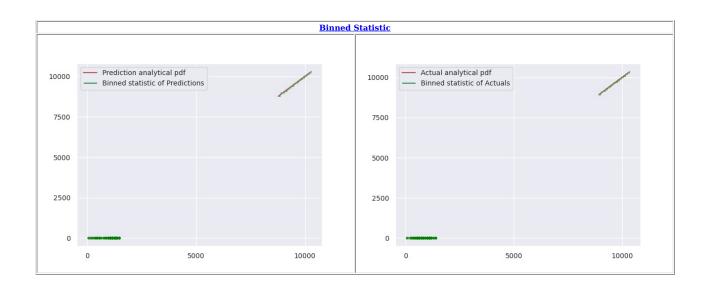
Bins	[-2.24e+01,	[-1.79e+01,	[-1.34e+01,	[-8.91e+00,	[-4.42e+00,	[7.50e-02,
Dins	-1.79e+01]	-1.34e+01]	-8.91e+00]	-4.42e+00]	7.50e-02]	4.57e+00]
Count	20	18	15	21	40	59
Share	6.0%	6.0%	5.0%	7.0%	13.0%	18.0%
Total Rows	319	319	319	319	319	319
Min	-2.20e+01	-2.20e+01	-2.20e+01	-2.20e+01	-2.20e+01	-2.20e+01
Max	2.20e+01	2.20e+01	2.20e+01	2.20e+01	2.20e+01	2.20e+01
Number of Bins	6	6	6	6	6	6



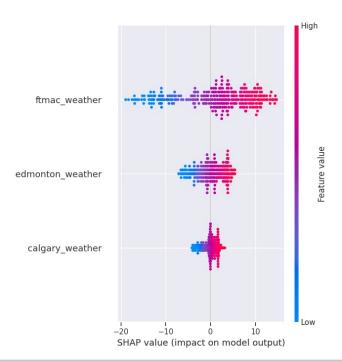








MODEL EXPLANATION



- The x-axis represents the model's output values of AESO_POWER_DEMAND
 The plot is centered on the x-axis at explainer expected value.
 All values are relative to the model's expected value like a linear model's effects are relative to the intercept.
 The y-axis lists the model's features. By default, the features are ordered by descending importance.
 The importance is calculated over the observations plotted. This is usually different than the importance ordering for the entire dataset.
 In addition to feature importance ordering, the decision plot also supports hierarchical cluster feature ordering and user-defined feature ordering.
- Each observation's prediction is represented by a colored line.
 At the top of the plot, each line strikes the x-axis at its corresponding observation's predicted value. This value determines the color of the line on a
- Moving from the bottom of the plot to the top, SHAP values for each feature are added to the model's base value.
 This shows how each feature contributes to the overall prediction.
 At the bottom of the plot, the observations converge at explainer.expected_value.
 The points in the graph are the values of the feature in the training dataset.

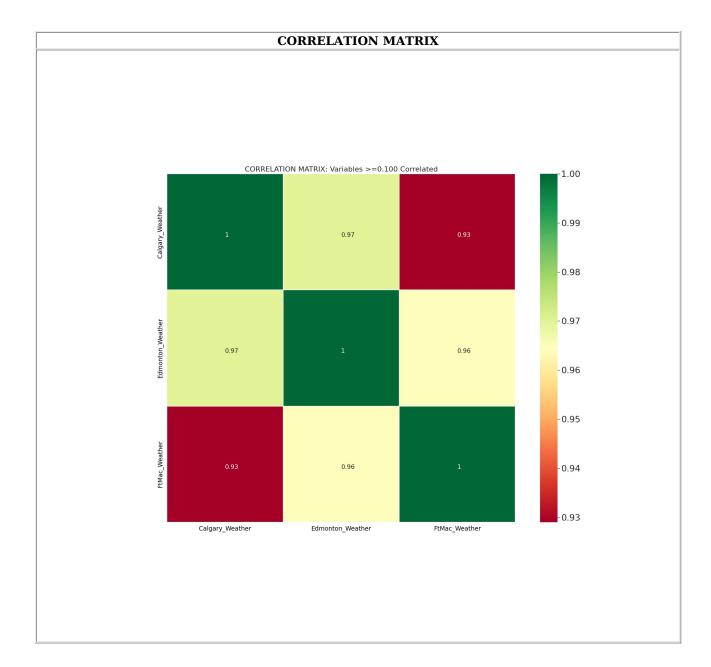
FEATURE SELECTION				
RFE Variable (Most important to Least Important)	Value			
Calgary_Weather	0.234			
Edmonton_Weather	0.232			
FtMac_Weather	0.227			
Best Variable(s) From Genetic Algorithm				
FtMac_Weather				
Excluded Variable(s)				
Calgary_Weather				
Edmonton_Weather				
PCA for Best Variable(s)	Value			
AESO_Power_Demand_pca_1	0.707			
AESO_Power_Demand_pca_2	0.707			
FtMac_Weather_pca_1	-0.707			
FtMac_Weather_pca_2	0.707			
PCA Explained Variance	Value			
PCA1	0.873			
PCA2	0.127			
P Feature selection shows which variables were more influential than other variables It uses two core algorithms: Recursive Feature Elimination (RFE) and Genetic Algorithm to determine It also performs PCA (principal component analysis) analysis to determine the influence of the best v	ariables in the model			
These results should be used in conjunction with other information as well as theory to establish rele	vance and confidence in the chosen model formulati			

CLUSTER ANALYSIS: PCA and KMeans 2 Clusters Found using PCA and KMeans 5 Clusters 4 0 PCA Component 1 2 0 -3250 500 750 0 1000 1250 Time

Over 80% of the variance in your data is explaned by 1 principal components.

Optimal clusters are **2** with a silhouette score of **0.534** using euclidean distance. **NOTE:** Only two principal components are shown in the 2D graph because your variables have been reduced by dimensionality reduction using PCA. However, the entire data set can be found here:

| maads/agentfilesdocker/dist/maadsweb/csvuploads/admin_aesopowerdemand_csv_clusters_pcakmeans.csv for further analysis.



CORRELATED FEATURES				
Feature(s)	Feature(s)	Correlation >= 0.100		
O Calgary_Weather	FtMac_Weather	0.929		
1 Edmonton_Weather	FtMac_Weather	0.964		
2 Calgary_Weather	Edmonton_Weather	0.970		
3 Calgary_Weather	Calgary_Weather	NaN		

SUGGESTED CORRELATED FEATURES TO DELETE					
	2 Feature(s) to Delete	e Correlation			
	Calgary_Weather	0.929			
	1 Edmonton_Weather	0.964			

END OF REPORT

MAADSBML Python Library: https://pypi.org/project/maadsbml/
MAADSBML Docker Container For Windows: https://hub.docker.com/r/maadsdocker/maads-batch-automl-otics
MAADSBML Docker Container For MAC: https://hub.docker.com/r/maadsdocker/maads-batch-automl-otics-arm64
MAADSBML Sample Code and Setup: https://github.com/smaurice101/raspberrypi/tree/main/maadsbml

MAADSBML
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