Applied Financial Statement Analysis Assignment -8

> B. Santhiya 1923 MM014 II-M. COM CA

Assignment-8

Explain about regative working capital and in what perspective it will be good why?

Negative working capital occurs when a Company's current liabilities exceed its current arrets. In simple terms, it means that a company doesn't have enough short-term arrets (like cash receivables on inventory) to covers its short term obligations (like psyaller, short-term loans, or account expenses). This can sound alarming but in some cases, it can actually be a sign of efficiency; depending on the business model. When negative working capital can be good.

1. Cosh-flow efficient businesses

comparies with strong cash flow and low relieves on inventory can benefit from negative working capital. For Example, retail humereres (like supermarkets or ordine retailers) often receive cash from customers but have time before they need to pay suppliers. This means they don't need a lot of working capital and they may

delibrately from with regative working capitalisms

Fast Turnovor Industries;

Businesses with quick inventory turnover and short sales cycles, ruch as fast food chains a e-commerce platforms can operate with negative working capital. They receive payments good from customers quickly (sometimes before delivering goods) but suppliers are paid on credit terms, creating a situation where liabilities temporosily exceed arets.

Supplier financing,

companies may intentionally extend their payment terms with suppliers, using this credit as a form of short term financing. This enables them to keep less cash or working capital on hard while still fulfilling operations. Essentially the business is wring suppliers to finance operation nother than its can capital.

bereficial:

D Lower Financing needs:

Companies with regative working capital don't need to raise or hold as much eash for operations, reducing borrowing or capital costs

- Higher efficiency

It can reflect operational efficiency, especially in industries where goods are sold quickly and payments are delayed to suppliers.

-) Focus on core Activities

Firms can allocates their resources

To more productive areas (like expansion
or involution) instead of tying up cash
in working capital