



InterviewBit

HTML Interview Questions



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**Shubh
Agrawal**B.Tech, IIIT,
Bhagalpur

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“The session was so well structured and simplified. **3 engaging hours of learning, interesting polls and lots of doubt resolution!** The best part was, he saw curious learners and extended the session for another hour for people who wished to stay. **Recommend it to all beginners out there** who are clueless about starting HLD themselves! This is a must!!”

**Abhinav
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Let's get Started

This article covers the most frequently asked [HTML](#) and [HTML5](#) questions asked in interviews.

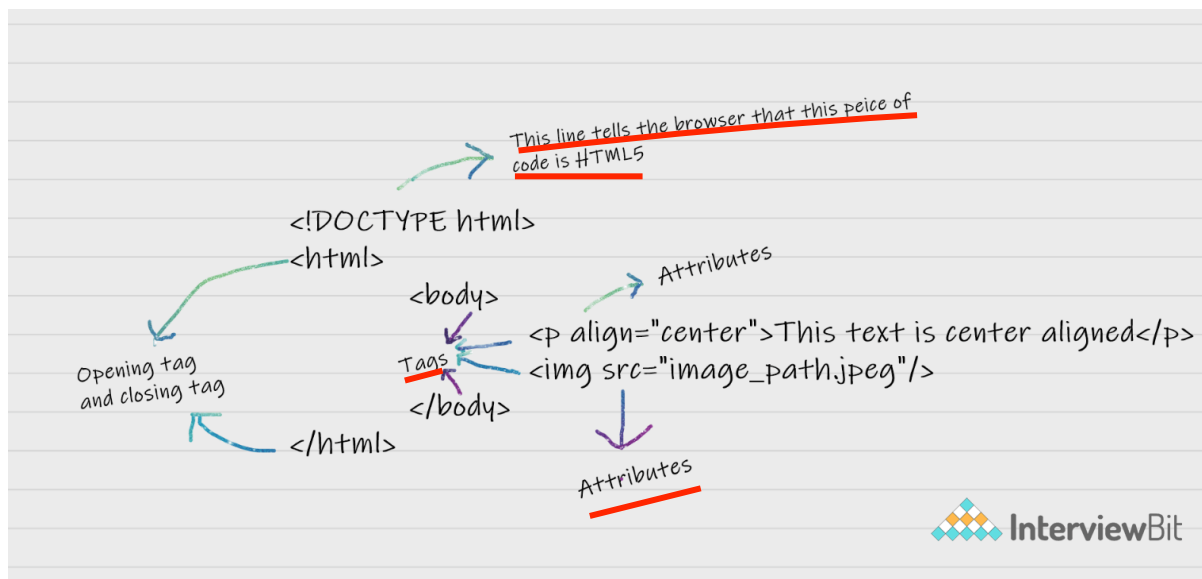
Introduction

Before starting with the interview questions on HTML Language, let's first go through HTML, what is HTML, the career opportunities it provides, etc.

HTML stands for **HyperText Markup language**. It is a standard text formatting language used for developing web pages released in 1993. HTML is a language that is **interpreted by the browser** and it tells the browser what to display and how to display.

HTML is an **[important language to learn](#)** if anyone wants to work in the web development domain [Web designers, Web Developers]. HTML alone is not sufficient for a web developer because HTML only defines the structure of the data that will be rendered on the browser in a webpage, to make it visually appealing and to make it functional, we will need to use [CSS](#) and [Javascript](#) respectively.

The latest version of HTML is HTML5. There are two main components in HTML language, **Tags and Attributes**. The below image shows some basic HTML tags and attributes.



HTML Interview Questions and Answers

1. Are the HTML tags and elements the same thing?

No. HTML elements are defined by a starting tag, **may** contain some content and a **closing tag**. For example, `<h1>Heading 1</h1>` is a HTML element but just `<h1>` is a starting tag and `</h1>` is a closing tag.

