

Assignment - 3

Profit & Loss Account

Particulars	₹
Sales	1000
Less: cost	
manufacturing	300
Administrative	100
Sales & Distribution	200
EBIDA or operating Profit	400
Less:	
Depreciation	60
Interest	60
Taxes	120
Net Profit	160

Ans:-

Profitability Ratio:-

$$\text{Operating Profit margin} = \frac{\text{EBIDA}}{\text{Sales}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{400}{1000} \times 100$$

$$= 0.4 \times 100$$

$$\text{Operating Profit margin} = 40\%$$

$$\text{Net Profit margin} = \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Sales}}$$

$$= \frac{160}{1000} \times 100$$

$$\text{Net Profit margin} = 16\%$$

Return Ratio:

$$\text{Return of capital employed} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{SHP}(+) \text{Loan}} \times 100$$

Notes:-

SHP = Share Capital (+) RLS

$$= 100 + 400 = 500$$

$$= \frac{240}{500 + 100} \times 100$$

$$\text{EBIT} = \text{EBIDA} (-) \text{Interest}$$

$$= 400 - 60 = 340$$

$$= \frac{340}{1100} \times 100$$

$$= 0.309$$

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Loan = Long term Loan (+)

Short term Loan Return of capital = 30.9%

$$= 200 + 100 = 300$$

$$\text{Return of long term Asset} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{LTA}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{340}{800} \times 100$$

$$= 0.425 \times 100$$

Return of long term

$$\text{Asset} = 42.5\%$$

$$\text{Return on net worth} = \frac{\text{net Profit}}{\text{SC}(+) \text{R\&S}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{100 + 400} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{160}{500} \times 100$$

$$= 0.32 \times 100$$

Return on net worth

$$= 32\%$$

Coverage Ratio

$$\text{Interest Coverage Ratio} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{Interest}} \\ = \frac{340}{60}$$

$$\text{Interest Coverage Ratio} = 5.66$$

$$\text{net Debt to EBITDA} = \frac{\text{Total Debt (-) Cash \& Cash equivalents}}{\text{EBITDA}}$$

$$= \frac{600(-) 100}{400}$$

$$= \frac{500}{400}$$

$$\text{net Debt to EBITDA} = 1.25$$

Stability Ratio:-

$$\text{Debt Equity Ratio} = \frac{\text{Total Debt}}{\text{Equity}} \\ = \frac{600}{500}$$

$$\text{Debt Equity Ratio} = 1.2$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Long term Debt} \\ \text{Equity Ratio} \end{array} \right\} = \frac{\text{Long term Debt}}{\text{Equity}} \\ = \frac{500}{500}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Long term Debt} \\ \text{Equity Ratio} \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

Liquidity Ratio

$$\text{Current Ratio} = \frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}} \\ = \frac{600}{500}$$

$$\text{Current Ratio} = 1.2$$

$$\text{Quick Ratio} = \frac{\text{current Assets} + \text{inventories}}{\text{current liabilities}}$$

$$= \frac{500 - 100}{900}$$

$$Q.R = 0.8$$

Dupont Analysis

$$= \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Sales}} \times \frac{\text{Sales}}{\text{Assets}} \times \frac{\text{Assets}}{\text{Equity}}$$

$$= \frac{160}{1000} \times \frac{1000}{1000} \times \frac{1500}{500}$$

$$= \frac{160}{500}$$

$$= 32\%$$

Clearly