- # Examining the air quality temperature variable
- # R has several data sets avaiabale for practice, use the data command to view them data()
- # type in the name of the data set to get a look at its contents
 airquality
- # create a histogram of the temperature variable from air quality
 hist.a = hist(airquality\$Temp)
- # set the frequency to F to show density on the y axis hist.a = hist(airquality\$Temp,freq=F)
- # use the names() function to see modifiable attributes of the histogram names(hist.a)
- \sharp enter the name of the histogram to see the current values of those attributes hist.a
- # changing the number of breaks may give a better picture of the data hist(airquality\$Temp,freq=F,breaks=20)
- # the summary function shows five-number summary plus the mean summary(airquality\$Temp)
- # generate a list of possible y values from a normal distribution y.list = seq(56,97,by=.1)
- # generate a list of densities for the possible y values
 norm.d = dnorm(y.list, mean(airquality\$Temp), sd(airquality\$Temp))
- # add a curve using the generated numbers to the existing histogram
 points(y.list, norm.d, type="1")
- # QQ plots are often used to assess normality
 qqnorm(airquality\$Temp)
 qqline(airquality\$Temp)