2. What are tags and attributes in HTML?

Tags are the **primary component** of the HTML that defines **how the content will be structured/ formatted**, whereas **Attributes** are used along with the HTML tags to define the **characteristics of the element**. For example, `<p align="center">Interview questions</p>`, in this the 'align' is the attribute using which we will align the paragraph to show in the center of the view.

3. What are **void elements** in HTML?

HTML elements which **do not have closing tags** or do not need to be closed are Void elements. For Example `
`, ``, `<hr />`, etc.

4. What is the advantage of collapsing white space?

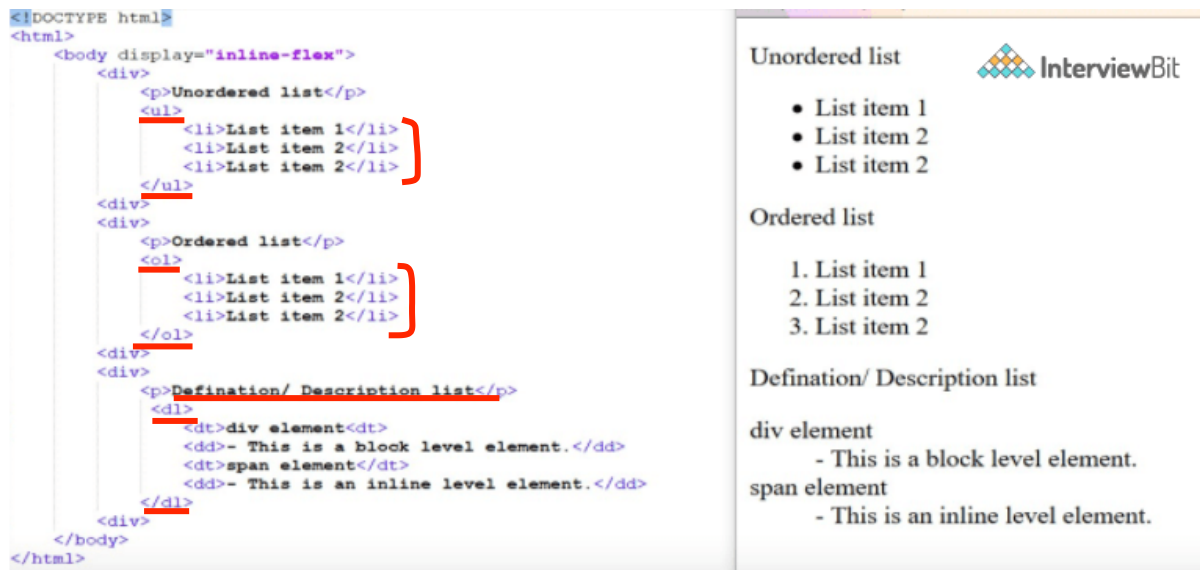
In HTML, a blank sequence of whitespace characters is treated as a single space character, Because the browser collapses multiple spaces into a single space character and this helps a developer to indent lines of text without worrying about multiple spaces and maintain readability and understandability of HTML codes.

5. What are HTML Entities?

In HTML some characters are reserved like '<', '>', '/', etc. To use these characters in our webpage we need to use the character entities called HTML Entities. Below are a few mapping between the reserved character and its respective entity character to be used.

Character	Entity Name	Entity Number
<	<	<
>	>	>
&	&	&
(non-breaking space) Eg. 10 PM	 Eg. <p>10 PM</p>	

