Perceptron for AND

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        #First Code
        class Perceptron(object):
            """Implements a perceptron network"""
            def init (self, input size):
                self.W = np.zeros(input size+1)
        #Second Code
            def activation fn(self, x):
                return 1 if x >= 0 else 0
        # Third Code
            def predict(self, x):
                x = np.insert(x, 0, 1)
                z = self.W.T.dot(x)
                a = self.activation fn(z)
                return a
        #fourth code
            def init (self, input size, lr=1, epochs=10):
                self.W = np.zeros(input size+1)
            # add one for bias
                self.epochs = epochs
                self.lr = lr
        # fifth code
            def fit(self, X, d):
                for in range(self.epochs):
                    for i in range(d.shape[0]):
                        y = self.predict(X[i])
                        e = d[i] - y
                        self.W = self.W + self.lr * e * np.insert(X[i], 0, 1)
        if __name__ == '__main__':
            X = np.array([
                [0, 0],
                [0, 1],
                [1, 0],
                [1, 1]
            d = np.array([0, 0, 0, 1])
```

```
perceptron = Perceptron(input_size=2)
perceptron.fit(X, d)
print(perceptron.W)
```

[-3. 2. 1.]

Perceptron for OR

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
        #First Code
        class Perceptron(object):
            """Implements a perceptron network"""
            def init (self, input size):
                self.W = np.zeros(input size+1)
        #Second Code
            def activation fn(self, x):
                return 1 if x >= 0 else 0
        # Third Code
            def predict(self, x):
                x = np.insert(x, 0, 1)
                z = self.W.T.dot(x)
                a = self.activation fn(z)
                return a
        #fourth code
            def init (self, input size, lr=1, epochs=10):
                self.W = np.zeros(input size+1)
            # add one for bias
                self.epochs = epochs
                self.lr = lr
        # fifth code
            def fit(self, X, d):
                for in range(self.epochs):
                    for i in range(d.shape[0]):
                        y = self.predict(X[i])
                        e = d[i] - y
                        self.W = self.W + self.lr * e * np.insert(X[i], 0, 1)
        if __name__ == '__main__':
            X = np.array([
                [0, 0],
                [0, 1],
                [1, 0],
                [1, 1]
            d = np.array([0, 1, 1, 1])
```

```
perceptron = Perceptron(input_size=2)
perceptron.fit(X, d)
print(perceptron.W)

[-1. 1. 1.]
```

In []: