

Data Types and Missing Values





Datatypes



Pandas supports various data types: int64, float64, object (string), bool, datetime64, timedelta64, category, and complex. These types enable efficient data manipulation and analysis.

```
import pandas as pd

# Creating a DataFrame with different data types

data = {
    'Integer': [1, 2, 3],
    'Float': [1.1, 2.2, 3.3],
    'String': ['a', 'b', 'c'],
    'Boolean': [True, False, True],
    'Date': pd.to_datetime(['2024-01-01', '2024-02-01', '2024-03-01'])

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

print(df.dtypes)
```

```
Integer int64
Float float64
String object
Boolean bool
Date datetime64[ns]
dtype: object
```

Convertin

```
| pandas
```

```
import pandas as pd

multiple for the strength of the str
```

```
Integers Floats
0 1 1.0
1 2 2.0
2 3 3.0
3 4 4.0
```

```
import pandas as pd
treating a DataFrame with float data
df = pd.DataFrame({'Floats': [1.1, 2.2, 3.3, 4.4]})

# Converting float to integer (truncates decimal part)
df['Integers'] = df['Floats'].astype(int)
print(df)
```

	Floats	Integers
0	1.1	1
1	2.2	2
2	3.3	3
3	4.4	4



Missing values

Pandas handles missing values with NaN. Use methods like dropna() to remove, fillna() to replace, and isna() to detect missing values for effective data cleaning and handling.

```
Original DataFrame:
A B C
Ø 1.0 5.0 x
1 2.0 NaN y
2 NaN NaN z
3 4.0 8.0 NaN
```

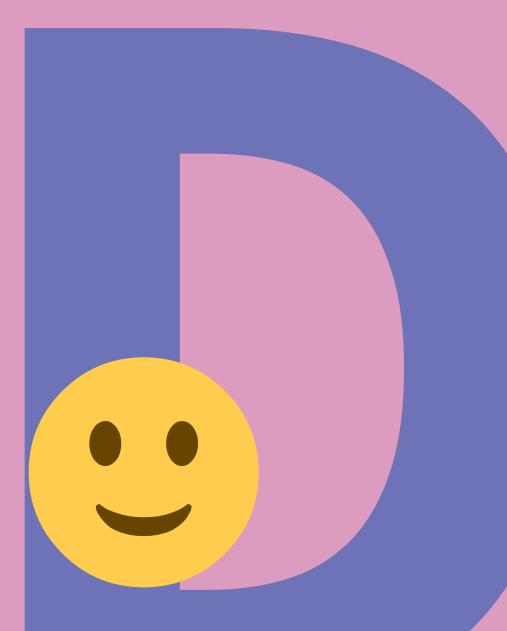
```
# Creating a DataFrame with missing values
    data = {
          'A': [1, 2, np.nan, 4],
          'B': [5, np.nan, np.nan, 8],
          'C': ['x', 'y', 'z', np.nan]
     df = pd.DataFrame(data)
     # Filling missing values with a specific value
     df_filled_value = df.fillna(value={'A': 0, 'B': 0, 'C': 'unknown'})
13
     print("\nDataFrame after filling missing values with specific values:")
     print(df_filled_value)
     # Forward filling missing values
     df_filled_ffill = df.fillna(method='ffill')
19
     print("\nDataFrame after forward filling missing values:")
     print(df filled ffill)
22
     # Backward filling missing values
     df filled bfill = df.fillna(method='bfill')
25
     print("\nDataFrame after backward filling missing values:")
     print(df filled bfill)
          DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

✓ TERMINAL

PS D:\Documents\GitHub\Pandas\vid5> python ex9.py
 DataFrame after filling missing values with specific values:
 0 1.0 5.0
 1 2.0 0.0
 D:\Documents\GitHub\Pandas\vid5\ex9.py:18: FutureWarning: DataFrame.fillna with 'method' is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Use obj.ffill() or obj.bfill() instead.
  df_filled_ffill = df.fillna(method='ffill')
 DataFrame after forward filling missing values:
 0 1.0 5.0 x
 1 2.0 5.0 y
 2 2.0 5.0 z
 D:\Documents\GitHub\Pandas\vid5\ex9.py:24: FutureWarning: DataFrame.fillna with 'method' is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Use obj.ffill() or obj.bfill() instead.
  df_filled_bfill = df.fillna(method='bfill')
 DataFrame after backward filling missing values:
     A B C
 0 1.0 5.0 x
 1 2.0 8.0
   4.0 8.0
```



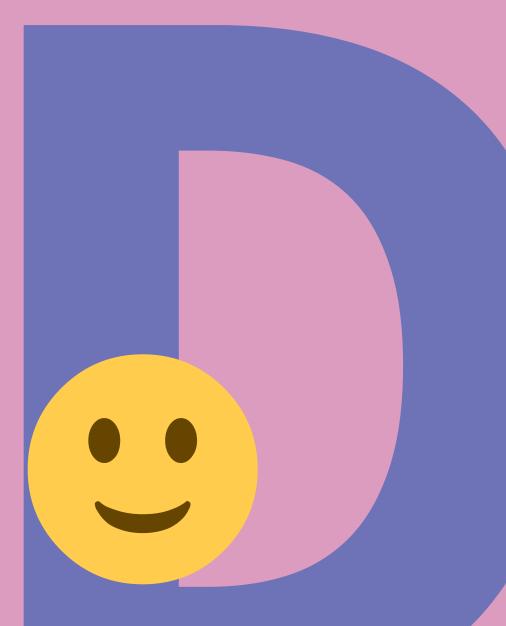
By fillin vals



```
import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     # Creating a DataFrame with missing values
     data = {
          'A': [1, 2, np.nan, 4],
          'B': [5, np.nan, np.nan, 8],
          'C': ['x', 'y', 'z', np.nan]
 8
     df = pd.DataFrame(data)
     # Interpolating missing values
11
     df_interpolated = df.interpolate()
12
13
     print("\nDataFrame after interpolating missing values:")
     print(df_interpolated)
OBLEMS 15
           DEBUG CONSOLE
                       TERMINAL
 TERMINAL
 PS D:\Documents\GitHub\Pandas\vid5> python ex10.py
 D:\Documents\GitHub\Pandas\vid5\ex10.py:11: FutureWarning: DataFrame.interpolate with
 ects(copy=False) before interpolating instead.
  df_interpolated = df.interpolate()
 DataFrame after interpolating missing values:
 0 1.0 5.0
 3 4.0 8.0 NaN
PS D:\Documents\GitHub\Pandas\vid5>
```



By Interpolating







Thankyou