

Assignment - 2

Balance Sheet

Particulars	RS.
Assets	
Depreciation value of Long term Asset	800
Investment	100.
Current Assets.	
Account Receivable	300
Inventory	200
Cash & Bank Balance	100
Total	<u>1,500</u>
Liabilities.	
Shareholder's Equity	100
Capital	400
Reserves & Surplus	500
Loans	400

Current Liabilities

Account Payable

400

Short term loans

100

Total

1,500

Profit & Loss Account

Particulars	Rs.
Sales	1,000
Less :- cost	
Manufacturing	300
Administrative	100
Sales & Distribution	200
EBITDA or operating Profit	<u>400</u>
less :-	
Depreciation	60
Interest	60
Taxes	120
Net Profit	<u>160</u>

Ans :-

Profitability Ratio

$$\text{Operating Profit Margin} = \frac{\text{EBITDA}}{\text{Sales}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{400}{1,000} \times 100$$

$$= 0.4 \times 100$$

$$\text{Operating Profit Margin} = 40\%$$

Net Profit Margin.

$$= \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Sales}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{1000} \times 100$$

$$= 0.16 \times 100$$

Net Profit Margin = 16%

Return Ratio

$$\frac{\text{Return on Capital Employed}}{\text{Employed}} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{(\text{SHF}) + \text{Loan}} \times 100$$

Notes:-

$$\text{SHF} = \text{Share Capital (+) R\&S} = \frac{340}{500 + 600} \times 100$$

$$= 100 + 400 = 500$$

$$= \frac{340}{1100} \times 100$$

$$\text{EBIT} = \text{EBITDA} (-) \text{Interest}$$

$$= 400 - 60 = 340$$

$$= 0.309 \times 100$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Loan} = \text{Long term loan (+) Return of} \\ \text{(debit) Short term loan. Capital} \\ = 500 + 100 = 600 \text{ Equity} \end{array} \right\} = 30.9\%$$

$$\text{Return of Long term Asset} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{LTA}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{340}{800} \times 100$$

$$= 0.425 \times 100$$

$$\text{Return of Long term Asset} = 42.5\%$$

$$\text{Return of Net Worth} = \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{SC (+) PFS}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{100 + 400} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{500} \times 100$$

$$= 0.32 \times 100$$

$$\text{Return of Net Worth} = 32\%$$

Coverage Ratio

$$\text{Interest Coverage Ratio} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{Interest}}$$

$$= \frac{340}{60}$$

$$\text{Interest Coverage Ratio} = 5.66$$

$$\text{Net Debt of EBITDA} = \frac{\text{Total Debt}}{\text{Cash \& Cash Equivalents}}$$

$$\text{Cash \& Cash Equivalents}$$

$$\text{EBITDA}$$

$$= \frac{600 (-) 100}{400}$$

$$= \frac{500}{400}$$

$$\text{Net Debit to EBSYDA} = 1.25$$

Stability Ratio

$$\text{Debit Equity Ratio} = \frac{\text{Total Debit}}{\text{Equity}}$$

$$= \frac{600}{500}$$

$$\text{Debit Equity ratio} = 1.2$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Long term Debit} \\ \text{ratio} \end{array} \right\} \text{Equity} = \frac{\text{Long term Debit}}{\text{Equity}}$$

$$= \frac{500}{500}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{term Debit} \\ \text{ratio} \end{array} \right\} \text{Equity} = 1$$

Liquidity ratio

$$\text{Current Ratio} = \frac{\text{Current Asset}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$$

$$= \frac{600}{500}$$

$$\text{Current ratio} = 1.2$$

$$\text{Quick Ratio} = \frac{\text{Current Assets} - \text{Inventory}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$$

$$= \frac{500 - 100}{500}$$

$$= \frac{400}{500}$$

$$\text{Quick Ratio} = 0.8$$

Du Pont Analysis.

$$= \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Sales}} \times \frac{\text{Sales}}{\text{Assets}} \times \frac{\text{Assets}}{\text{Equity}}$$

$$= \frac{160}{1,000} \times \frac{1,000}{1,500} \times \frac{1,500}{500}$$

$$= \frac{160}{500}$$

$$= 32\%$$

Answer