## Task 7

Create a generic class **XList**, objects of which are lists, i.e., it directly or indirectly implements the **List** interface. The class provides some additional functionality allowing for creating lists and operating on them.

The class should define constructors

- public XList(Collection<T> coll)
   which ensures that the list being created contains the same elements as the
   collection coll;
- public XList(T... args) which ensures that the list being created contains all elements passed as commaseparated arguments or an array.

Create also static factory methods of of a similar functionality

```
• public static <T> XList<T> of(Collection<T> coll)
```

• public static <T> XList<T> of(T... args)

and, for the special case of lists of Strings

- public static XList<String> charsOf(String str) which returns a list of Strings containing individual characters from str;
- public static XList<String> tokensOf(String str, String sep) which returns a list of lexemes ("words") from str, where sep is a regular expression defining the separator between lexemes;
- public static XList<String> tokensOf(String str) which returns a list of lexemes ("words") from str separated by any non-empty sequences of white characters.

Also, define the following non-static methods:

- public XList<T> union(Collection<? extends T> coll)
   which returns a new XList containing all elements of this list and all elements of coll:
- public XList<T> union(T... arr) as the previous one, but with a different type of arguments;
- public XList<T> diff(Collection<? extends T> col) which returns a new XList containing elements of *this* list, but only those which do *not* occur in coll;
- public XList<T> diff(T... arr) as the previous one, but with a different type of arguments;
- public XList<T> unique() which returns a new XList with elements of *this* list, but without repetitions (the order of elements should be preserved);

• public XList<XList<T>> combine()

which can be invoked on a list elements of which are themselves lists and returns also a list of lists. Each of the resulting lists contains exactly one element from each input list in all possible combinations. Example: let *this* list contains, as its elements, three lists, so it has a form

- public <R> XList<R> collect(Function<? super T, ? extends R> fun) which returns a new list, elements of which are the results of applying the function on elements of this list;
- public String join(String sep) returning a string which is the concatenation of the strings representing the elements of *this* list, separated by the separator sep;
- public String join() as before, but without separators;
- public void for Each With Index (Bi Consumer <? super T, Integer > cons) which iterates over this list and applies the consumer cons (its accept function) to all pairs (element, i), where element is an element of the list and i is its index.

## The following program

```
download SXList.java
// imports
public class XList {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
          // some data to use later
        Integer[] ints = {88, 99};
        Set<Integer> set =
                    new HashSet<>(Arrays.asList(4, 7));
        System.out.println("*** Creating XLists");
        XList<Integer> list1 = new XList<>(1, 3, 9);
        XList<Integer> list2 = XList.of(5, 6);
        XList<Integer> list3 = new XList<>(ints);
        XList<Integer> list4 = XList.of(ints);
        XList<Integer> list5 = new XList<>(set);
        XList<Integer> list6 = XList.of(set);
        System.out.println(list1);
        System.out.println(list2);
        System.out.println(list3);
        System.out.println(list4);
        System.out.println(list5);
        System.out.println(list6);
```

```
System.out.println("*** Special funcs for Strings");
XList<String> slist1 = XList.charsOf("ab cd efg");
XList<String> slist2 = XList.tokensOf("ab cd efg");
XList<String> slist3 = XList.tokensOf("A-B-C", "-");
System.out.println(slist1);
System.out.println(slist2);
System.out.println(slist3);
System.out.println("*** Union");
List<Integer> m1 = list1.union(list2);
System.out.println(m1);
m1.add(11);
System.out.println(m1);
XList<Integer> m2 = (XList<Integer>) m1;
XList<Integer> m3 =
        m2.union(ints).union(XList.of(4, 4));
System.out.println(m2);
System.out.println(m3);
m3 = m3.union(set);
System.out.println(m3);
System.out.println("*** Diff");
System.out.println(m3.diff(set));
System.out.println(XList.of(set).diff(m3));
System.out.println("*** Unique");
XList<Integer> uniq = m3.unique();
System.out.println(uniq);
System.out.println("*** Combinations");
List<String> sa = Arrays.asList("a", "b");
List<String> sb = Arrays.asList("X");
XList<String> sc = XList.charsOf("12");
XList toCombine = XList.of(sa, sb, sc);
XList<XList<String>> cres = toCombine.combine();
System.out.println(cres);
System.out.println("*** Collect and join");
XList<String> j1 = cres.collect(li -> li.join());
System.out.println(j1.join(" "));
XList<String> j2 =cres.collect(li -> li.join("-"));
System.out.println(j2.join(" "));
System.out.println("*** ForEachWithIndex");
XList<Integer> lmod =
```

```
XList.of(1,2,8, 10, 11, 30, 3, 4);
            lmod.forEachWithIndex( (e, i) -> lmod.set(i, e*2));
            System.out.println(lmod);
            lmod.forEachWithIndex( (e, i) -> {
                 if (i % 2 == 0) lmod.remove(e);
            });
            System.out.println(lmod);
            lmod.forEachWithIndex( (e, i) -> {
                 if (i \% 2 == 0) lmod.remove(i);
            });
            System.out.println(lmod);
        }
    }
should print something like
    *** Creating XLists
    [1, 3, 9]
    [5, 6]
    [88, 99]
    [88, 99]
    [4, 7]
    [4, 7]
    *** Special funcs for Strings
    [a, b, , c, d, , e, f, g]
    [ab, cd, efg]
    [A, B, C]
    *** Union
    [1, 3, 9, 5, 6]
    [1, 3, 9, 5, 6, 11]
    [1, 3, 9, 5, 6, 11]
    [1, 3, 9, 5, 6, 11, 88, 99, 4, 4]
    [1, 3, 9, 5, 6, 11, 88, 99, 4, 4, 4, 7]
    *** Diff
    [1, 3, 9, 5, 6, 11, 88, 99]
    *** Unique
    [1, 3, 9, 5, 6, 11, 88, 99, 4, 7]
    *** Combinations
    [[a, X, 1], [a, X, 2], [b, X, 1], [b, X, 2]]
    *** Collect and join
    aX1 aX2 bX1 bX2
    a-X-1 a-X-2 b-X-1 b-X-2
    *** ForEachWithIndex
    [2, 4, 16, 20, 22, 60, 6, 8]
    [4, 16, 22, 60, 8]
    [16, 22, 60, 8]
```

Deadline: Dec 11 (inclusive)