NOTES Take natural texts and try to make. Natural language processing - medictions based on them.
words ma volcabulary mapped mto multidimensional vectors
Each vector-represent a point in that multidimentsional map.
Same category words have nearby pomts. (feature space)
Vocabulary of V no of words.
W(1) $W(2)$ $W(V)$
The first of affective of the first of the f
(C(1) c(2) ··· (c(v)) on dimentional vectors.
vocabulary codebook. (This will also be learned as a. part of parameters). Through a. large set of unlable documents.
Vectorized text document A good word - vec One filter has a most
cof'n words system can predict surround! words. -ng words in the document K filters.
m for a given word m
19 3/ With the self of the sel
(nxm) 2 d
Each filter is convolived. (mxd)
and check how much the. DD K rows for k filters
each words matches with the (nxk)
words in the filter. A correlation map id. 1
max poiling
max value from each
row will be taken (Highest LR or
match with the fitted r) MLP
For parameter learning in NLP we don't use a true label
"In order create a true label for the text a human will have to
read the whole document costly.
the same of the decrease of the same of th

NOTES

Vocalbulary has V no of words.
wn - nth word of the document. [Neural text model]
Softmax
Schill Son School Schoo
E C2 (wm) O y mediction about words
Surrounding word wm
$C_{m}(\omega_{n})U$
d dimension P(wii) (Clun) probability of ith
hidden layer word m document be in the neighbour (document) h = WOC + b - hood of m. n th word in document
h = WOC + b - hood of m. n th word in do coment
y = UDh + bi To take the probability h is
Softmax Send through another set of weights. U
with v-1 dimension.
There will be y., y2, yv-1 outpots
and send through softmax. yv = 0
P(w(v) c(wm)) = 1
Smce there sares no label
data we can use either
1. Continous Bag of words. = 1 - sum of (v-1) prob
$C(Wn) = Avq. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C(Wn-1)^{n} (a \in 1,2,3,)$
i=-a Sum of neighbourng words' vectors.
except wn.
P(Wil) ((wn)) will give the probability of ith word being
Wn 7 191
or 2. Skip - Gram model
Input is C(Wm). The highest probabilities m the output
mdicates words m volcabulary that are m the neighbourhood
of d of Wm
to learn the parameleters W, U, biases and & word
vectors (c).

NOTES

	.l (b.l.)	st suitable parameters? (ost formetion should be highest					
ow to get mo	st suitable	parameters,	(051 1011	t Clion	3110014 9	NIETT S	
cost func		log probab	ility for i	Th mpu	tword.		
	Ĩ=	fun	ction of out	- param	eters.		
	M = donou	ا م مه ما	trammg.	10 600	. 0		
	IV - Wellen	ndr on no of	•			K .	
			Take th	e negat	ive value	e of the	
* *		(0)	st function	value	and per	form S	
					= 1		
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