

3. Übung

Dienstag, 23. April 2024

11:11

Aufgabe 1

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } e^{j\omega t} - e^{-j\omega t} &= \cos(\omega t) + j \cdot \sin(\omega t) - (\cos(\omega t) + j \sin(\omega t)) \\ &= \cos(\omega t) + j \cdot \sin(\omega t) - \cos(\omega t) - j \sin(\omega t) \\ \cos(-\omega t) &= \cos(\omega t) &= \cos(\omega t) + j \cdot \sin(\omega t) - \cos(\omega t) - j \sin(-\omega t) \\ \sin(-\omega t) &= -\sin(\omega t) &= j \sin(\omega t) - j \cdot \sin(-\omega t) \\ \sin\left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) &= \cos(\omega t) &= j (\sin(\omega t) - \sin(-\omega t)) \\ &= j (\sin(\omega t) + \sin(\omega t)) \\ &= 2j \sin(\omega t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \sin(\omega t) &= \frac{j}{2} e^{-j\omega t} - \frac{j}{2} e^{j\omega t} \\ &= \frac{j}{2} (e^{-j\omega t} - e^{j\omega t}) \\ \text{Rückrechnung} &\hat{=} \frac{j}{2} (\cos(\omega t) - j \sin(\omega t) - (\cos(\omega t) + j \sin(\omega t))) \\ &= \frac{j}{2} (\cos(\omega t) - j \sin(\omega t) - \cos(\omega t) - j \sin(\omega t)) \\ &= \frac{j}{2} (-2j \sin(\omega t)) \\ &= -j^2 \sin(\omega t) \\ &= -(-1) \sin(\omega t) \\ &= \sin(\omega t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } \tan(\omega t) &= \frac{\sin(\omega t)}{\cos(\omega t)} \\ &= \frac{\frac{j}{2} (e^{-j\omega t} - e^{j\omega t})}{\frac{1}{2} (e^{j\omega t} + e^{-j\omega t})} \\ &= \frac{j (e^{-j\omega t} - e^{j\omega t})}{(e^{j\omega t} + e^{-j\omega t})} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } \sin\left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) &= \cos(\omega t) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (e^{j\omega t} + e^{-j\omega t}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{e) } \frac{j}{2} (e^{j\omega t} + e^{-j\omega t}) = \frac{j}{2} (\cos(\omega t) + j \sin(\omega t) + \cos(\omega t) + j \sin(\omega t))$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 e) \quad \frac{j}{2} (e^{j\omega t} + e^{-j\omega t}) &= \frac{j}{2} (\cos(\omega t) + j \sin(\omega t) + \cos(-\omega t) + j \sin(-\omega t)) \\
 &= \frac{j}{2} (\cos(\omega t) + j \sin(\omega t) + \cos(\omega t) - j \sin(\omega t)) \\
 &= \frac{j}{2} (2\cos(\omega t)) \\
 &= j \cos(\omega t) = j \cdot \sin\left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f) \quad \sin(\omega t) - \cos(\omega t) &= \frac{j}{2} (e^{-j\omega t} - e^{j\omega t}) - \frac{1}{2} (e^{j\omega t} + e^{-j\omega t}) \\
 &= \frac{j}{2} e^{-j\omega t} - \frac{j}{2} e^{j\omega t} - \frac{1}{2} e^{j\omega t} - \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega t} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (j e^{-j\omega t} - j e^{j\omega t} - e^{j\omega t} - e^{-j\omega t}) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (e^{j\omega t} (-j-1) + e^{-j\omega t} (j-1)) \\
 &= \frac{-j-1}{2} e^{j\omega t} + \frac{j-1}{2} e^{-j\omega t} \\
 &= \sqrt{2} \cdot \cos\left(\omega t + \frac{5\pi}{4}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 2.

$$\begin{aligned}
 5 \cdot \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} e^{-j5\omega_0 t} &= 5 \cdot \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \cos(-5\omega_0 t) + j \cdot \sin(-5\omega_0 t) \\
 &= 5 \cdot \left(\sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \cos(5\omega_0 t) + j \cdot \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \sin(-5\omega_0 t) \right) \\
 \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} e^{j\omega_0 t} \cdot 0 &= \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \cos(0 \cdot \omega_0 t) + j \cdot \sin(0 \cdot \omega_0 t) \\
 &= \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \cos(0 \cdot \omega_0 t) + j \cdot \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \sin(0 \cdot \omega_0 t)
 \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 3.

a) geg: $T = 10\text{ms} = 0,01\text{ms}$ ges: ω_0, f_0

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{!sg: } \omega_0 &= 2\pi f_0 \\
 &= \frac{2\pi}{T_p}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{T_p}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{0.01} \frac{1}{s}$$

$$= 628.32 \frac{1}{s}$$

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{T_p}$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.01} \frac{1}{s} = 100 \text{ Hz}$$

$$b) \quad x(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sin(\omega_0 t \cdot (2i-1)) \frac{1}{2i-1}$$

c) Fourier-Reihe:

$$\begin{aligned} f(t) &= \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos(\omega_n t) + b_n \sin(\omega_n t)) \\ a_0 &= \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T f(t) dt \\ a_n &= \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T f(t) \cdot \cos(\omega_n t) dt \\ b_n &= \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T f(t) \cdot \sin(\omega_n t) dt \end{aligned}$$

$$x(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{2i-1} \sin(\omega_0 t \cdot (2i-1))$$

$$b_i = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T x(t) \cdot \sin(\omega_0 t (2i-1)) dt \quad \leftarrow$$

$$b_i = \frac{1}{2i-1}$$

d)

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} C_n \cdot e^{j\omega_n x} \\ C_n &= \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T f(x) \cdot e^{-j\omega_n x} \end{aligned}$$

$$x(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{2i-1} \frac{j}{2} \left(e^{-j\omega(2i-1)t} - e^{j\omega(2i-1)t} \right)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \underbrace{\frac{j}{4i-2}}_{a_i} (e^{-j\omega(2i-1)t}) - \sum_{i=1}^n \underbrace{\frac{j}{4i-2}}_{b_i} e^{j\omega(2i-1)t}$$

$$\dots - j\omega(2i-1)t \dots$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 a_i & = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T x(t) \cdot e^{j\omega(2i-1) \cdot t} dt \\
 b_i & = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T x(t) \cdot e^{-j\omega(2i-1) \cdot t} dt
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{ll}
 b_i & = \frac{j}{4i-1}
 \end{array}
 \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} a_i \\ b_i \end{array}} \right\} = c_i$$