

Multithreading: Locks: Condition class

Condition Class:

Condition.await will **suspend** thread and when any other thread will give **signal** then longest time duration awaiting thread will start executing again and in case of **signalAll** all awaiting thread will start executing.

```
private Lock lock = new ReentrantLock();
private Condition conditionMet = lock.newCondition();

public void method1() throws InterruptedException {
    lock.lock();
    try {
        conditionMet.await();    <-Suspend here
        // can now do dependant operations    <- Resume here
    } finally {
        lock.unlock();
    }
}

public void method2() {
    lock.lock();
    try {
        // do some operations
        conditionMet.signal();
    } finally {
        lock.unlock();
    }
}
```

thread-1

W

thread-2

Similarity with wait-notify

Same semantics as wait-notify

```
public synchronized void execute() {
```

```
    // wait for monitor notify
```

```
    try {
```

```
        monitor.wait();
```

```
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
```

```
        System.err.println("Interrupted");
```

```
    }
```

```
    // notify thread waiting on the monitor
```

```
    monitor.notify();
```

```
    // notify all threads
```

```
    monitor.notifyAll();
```

```
}
```

```
LOCK.lock();
```

```
    // wait for monitor notify
```

```
    try {
```

```
        condition.wait();
```

```
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
```

```
        System.err.println("Interrupted");
```

```
    }
```

```
    // notify thread waiting on the monitor
```

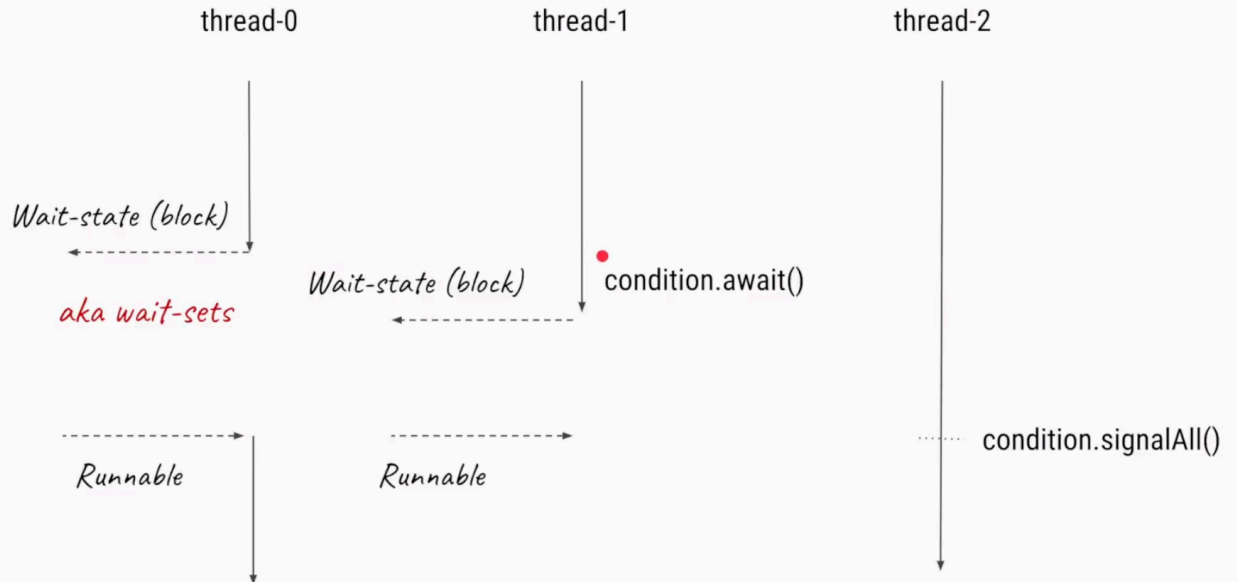
```
    condition.signal();
```

```
    // notify all threads
```

```
    condition.signalAll();
```

```
    lock.unlock();
```

signalAll / wait-sets / fairness



Here with **condition.signal** thread 0 will start operating as this is waiting since a long before.

Note : Sometimes thread wake up without any signal , to stop it we could add this condition inside a loop

Perform await in loop always

```
public String consume() throws InterruptedException {
    lock.lock();
    try {
        while (count == 0)
            added.await();
        return getData();
    } finally {
        lock.unlock();
    }
}
```

Spurious wake ups

Producer consumer problem using these concepts:

```
private Lock lock = new ReentrantLock();
private Condition added = lock.newCondition();
private Condition removed = lock.newCondition();
```

```
public void produce() throws Interrupt
    lock.lock();
    try {
        while (count == MAX_COUNT)
            removed.await();

        addData();
        added.signal();
    } finally {
        lock.unlock();
    }
}
```

```
public String consume() throws Inte
    lock.lock();
    try {
        while (count == 0)
            added.await();

        String data = getData();
        removed.signal();

        return data;
    } finally {
        lock.unlock();
    }
}
```