6. What are different types of lists in HTML?



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <body display="inline-flex">
    <div>
      <p>Unordered list</p>
      <ul>
        <li>List item 1</li>
        <li>List item 2</li>
        <li>List item 2</li>
      </ul>
    </div>
    <div>
      <p>Ordered list</p>
      <ol>
        <li>List item 1</li>
        <li>List item 2</li>
        <li>List item 2</li>
      </ol>
    </div>
    <div>
      <p>Defination/ Description list</p>
      <dl>
        <dt>div element</dt>
        <dd>- This is a block level element.</dd>
        <dt>span element</dt>
        <dd>- This is an inline level element.</dd>
      </dl>
    </div>
  </body>
</html>
```

Unordered list

- List item 1
- List item 2
- List item 2

Ordered list

1. List item 1
2. List item 2
3. List item 2

Defination/ Description list

div element

- This is a block level element.

span element

- This is an inline level element.

7. What is the 'class' attribute in HTML?

The class attribute is used to specify the class name for an HTML element. Multiple elements in HTML can have the same class value. Also, it is mainly used to associate the styles written in the stylesheet with the HTML elements.

8. What is the difference between the 'id' attribute and the 'class' attribute of HTML elements?

Multiple elements in HTML can have the same class value, whereas a value of id attribute of one element cannot be associated with another HTML element.

9. Define multipart form data?

Multipart form data is one of the values of the enctype attribute. It is used to send the file data to the server-side for processing. The other valid values of the enctype attribute are text/plain and application/x-www-form-urlencoded.

10. Describe HTML layout structure.

Every web page has different components to display the intended content and a specific UI. But still, there are few things which are templated and are globally accepted way to structure the web page, such as:

- **<header>**: Stores the starting information about the web page.
- **<footer>**: Represents the last section of the page.
- **<nav>**: The navigation menu of the HTML page.
- **<article>**: It is a set of information.
- **<section>**: It is used inside the article block to define the basic structure of a page.
- **<aside>**: Sidebar content of the page.

11. How to optimize website assets loading?

To optimize website load time we need to optimize its asset loading and for that:

- **CDN hosting** - A CDN or content delivery network is geographically distributed servers to help reduce latency.
- **File compression** - This is a method that helps to reduce the size of an asset to reduce the data transfer
- **File concatenation** - This reduces the number of HTTP calls
- **Minify scripts** - This reduces the overall file size of js and CSS files
- **Parallel downloads** - Hosting assets in multiple subdomains can help to bypass the download limit of 6 assets per domain of all modern browsers. This can be configured but most general users never modify these settings.
- **Lazy Loading** - Instead of loading all the assets at once, the non-critical assets can be loaded on a need basis.

12. What are the various formatting tags in HTML?

HTML has various formatting tags:

- **** - makes text bold
- **<i>** - makes text italic
- **** - makes text italic but with added semantics importance
- **<big>** - increases the font size of the text by one unit
- **<small>** - decreases the font size of the text by one unit
- **<sub>** - makes the text a subscript
- **<sup>** - makes the text a superscript
- **** - displays as strike out text
- **** - marks the text as important
- **<mark>** - highlights the text
- **<ins>** - displays as added text

13. What are the different kinds of Doctypes available?

The three kinds of Doctypes which are available:

- Strict Doctype
- Transitional Doctype
- Frameset Doctype

14. Please explain how to indicate the character set being used by a document in HTML?

The character set is defined in `<meta>` tag inside `<head>` element.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    ...
  </head>
  ...
</html>
```

15. What is the difference between , tags and , tags?

The effect on a normal webpage of the tags ``, `` and ``, `<i>` is the same. `` and `<i>` tags stands for bold and italic. These two tags only apply font styling and bold tag ``, just adds more ink to the text, these tags don't say anything about the text.

31. What are some of the advantages of HTML5 over its previous versions?

Some advantages of HTML5 are:-

- It has Multimedia Support.
- It has the capabilities to store offline data using SQL databases and application cache.
- Javascript can be run in the background.
- HTML5 also allows users to draw various shapes like rectangles, circles, triangles, etc.
- Included new Semantic tags and form control tags.

