

# PD LAB

## ASSIGNMENT - 1

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Batch: 3

### Aim:-

To Handle Different Versions of Python and their Virtual Environments

### Theory:-

To install Python on a Linux Operating System we have to:

#### 1.Update Package Lists:

First we have to update package lists to ensure we are getting the latest version of Python available. We do this with the command:

```
sudo apt update
```

## 2.Install Python:

To Install Python on Linux we use the command given below next:

```
sudo apt install python3
```

## 3.Verify the Installation:

To verify that Python is installed, we use the command:

```
python3 --version
```

To install multiple versions of python on the same device we can use the same commands but instead of typing:

```
sudo apt install 3.*
```

 where \* is a number such as 9 or 12 where 3.9 or 3.12 is a version of python.

Now to use python we need to create a virtual environment of the correct python version which can be done using VSCode:

- 1.Open VSCode

- 2.Click View and then Command Palette

- 3.Then type in Python and select Create Environment

- 4.Then click Venv

5. Then Click Delete and Recreate
6. Then we select the version of python we want to create the virtual environment for
7. This should install the virtual environment file

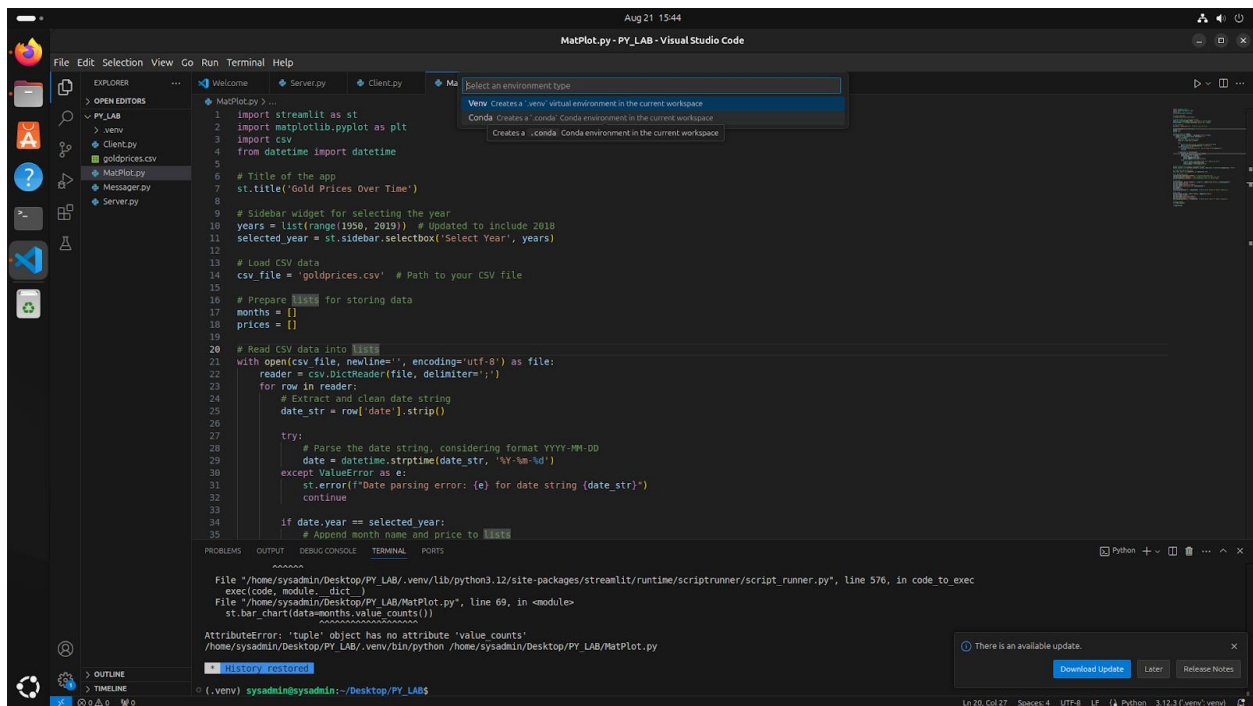
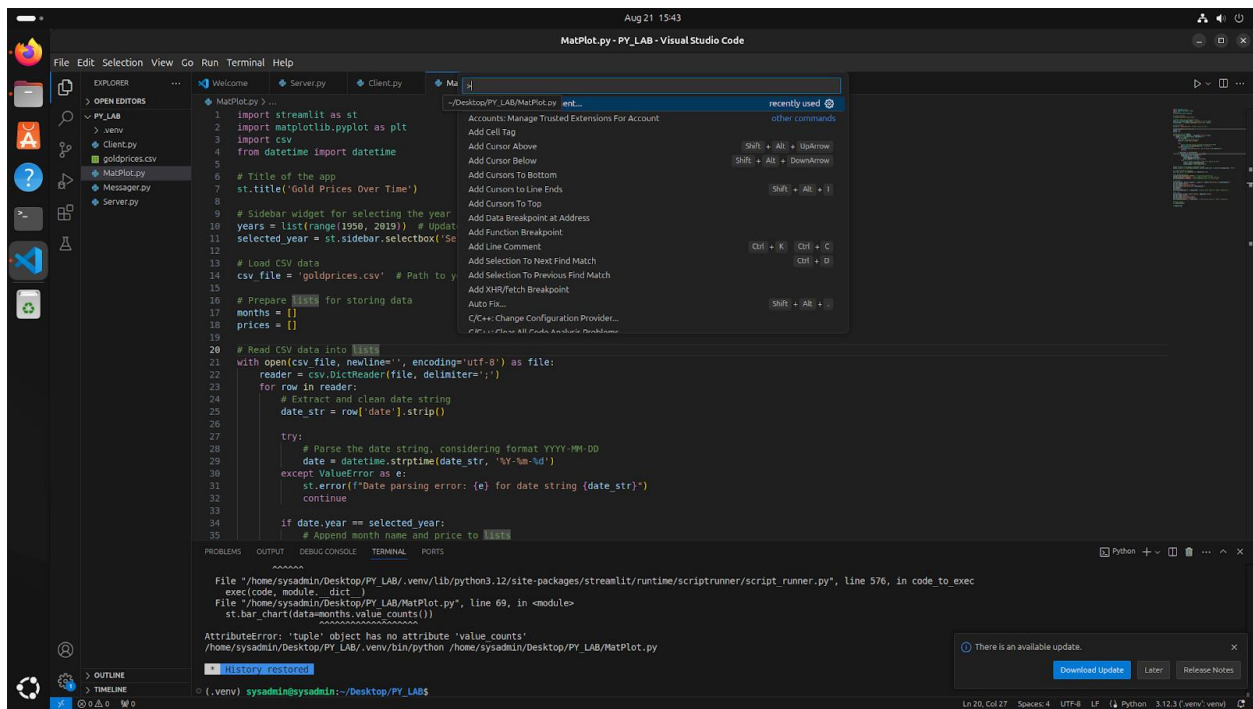
## Code and Output:

