



# Sherlock and Arrays

Watson gives Sherlock an array of integers. His challenge is to find an element of the array such that the sum of all elements to the left is equal to the sum of all elements to the right. For instance, given the array arr = [5, 6, 8, 11], 8 is between two subarrays that sum to 11. If your starting array is [1], that element satisfies the rule as left and right sum to 0.

You will be given arrays of integers and must determine whether there is an element that meets the criterion.

#### **Problem Description**

Complete the SherlockAndArray problem. It should return a string, either YES if there is an element meeting the criterion or **NO** otherwise.

### Input Format

The first line contains **T**, the number of test cases.

The next pairs of lines each represent a test case.

- The first line contains n, the number of elements in the array arr.
- The second line contains n space-separated integers arr[i] where 0 <= 1 <= n.</li>

#### Constraints

- $1 \le T \le 10$
- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- $1 \le arr[i] \le 2 \times 10^4$
- 0 ≤ i < n

#### **Output Format**

For each test case print YES if there exists an element in the array, such that the sum of the elements on its left is equal to the sum of the elements on its right; otherwise print **NO**.





















### Sample 1

Sample input	Sample output
2	NO
3	YES
123	
4	
1 2 3 3	

## Explanation 1

For the first test case, no such index exists.

For the second test case, arr[0] + arr[1] = arr[3], therefore index 2 satisfies the given conditions.

### Sample 2

Sample input	Sample output
3	YES
5	YES
11411	YES
4	
2000	
4	
0020	

### **Explanation 2**

In the first test case, *arr[2] = 4* is between two subarrays summing to 2.

In the second case, *arr[0] = 2* is between two subarrays summing to *0*.

In the third case, arr[2] = 2 is between two subarrays summing to 0.















