

# Assignment - 2

Calculate all the Ratio for given Sample Balance sheet

Particulars	Rs
<u>Assets</u>	
Depreciation value of Long term Asset	800
Investment	100
<u>Current Assets</u>	
Account Receivable	300
Inventory	200
Cash & Bank Balance	100
Total	1,500
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Shareholder's Equity capital	100
Reserves & Surplus	400
Loans	500
<u>Current Liabilities</u>	
Account Payable	400
Short Term Loans	100
Total	1,500



# Profit & Loss Account

Particulars	RS
Sales	1,000
Less:- Cost	
Manufacturing	300
Administrative	100
Sales & Distribution	200
EBITDA or operating Profit	400
Less:-	
Depreciation	60
Interest	60
Taxes	120
Net Profit	160

Ans:-

Profitability Ratio

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Operating Profit Margin} &= \frac{\text{EBITDA}}{\text{Sales}} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{400}{1,000} \times 100 \\
 &= 0.4 \times 100 \\
 \text{Operating Profit Margin} &= 40\%
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\text{Net Profit Margin} = \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Sales}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{1,000} \times 100$$

$$= 0.16 \times 100$$

$$\text{Net Profit Margin} = 16\%$$

Return Ratio

$$\text{Return of Capital Employed} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{SHF} + \text{Loan}} \times 100$$

Notes:-

$$\text{SHF} = \text{Share Capital} + \text{R\&S}$$

$$= 100 + 400 = 500$$

$$\text{EBIT} = \text{EBITDA} - \text{Interest}$$

$$= 400 - 60 = 340$$

$$= \frac{340}{500 + 600} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{340}{1,100} \times 100$$

$$= 0.309$$

$$= 30.9\%$$

$$\text{Loan} = \text{Long Term Loan} +$$

$$[\text{Debt}] \text{ Short Term Loan}$$

$$= 500 + 100 = 600$$

Return of

Capital

Equity

$$= 30.9\%$$

$$\text{Return of Long Term Asset} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{LTA}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{340}{800} \times 100$$

$$= 0.425 \times 100$$

$$\text{Return of Long Term Asset} = 42.5\%$$



$$\text{Return of Net Worth} = \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{SC}(+) \text{R\&S}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{100+400} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{500} \times 100$$

$$= 0.32 \times 100$$

$$\text{Return of Net Worth} = 32\%$$

Coverage Ratio

$$\text{Interest Coverage Ratio} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{Interest}}$$

$$= \frac{340}{60}$$

$$\text{Interest Coverage Ratio} = 5.66$$

$$\text{Net Debt to EBITDA} = \frac{\text{Total Debt} (-) \text{Cash \& Cash Equivalents}}{\text{EBITDA}}$$

$$= \frac{600 - 100}{400}$$

$$= \frac{500}{400}$$

$$\text{Net Debt to EBITDA} = 1.25$$



## Stability Ratio

$$\text{Debit Equity Ratio} = \frac{\text{Total Debt}}{\text{Equity}}$$

$$= \frac{600}{500}$$

$$\text{Debit Equity Ratio} = 1.2$$

$$\text{Long Term Debt Equity Ratio} = \frac{\text{Long Term Debt}}{\text{Equity}}$$

$$= \frac{500}{500}$$

$$\text{Long Term Debt Equity Ratio} = 1$$

## Liquidity Ratio

$$\text{Current Ratio} = \frac{\text{Current Asset}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$$

$$= \frac{600}{500}$$

$$\text{Current Ratio} = 1.2$$



$$\text{Quick Ratio} = \frac{\text{Current Assets} + \text{Inventories}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$$

$$= \frac{500 - 100}{900}$$

$$= \frac{400}{500}$$

$$\text{Quick Ratio} = 0.8$$

### Dupont Analysis

$$= \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Sales}} \times \frac{\text{Sales}}{\text{Assets}} \times \frac{\text{Assets}}{\text{Equity}}$$

$$= \frac{160}{1,000} \times \frac{1,000}{1,500} \times \frac{1,500}{500}$$

$$= \frac{160}{500}$$

$$= 32\%$$

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