```
1. CREATE TABLE Customers (
    customerNumber INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
    customerName TEXT NOT NULL,
    contactLastName TEXT NOT NULL,
    contactFirstName TEXT NOT NULL,
    phone TEXT NOT NULL,
    addressLine1 TEXT NOT NULL,
    addressLine2 TEXT NULL,
    city TEXT NOT NULL,
    state TEXT NULL,
    postalCode TEXT NULL,
    country TEXT NOT NULL,
    salesRepEmployeeNumber INTEGER NULL,
    creditLimit REAL NULL
  );
  CREATE TABLE Employees (
    employeeNumber INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
    lastName TEXT NOT NULL,
    firstName TEXT NOT NULL,
    extension TEXT NOT NULL,
    email TEXT NOT NULL,
    officeCode TEXT NOT NULL,
    reportsTo INTEGER NULL,
    jobTitle TEXT NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (reportsTo) REFERENCES Employees(employeeNumber)
  );
  CREATE TABLE Offices (
    officeCode TEXT PRIMARY KEY,
    city TEXT NOT NULL,
    phone TEXT NOT NULL,
    addressLine1 TEXT NOT NULL,
    addressLine2 TEXT NULL,
    state TEXT NULL,
    country TEXT NOT NULL,
    postalCode TEXT NOT NULL,
    territory TEXT NOT NULL
  );
  CREATE TABLE OrderDetails (
    orderNumber INTEGER NOT NULL,
    productCode TEXT NOT NULL,
    quantityOrdered INTEGER NOT NULL,
    priceEach REAL NOT NULL,
    orderLineNumber INTEGER NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (orderNumber, productCode),
    FOREIGN KEY (productCode) REFERENCES Products
  );
```

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (
  orderNumber INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
  orderDate TEXT NOT NULL,
 requiredDate TEXT NOT NULL,
  shippedDate TEXT NULL,
  status TEXT NOT NULL,
  comments TEXT NULL,
  customerNumber INTEGER NOT NULL,
 FOREIGN KEY (customerNumber) REFERENCES Customers
);
CREATE TABLE Payments (
  customerNumber INTEGER NOT NULL,
  checkNumber TEXT NOT NULL,
 paymentDate TEXT NOT NULL,
  amount REAL NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY (customerNumber, checkNumber),
 FOREIGN KEY (customerNumber) REFERENCES Customers
);
CREATE TABLE Products (
 productCode TEXT PRIMARY KEY,
 productName TEXT NOT NULL,
 productLine TEXT NOT NULL,
 productScale TEXT NOT NULL,
 productVendor TEXT NOT NULL,
 productDescription TEXT NOT NULL,
  quantityInStock INTEGER NOT NULL,
  buyPrice REAL NOT NULL,
 MSRP REAL NOT NULL,
 FOREIGN KEY (productLine) REFERENCES Productlines
);
CREATE TABLE ProductLines(
 productLine TEXT PRIMARY KEY,
  description TEXT NULL
);
```

 ${\bf a})$  SELECT customerName, contactLastName, contactFirstName FROM Customers;

Output all relations from the three attributes customerName, contactLastName, and contactFirstName from the table Customers. This query gives an overview of the contact persons for each customer company.

b) SELECT \*
 FROM Orders
 WHERE shippedDate IS NULL;

Output all tuples with no shippedDate from the table Orders. This query gives an overview of all orders that have not been reported shipped (although whether or not the order is actually shipped is unknown).

c) SELECT C.customerName AS Customer, SUM(OD.quantityOrdered) AS Total
FROM Orders O, Customers C, OrderDetails OD
WHERE O.customerNumber = C.customerNumber
 AND O.orderNumber = OD.orderNumber
GROUP BY O.customerNumber
ORDER BY Total DESC;

Output customer name and total amount of orders, where total amount of orders is computed by taking all orders associated with each customer number, and summing up the quantities from their according order details. The output is in descending order, ordered by the total amount of orders. This shows how many items each customer has ordered, prioritising the ones who have ordered the most items.

Output the product name of each product along with the total quantity ordered, so long as the total quantity is greater than 1000. The total quantity ordered is computed by adding up the quantity of each individual order made for each product number, then naturally joined with the product table by product number. This gives an overview of how many

```
1. SELECT customerName
  FROM
          Customers
  WHERE
          UPPER(TRIM(country)) IS 'NORWAY';
2. SELECT productName, productScale
  FROM Products
  WHERE productLine IS 'Classic Cars';
3. SELECT O.orderNumber, O.requiredDate, P.productName, OD.quantityOrdered, P.quantityInStoc
  FROM
          OrderDetails OD, Orders O, Products P
  WHERE
          OD.orderNumber = O.orderNumber
    AND
          OD.productCode = P.productCode
    AND
          0.status = 'In Process';
4. SELECT
          C.customerName, C.creditLimit, Pr.totalPrice, Pm.totalPayment, Pr.totalPrice-Pm.to
  FROM
          Customers C NATURAL JOIN
                    customerNumber, SUM(amount) AS totalPayment
            SELECT
                    Payments
            GROUP BY customerNumber
          ) AS Pm,
          (
            SELECT O.customerNumber, SUM(OD.quantityOrdered*OD.priceEach) AS totalPrice
            FROM Orders O, OrderDetails OD
            WHERE O.orderNumber = OD.orderNumber
            GROUP BY O.customerNumber
          ) AS Pr
          C.customerNumber = Pr.customerNumber
  WHERE
    AND
          C.customernumber = Pm.customerNumber
    AND
          diffPricePayment > C.creditLimit;
5. SELECT
          customerNumber, customerName
  FROM
        (SELECT DISTINCT customerNumber, customerName, productCode
               Customers C NATURAL JOIN Orders O NATURAL JOIN OrderDetails OD NATURAL JOIN
                 (SELECT
                         sOD.productCode
                         Orders sO NATURAL JOIN OrderDetails sOD
                FROM
                WHERE
                         s0.customerNumber = 219) KL/* key list*/) L --actual list
  GROUP BY
           customerNumber
  HAVING COUNT(*) IN (SELECT COUNT(*)
          FROM
                  Orders sO NATURAL JOIN OrderDetails sOD
          WHERE
                  s0.customerNumber = 219)
    AND customerNumber != 219
  ORDER BY customerNumber;
```

In this assignment I have assumed that the required sql query to generate such a list in Part I task 3 is sufficient. I have also assumed that these queries should be completely dynamic. What I mean by dynamic here is that the query can run without user input, or unwarranted assumptions about the current state of the database. This I have done to increase my understanding of SQL, although some of the solutions are quite inelegant.