LAB ASSIGNMENT-3

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/*Lab Assignment-3 26-02-2021 Tathagata Ghosh*/
/*Q1. Write a C program to search a data-
item in the array, if it exists in the array, print the index.*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdbool.h>
int main()
    int size ;//to store the size of the array
    printf("Enter the number of elements of the array : ");
    scanf("%d" , &size );
    int a[size];//array declaration
    printf("Enter the elements of the array : \n");
    for(int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);//inputing elements one by one
    int n ;//number to search in the array
    printf("Enter the number to search in the array : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(int i= 0 ; i < size ; i++ )</pre>
        if(n==a[i])//checking with each and every element
            printf("%d is found at %d index.", n , i);//printing if found alon
g with the index
            f = true ;
            break;
    if(!f)
        printf("%d is NOT in the given array.", n);
    return 0;
```

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Enter the number of elements of the array : 10
Enter the elements of the array :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0
Enter the number to search in the array : 6
6 is found at 5 index.
Enter the number of elements of the array : 5
Enter the elements of the array :
65 75 41 9 822
Enter the number to search in the array : 0
0 is NOT in the given array.
/*Lab Assignment-3 26-02-2021 Tathagata Ghosh*/
/*Q2. Write a C programme that can print the binary equivalent of a decimal in
teger. Here
#include<stdio.h>
int bit_count(int n)//function to find out the size of the array( maximum powe
r of 2) to store the binary equivalent of the integral part
    if(n==0)
    return 0;
   return 1 + bit_count(n/2);
int main()
    printf("Enter an decimal integer : ");
    scanf("%f", &n);
    int d = (int)n;
    float f = n - d;
    int size = bit_count(d);
    int bin_d[size];
    for(int i = size-1; i>=0; i--)
        bin_d[i] = d % 2;
        d /= 2;
```

for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)

Enter an decimal integer: 53

110101

Enter an decimal integer: 5

101

Enter an decimal integer: 69

1000101

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/*Lab Assignment-3 26-02-2021 Tathagata Ghosh*/
/*Q3. Write a C program that first reads, row by row, a 2-
Dimensional array of size n × n, where
n is an input parameter. The program should then determine whether the array f
alls into
any of the following special cases:
a. Symmetric, Aij = Aji for all i, j.
b. Lower Triangular, Aij = 0 when i < j.
c. Diagonal, Aij = 0 when i ≠ j.
Also find the sum of two diagonals. */
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdbool.h>
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int main()
   int n ;
   printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of the square matrix : ");
   scanf("%d", &n );
   int arr[n][n];
   printf("Enter the elements of the array :\n");
   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
       for(int j = 0; j < n; j++)
           scanf("%d" , &arr[i][j] );
   printf("The 2D array is as follows : \n");
   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
       for(int j = 0; j < n; j++)
           printf("%d\t" , arr[i][j] );
       printf("\n");
   int ld = 0 , rd = 0 ;
   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
       rd += arr[i][i];
       ld += arr[n-i-1][i];
       for(int j = 0; j < n; j++)
           if(arr[i][j] != arr[j][i])
           if( (arr[i][j] != 0) && ( i < j ) )
           if( (arr[i][j] != 0) && (i != j) )
               c = false;
```

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if(a)
        printf("It is a Symmetric Matrix.\n");
    if(b)
        printf("It is a Lower Triangle Matrix.\n");
    if(c)
        printf("It is a Diagonal Matrix.\n");
    }
    printf("The sum of right diagonal = %d\n", rd);
    printf("The sum of left diagonal = %d\n", ld);
    return 0;
OUTPUT:
Enter the number of rows and columns of the square matrix : 3
1 2 3
2 4 5
3 5 6
The 2D array is as follows :
        2
1
                3
2
        4
                5
        5
                6
It is a Symmetric Matrix.
```

The sum of right diagonal = 11

The sum of left diagonal = 10

Enter the elements of the array :