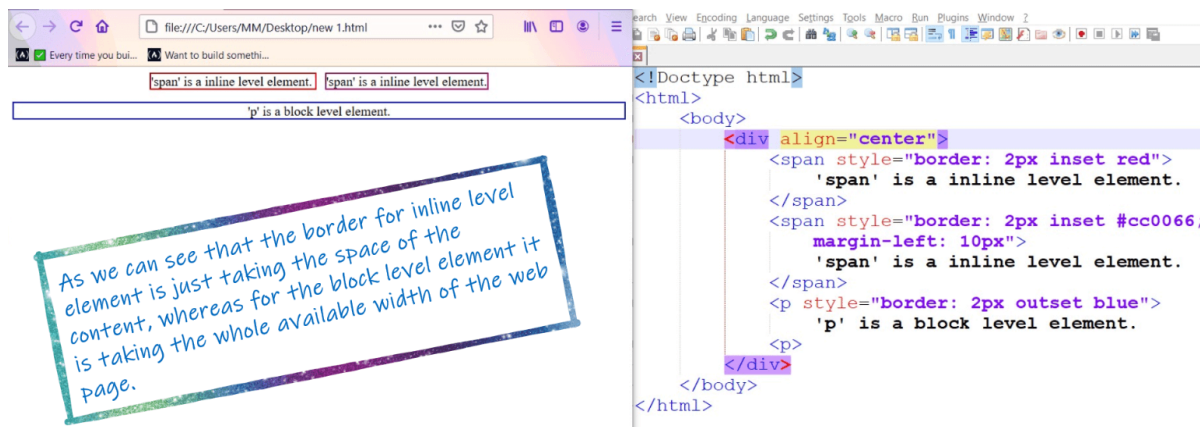
32. How can we include audio or video in a webpage?

HTML5 provides two tags: `<audio>` and `<video>` tags using which we can add the audio or video directly in the webpage.

33. Inline and block elements in HTML5?

Inline	Block
<p>Inline elements just take up the space that is absolutely necessary for the content and does not start from a new line.</p> <p>Example:- <code></code>, <code><a></code>, <code></code>, <code></code>, <code><button></code>, <code></code>, <code><select></code>, <code><abbr></code>, <code><label></code>, <code><sub></code>, <code><cite></code>, <code><abbr></code>, <code><script></code>, <code><label></code>, <code><i></code>, <code><input></code>, <code><output></code>, <code><q></code>, etc.</p>	<p>Block elements start on a new line and consume the full width of the page available.</p> <p>Example:- <code><div></code>, <code><p></code>, <code><header></code>, <code><footer></code>, <code><h1>...<h6></code>, <code><form></code>, <code><table></code>, <code><canvas></code>, <code><video></code>, <code><blockquote></code>, <code><pre></code>, <code></code>, <code></code>, <code><figcaption></code>, <code><figure></code>, <code><hr></code>, <code><article></code>, <code><section></code>, etc.</p>

2 differences



34. What is the difference between `` tag and `<p>` tag?

The `<figure>` tag specifies the self-contained content, like diagrams, images, code snippets, etc. `<figure>` tag is used to semantically organize the contents of an image like image, image caption, etc., whereas the `` tag is used to embed the picture in the HTML5 document.

35. How to specify the metadata in HTML5?

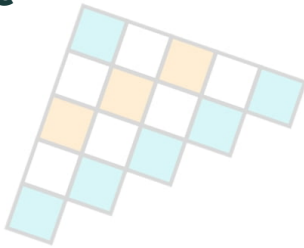
To specify we can use `<meta>` tag which is a void tag, i.e., it does not have a closing tag. Some of the attributes used with meta tags are name, content, http-equiv, etc. The below image tells how to specify the metadata.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta name="keywords"
          content="HTML, Meta Tags, Metadata" />
    <meta name="description"
          content="Meta tag description" />
    <meta http-equiv="refresh"
          content="10" />
    <meta http-equiv="cookie"
          content="key1=Value1; key2=Value2;" />
  </head>
</html>
```

Using meta tag we can define the keyword and description which can be used by the search engine while indexing the webpage for searching

Using refresh and cookie value of the attribute http-equiv in meta tag will store the data in cookie and will refresh the page in the 10 sec as specified in the content value.

36. Is the



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