

Vocabulary

Shirts have **buttons** at the front.

Zippers are used to close different types of clothing. You pull them up to close them.

Belts are often worn around the tops of pants. They're often made from leather.

Belts are fastened using a **buckle**, usually made of metal.

Shirts have a **collar** at the top, which goes around the neck.

The parts of clothing that go around the arms are called sleeves.

A **tie** – or **neck tie** – can be worn to cover the buttons at the front of a shirt.

To put on a neck tie, you need to tie a **knot** (pronounced like "not") at the top.

A suit is a pair of slacks and a jacket – usually worn with a shirt and, often, a tie.

Many types of clothing are made of **cotton**, which comes from plants.

Clothing can also be made from wool, which comes from sheep.

Jeans are made of a material called denim.

A design of lines or shapes – on a neck tie, for example – is called a pattern.

Reading 15.2





15.2 Follow-up										
First, read the article in Reading 15.2. Then look at 1–5. Are the sentences true or false? Try to complete the task without looking back at the article.										
1	Shirts were worn in the Middle Ages as underwear.	T	F							
2	The current style of tie has been popular for over 300 years.	T	F							
	Leather belts have existed for over 3,000 years.	T	F							
4	Buttons were invented before zippers.	T	F							

Practice Exercise 1

5 Zippers existed in the 1800s.

Audio link: https://www.inlingua.com/audios

15.2 Listening (Track 56)



F

The comments in A–C were made by three people after reading the article in Reading 15.2. Complete the transcripts using the clothing words below. Then, listen and check your answers.

belts	buckles	buttons	collars	knots	pants	patterns	shirts	sleeves	sneakers	ties	zippers	
A "H	"How innovative can you be with clothing? The 1							on a shirt can be long or short, but				
th	they can't be longer than your arms. You can't have 2						with three legs. There's a limit."					
B "I	"I suppose 3 are good examples. They're always long, standard-shaped pieces of											
m	aterial, with	n standard	1 4		at the	top. They	always	go aroun	d your nec	k, insi	de the	
5		of 6	5		and cove	er the 7		at t	he front, a	nd sto	when they	
re	ach the 8		on	9		. You wo	onder, h	ow much	longer will	l we ha	ive these	
th	ings? Mayb	e we'll ha	ve to wai	t until a	all imagii	nable 10		ha	ave been de	signe	l and printe	
or	on them. It could take thousands of years."											
C "V	"Velcro's a modern way to fasten clothes, isn't it? It's not like we only have buttons and 11											
Вι	But I guess Velcro's more popular on 12 than on clothing. Maybe it's because people											
do	n't like tea	ring open	their clo	othes."								



Practice Exercise 2

Part A Use the words below to complete the article.

buttons comfortable cotton hard-wearing jackets shoes T-shirts worn

These days, when people say "green clothing", often they don't mean the color of a garment, but how environmentally friendly it is. In recent years, it's become quite fashionable to use recycled garbage to make garments. The most popular material – polyethylene terephthalate (PET) – comes from used plastic bottles.

One of the main uses of PET is for making warm 1, such as fleeces.

Recycled PET fleeces look exactly the same as those made from new polyester, and are just as soft and 2 to wear. The material also provides extremely good thermal insulation. PET can also be mixed with other fabrics, such as

extremely good thermal insulation. PET can also be mixed with other fabrics, such as

3 , to make garments like

4 . In 2010, Nike
produced football shirts for the World Cup that were made using recycled PET.

Each garment contained eight recycled bottles. The shirts were very popular with



fans around the world. Nike estimated that total production of the garments used 13 million waste bottles.

Recycled plastic can be used to make clothing fasteners, too, such as plastic

5. Rubber is another material that's often 6 in recycled form. The soles of 7 and boots can be made out of old tire rubber, which is strong and 8.

Practice Exercise 3

Recall the vocabulary learnt in key point 15.1 to complete the following.

Part B Look at these sentences from the article above. Which of the words below mean the same as the highlighted words? Fill in the boxes using each word once.

fairly incredibly pretty rather really

- 1 In recent years, it's become

 quite fashionable to use recycled garbage to make garments.
- 2 The material also provides extremely good thermal insulation.
- 3 The shirts were very popular with fans around the world.



ANSWERS

Follow up 15.2

- 1. T
- 2. F
- 3. T
- 4. T
- 5. F

Practice Exercise 1

- A "How innovative can you be with clothing? The 1 sleeves on a shirt can be long or short, but they can't be longer than your arms. You can't have 2 pants with three legs. There's a limit."
- B "I suppose 3 ties are good examples. They're always long, standard-shaped pieces of material, with standard 4 knots at the top. They always go around your neck, inside the collars of 6 shirts and cover the 7 buttons at the front, and stop when they reach the 8 buckles on 9 belts . You wonder, how much longer will we have these things? Maybe we'll have to wait until all imaginable 10 patterns have been designed and printed on them. It could take thousands of years."
- C "Velcro's a modern way to fasten clothes, isn't it? It's not like we only have buttons and 11 zippers

 But I guess Velcro's more popular on 12 sneakers than on clothing. Maybe it's because people don't like tearing open their clothes."

Practice Exercise 2

- 1. jackets
- 2. comfortable
- 3. cotton
- 4. t-shirts
- 5. buttons
- 6. worn
- 7. shoes
- 8. hard-wearing

Practice Exercise 3

- 1. fairly, pretty, rather
- 2. incredibly
- 3. really