Enter the number of rows and columns of the square matrix : 3

```
The 2D array is as follows:
        0
                0
0
        1
                0
        0
                1
It is a Symmetric Matrix.
It is a Lower Triangle Matrix.
It is a Diagonal Matrix.
The sum of right diagonal = 3
The sum of left diagonal = 1
/*Lab Assignment-3 26-02-2021 Tathagata Ghosh*/
/*Q4. Write a C program that can add two matrices, X and Y and store the resul
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int xr , yr , xc , yc ;
    printf("Enter the number of rows of X and Y : \n");
    scanf("%d %d", &xr , &yr );
    if( xr != yr )
        printf("Can't be added.");
        return 0;
    printf("Enter the number of columns of X and Y : \n");
    scanf("%d %d", &xc , &yc );
    if( xc != yc )
        printf("Can't be added.");
        return 0;
    int x[xr][xc];
    printf("Enter the elements of X : \n");
    for( int i = 0 ; i < xr ; i++ )
        for( int j = 0; j < xc; j++)
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scanf("%d", &x[i][j] );
int y[yr][yc];
printf("Enter the elements of Y : \n");
for( int i = 0 ; i < yr ; i++ )
    for( int j = 0 ; j < yc ; j++ )</pre>
        scanf("%d", &y[i][j] );
int z[xc][yr];
for( int i = 0 ; i < xr ; i++ )
    for( int j = 0; j < yc; j++)
        z[i][j] = x[i][j] + y[i][j];
printf("The matrix X is : \n");
for( int i = 0 ; i < xr ; i++ )</pre>
    for( int j = 0; j < xc; j++)
        printf("%d\t", x[i][j] );
    printf("\n");
printf("The matrix Y is : \n");
for( int i = 0 ; i < yr ; i++ )</pre>
    for( int j = 0; j < yc; j++)
        printf("%d\t", y[i][j] );
    printf("\n");
printf("The matrix Z sum of X and Y is : \n");
for( int i = 0 ; i < xr ; i++ )</pre>
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```
for( int j = 0; j < yc; j++)
            printf("%d\t", z[i][j] );
        printf("\n");
    return 0;
OUTPUT:
Enter the number of rows of X and Y :
3 3
Enter the number of columns of X and Y :
2 2
Enter the elements of X:
1 2 3 4 5 6
Enter the elements of Y:
9 8 7 6 5 4
The matrix X is:
3
        4
        6
The matrix Y is:
        8
7
5
        4
The matrix Z sum of X and Y is :
10
        10
10
        10
10
        10
Enter the number of rows of X and Y :
3 4
Can't be added.
/*Lab Assignment-3 26-02-2021 Tathagata Ghosh*/
/*Q5. Write a C program that takes a string as input and then prints the numbe
r of occurrence(s)
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of each vowel of the English alphabets in the string. */
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
    char str[ 100 ] ;
    printf("Enter the string : \n");
    gets(str);
    printf("The string is : \n");
    puts(str);
    int a = 0, e = 0, i = 0, o = 0, u = 0;
    for( int c = 0 ; c < 100 ; c++ )
        if((str[c]=='a')||(str[c]=='A'))
            a++;
        if((str[c]=='e')||(str[c]=='E'))
            e++;
        if((str[c]=='i')||(str[c]=='I'))
            i++;
        if((str[c]=='o')||(str[c]=='0'))
            0++;
        if((str[c]=='u')||(str[c]=='U'))
            u++;
   printf("The frequency of 'a' is %d\n", a );
    printf("The frequency of 'e' is %d\n", e );
   printf("The frequency of 'i' is %d\n", i );
    printf("The frequency of 'o' is %d\n", o );
    printf("The frequency of 'u' is %d\n", u );
```

```
return 0 ;
}
```

OUTPUT:

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Enter the string:

Hi how are you?

The string is:

Hi how are you?

The frequency of 'a' is 1

The frequency of 'e' is 1

The frequency of 'i' is 1

The frequency of 'o' is 2

The frequency of 'u' is 2
```

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Enter the string:

I am Tathagata Ghosh

The string is:

I am Tathagata Ghosh

The frequency of 'a' is 5

The frequency of 'e' is 0

The frequency of 'i' is 1

The frequency of 'o' is 1
```

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/*Lab Assignment-3 26-02-2021 Tathagata Ghosh*/
/*Q6. Write a C program to convert string in upper case and lower case.*/
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    char str[100];
    printf("Enter the string : ");
    gets(str);
    printf("The original string : \n");
    puts(str);
    char strU[100];
    char strL[100];
    for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++)
        if(str[i] >= 'a' && str[i] <= 'z')
            strU[i] = (char)(str[i] + (char)('A'-'a'));
            strL[i] = str[i];
        else if ( str[i] >= 'A' && str[i] <= 'Z' )
            strU[i] = str[i];
            strL[i] = (char)(str[i] + (char)('a'-'A'));
        else
            strL[i] = strU[i] = str[i] ;
    printf("The Upper case string : \n");
    puts(strU);
    printf("The Lower case string : \n");
    puts(strL);
    return 0;
```

```
OUTPUT:
Enter the string : Information Technology Rocks
The original string:
Information Technology Rocks
The Upper case string :
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ROCKS
The Lower case string :
information technology rocks
Enter the string : If life was a lie!
The original string :
If life was a lie!
The Upper case string :
IF LIFE WAS A LIE!
The Lower case string :
if life was a lie!
/*Lab Assignment-3 26-02-2021 Tathagata Ghosh*/
/*Q7. Write a C program to check whether an input string is palindrome or not.
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdbool.h>
int main()
    char str[100];
    printf("Enter the string : ");
    gets(str);
    int j = 0;
    while(str[j]!='\0')
        j++;
    for(int i = 0 ; i <= j ; i++ , j-- )
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the string : Pikachu

Pikachu

Non-palindrome word

Enter the string : MadaM

MadaM

Palindrome Word

```
/*Lab Assignment-3 26-02-2021 Tathagata Ghosh*/
/*Q8. Write a C program that can take two strings as input, concatenate these
and store it in
another character array and display it (do not use standard library function f
or string
operations).*/

#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char str1[100] , str2[100] ;
    printf("Enter two strings (seperated by line feed) : \n");
    gets(str1);
    gets(str2);
    int n1 = 0 ;
    while(str1[n1]!='\0')
```

```
{
    n1++;
}

int n2 = 0;
while(str2[n2]!='\0')
{
    n2++;
}

char str[200];
int k = 0 , c = 0;
while(c < n1)
{
    str[k++] = str1[c++];
}

c=0;
while(c < n2)
{
    str[k++] = str2[c++];
}

printf("The concatenated string is : \n");
puts(str);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter two strings (seperated by line feed) :
What programming are you learning?
I think you should start with C language.
The concatenated string is :
What programming are you learning?I think you should start with C language.
GitHub repository : https://github.com/Tathagata-Ghosh-Developer/Lab-Assignments
```