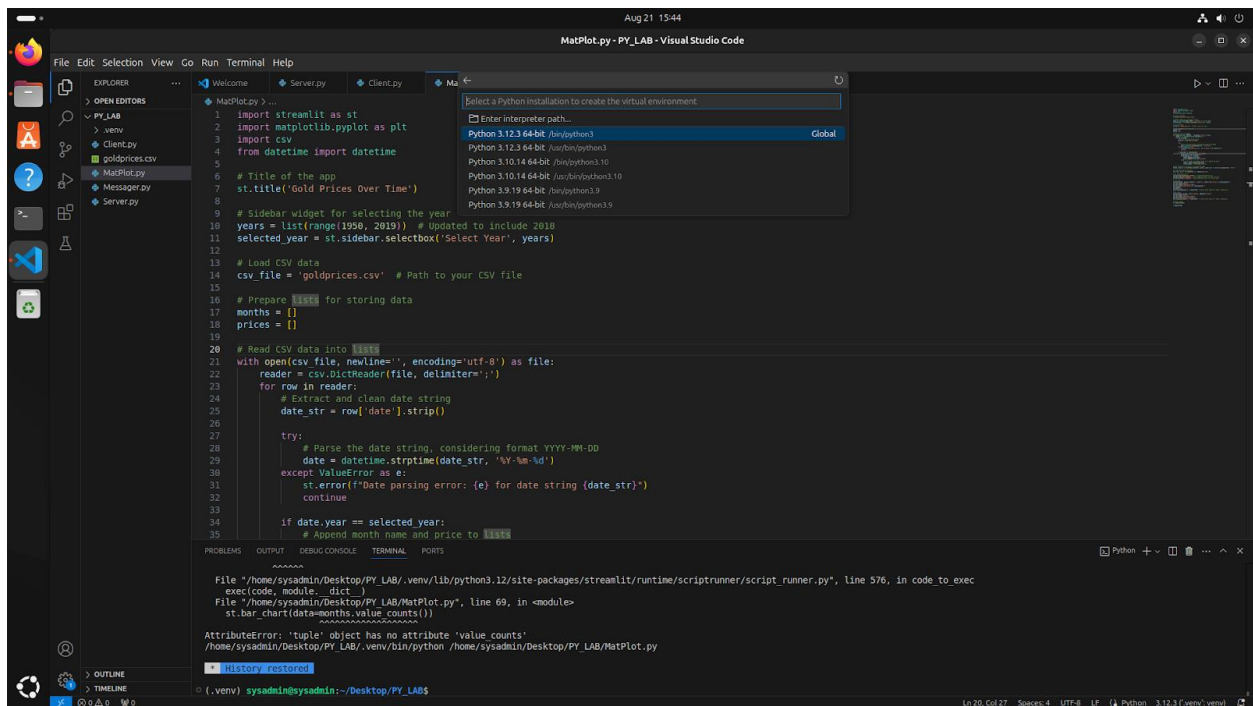
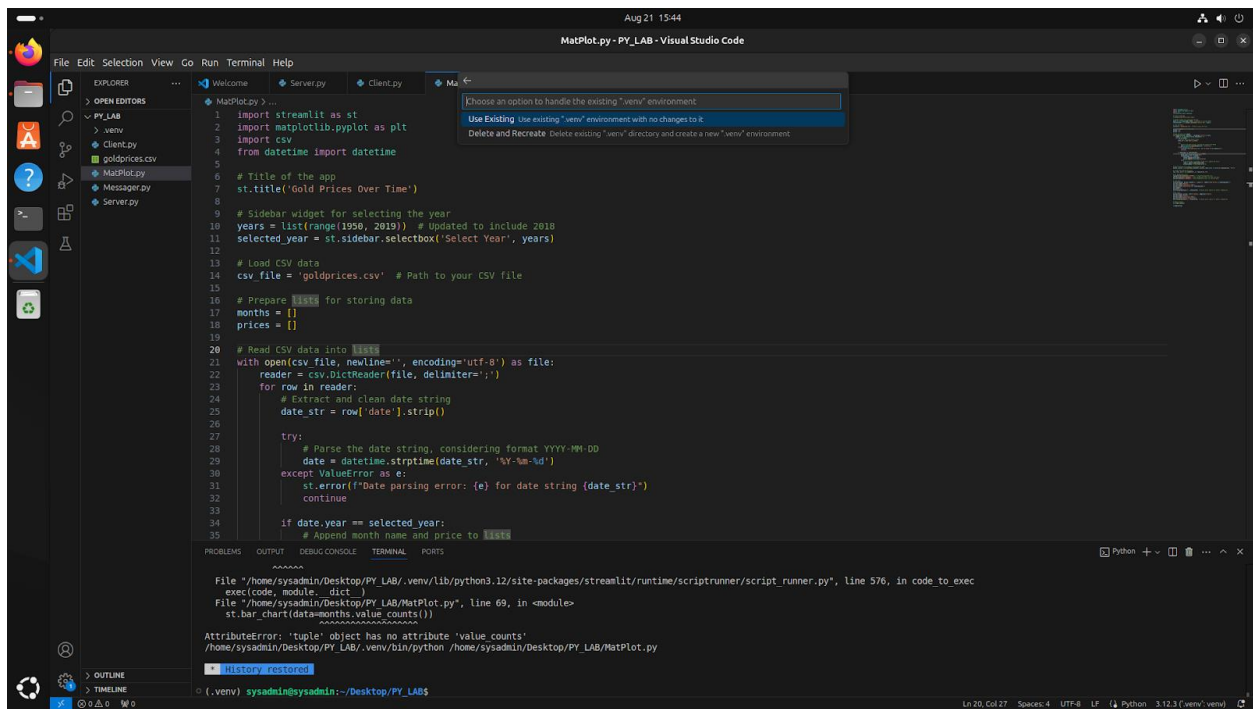
```
for i in range(1,11):  
    for j in range(1,11):  
        print(f"{i*j:<3}", end="")  
    print()
```

```
1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10  
2  4  6  8 10 12 14 16 18 20  
3  6  9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30  
4  8 12 16 20 24 28 32 36 40  
5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50  
6 12 18 24 30 36 42 48 54 60  
7 14 21 28 35 42 49 56 63 70  
8 16 24 32 40 48 56 64 72 80  
9 18 27 36 45 54 63 72 81 90  
10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100
```

