

Applied Financial Statement
Analysis
Assignment - 3

B. Santhiya

1923MM014

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Balance Sheet

Particular	Rs
Assets	
Depreciation Value of Long term asset	800
Investment	100
Current Assets	
Account Receivable	300
Inventory	200
Cash & Bank Balance	100
	<u>1,500</u>
Liabilities	
Shareholder's Equity	100
Capital	400
Reserves & surplus	500
Loans	
Current liabilities	
Account Payable	400
Short term loans	100
Total	<u>1,500</u>

Profit & Loss Account.

Particular	Rs
Sales	1,000
Less: cost	
Manufacturing	300
Administrative	100
Sales & Distribution	200
EBITDA or Operating Profit	<u>400</u>
Less:	
Depreciation	60
Interest	60
Taxes	120
Net Profit	<u><u>160</u></u>

Ans:-

Profitability Ratio

$$\text{Operating Profit Margin} = \frac{\text{EBITDA}}{\text{Sales}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{400}{1,000} \times 100$$

$$= 0.4 \times 100$$

$$\text{Operating Profit Margin} = 40\%$$

Net Profit Ratio margin

$$= \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Sales}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{1,000} \times 100$$

$$= 0.16 \times 100$$

Net Profit Margin = 16%

Return Ratio

$$\text{Return on capital employed} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{(\text{SHF}) + \text{Loan}} \times 100$$

Notes:

SHF = Share capital (+) R&S

$$= 100 + 400 = 500$$

$$= \frac{340}{500 + 600} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{340}{1,100} \times 100$$

EBIT = EBITDA (-) Interest

$$= 400 - 60 = 340$$

$$= 0.309 \times 100$$

Loan = Long term loan (+)

(debit) Short term loan

$$= 500 + 100 = 600$$

Return of capital equity } = 30.9%

$$\text{Return of Long Term Asset} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{LTA}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{340}{800} \times 100$$

$$= 0.425 \times 100$$

$$= 42.5\%$$

Return of Long term asset

$$\text{Return of Net worth} = \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{SCL (+) P\&S}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{100 + 400} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{500} \times 100$$

$$= 0.32 \times 100$$

$$\text{Return of Net worth} = 32\%$$

Coverage ratio

$$\text{Interest coverage ratio} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{Interest}}$$

$$= \frac{340}{60}$$

$$\text{Interest coverage ratio} = 5.66$$

$$\text{Net Debt to EBITDA} = \frac{\text{Total Debt}}{(-)}$$

$$\frac{\text{Cash \& cash equivalents}}{\text{EBITDA}}$$

$$\text{EBITDA}$$

$$= \frac{600 - 100}{400}$$

$$= \frac{500}{400}$$

$$\text{Net Debt to EBITDA} = 1.25$$

Stability Ratio

$$\text{Debt equity ratio} = \frac{\text{Total Debt}}{\text{Equity}}$$

$$= \frac{600}{500}$$

Debit equity ratio = 1.2

$$\text{Long Term Debit Equity ratio} = \frac{\text{Long term Debit}}{\text{equity}}$$

$$= \frac{500}{500}$$

$$\text{Term Debit Equity ratio} = 1$$

Liquidity ratio

$$\text{Current Ratio} = \frac{\text{Current Asset}}{\text{current liabilities}}$$

$$= \frac{600}{500}$$

$$\text{current ratio} = 1.2$$

$$\text{Quick Ratio} = \frac{\text{Current Assets} + \text{Inventories}}{\text{current liabilities}}$$

$$= \frac{500 - 100}{900}$$

$$= \frac{400}{500}$$

$$\text{Quick ratio} = 0.8$$

Dupont Analysis.

$$= \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Sales}} \times \frac{\text{Sales}}{\text{Assets}} \times \frac{\text{Assets}}{\text{Equity}}$$

$$= \frac{160}{1,000} \times \frac{1000}{1500} \times \frac{1500}{500}$$

$$= \frac{160}{500}$$

$$= 32\%$$

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