## Installation of Python and Virtual Environment:

```
sysadmin@sysadmin:~$ sudo apt install python3.9  
Reading package lists... Done  
Building dependency tree... Done  
Reading state information... Done  
python3.9 is already the newest version (3.9.19-1+noble2).  
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 31 not upgraded.
```





Aug 21 15:44

MatPlot.py - PY\_LAB - Visual Studio Code

```
1 import streamlit as st
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3 import csv
4 from datetime import datetime
5
6 # Title of the app
7 st.title('Gold Prices Over Time')
8
9 # Sidebar widget for selecting the year
10 years = list(range(1950, 2019)) # Updated to include 2018
11 selected_year = st.sidebar.selectbox('Select Year', years)
12
13 # Load CSV data
14 csv_file = 'goldprices.csv' # Path to your CSV file
15
16 # Prepare a list for storing data
17 months = []
18 prices = []
19
20 # Read CSV data into a list
21 with open(csv_file, newline='', encoding='utf-8') as file:
22     reader = csv.DictReader(file, delimiter=',')
23     for row in reader:
24         # Extract and clean date string
25         date_str = row['date'].strip()
26
27         try:
28             # Parse the date string, considering format YYYY-MM-DD
29             date = datetime.strptime(date_str, '%Y-%m-%d')
30         except ValueError as e:
31             st.error(f"Date parsing error: {e} for date string {date_str}")
32             continue
33
34         if date.year == selected_year:
35             # Append month name and price to the list
```

File "/home/sysadmin/Desktop/PY\_LAB/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages/streamlit/runtime/scriptrunner/script\_runner.py", line 576, in code\_to\_exec  
exec(code, module, dict)  
File "/home/sysadmin/Desktop/PY\_LAB/MatPlot.py", line 69, in <module>  
st.bar\_chart(data=months.value\_counts())  
~~~~~  
AttributeError: 'tuple' object has no attribute 'value\_counts'  
/home/sysadmin/Desktop/PY\_LAB/.venv/bin/python /home/sysadmin/Desktop/PY\_LAB/MatPlot.py

History restored

The following environment is selected: ~/Desktop/PY\_LAB/.venv/bin/...

(.venv) sysadmin@sysadmin:~/Desktop/PY\_LAB\$

Aug 21 15:43

MatPlot.py - PY\_LAB - Visual Studio Code

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AttributeError: 'tuple' object has no attribute 'value\_counts'  
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History restored

There is an available update.

Download Update Later Release Notes

(.venv) sysadmin@sysadmin:~/Desktop/PY\_LAB\$

# Conclusion:

Thus we have written a program to write multiplication tables of 1 to 10 and we have also learnt how to install python on linux terminal and then we also learnt how to create a virtual environment for that version of python using VSCode.