

Neuronale Netze in der Softwaretechnik und ihre aktuell bekannten Grenzen

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Einleitung



Wie können neuronale Netze in der Softwaretechnik eingesetzt werden?

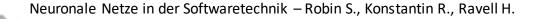
Wo liegen die aktuellen Grenzen?

Gliederung



- 1. Neuronale Netze
- 2. Mustererkennung
- 3. Kosten- und Aufwandsschätzung
- 4. Softwarequalität
- 5. Fazit
- 6. Literaturverzeichnis

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Neuronale Netze



- Lösung für komplexe Probleme
- Bestandteile:
 - Neuronen (Neurons)
 - Layer
 - Gewichte (Weights)
 - Aktivierungsfunktion

[36]

Neuronale Netze



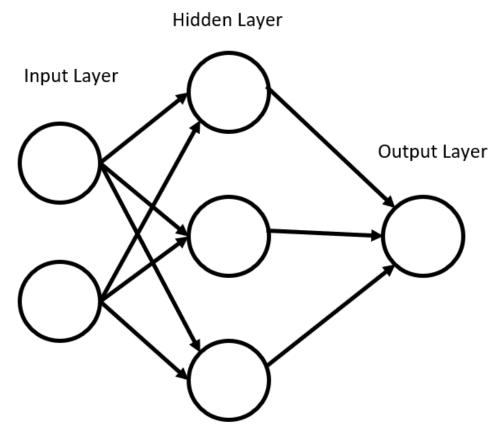


Abbildung 1: Struktur neuronales Netz

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- Allgemein
- Convolutional neural networks (CNNs)
- Spracherkennung
- Gefühlserkennung



Allgemein

Difference between Supervised Learning & Unsupervised Learning

Supervised Learning	Unsupervised Learning
Input data is labelled	Input data is unlabeled
Uses training dataset	Uses just input dataset
Used for prediction	Used for analysis
Classification and regression	Clustering, density estimation and dimensionality reduction

Abbildung 2: Vergleich learning Modelle PR



Convolutional neural networks

[3], [7]



Convolutional neural networks

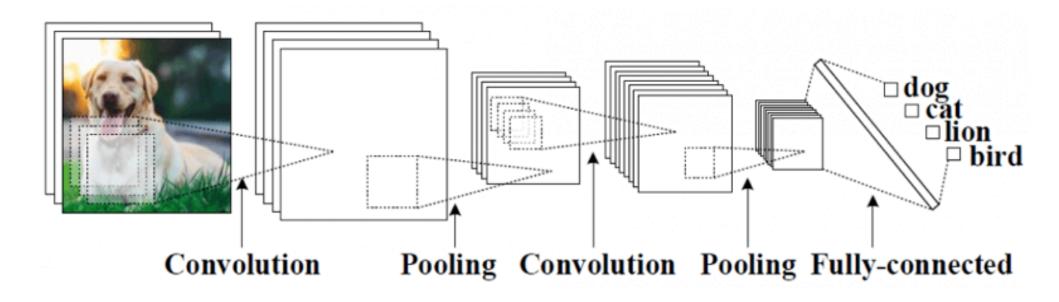


Abbildung 3: Beispielentwurf eines CNN



Spracherkennung [1]



Hidden Markov Model

[2], [9], [10]



Spracherkennung und convolutional neural networks

Zwei Beispiele

Ravell Heerdegen



Spracherkennung und residual neural

networks

[2]



Gefühlserkennung

[7], [12], [13], [14]



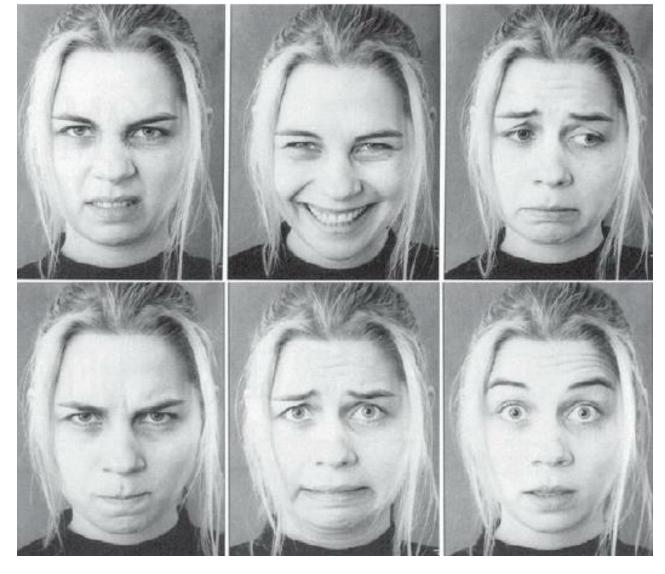


Abbildung 4: Kulturell unabhängige Gesichtsausdrücke



Gefühlserkennung und convolutional

neural networks

Zwei Beispiele

[7], [13]



- Einleitung
- Stand der Technik
- Leistungsbeurteilung
- Vergleich





Einleitung

Software Projekt Management (SPM)



Projektkosten Management



Kosten- und Aufwandsschätzung

[15][16][17]





Stand der Technik

- 1. Expertensysteme
- 2. Lineare Systeme
- 3. Nonlineare Modelle
- 4. Soft-Computing





COCOMO

- Constructive Cost Model
- Algorithmisches Modell



COCOMO

Software \$	Size	Sizing Method Source Lines of Code 💠					
	SLOC	% Design Modified	% Code Modified	% Integration Required	Assessment and Assimilation (0% - 8%)	Software Understanding (0% - 50%)	Unfamiliarity (0-1)
New							
Reused		0	0				
Modified							
Software	Size	Sizing	g Method	Function	Points	0	
Unadjust	DECEMBER 1	Langue				HPD.	
Functi	nts		uage Ja	0.7531			

Robin Schramm

Neuronale Netze in der Softwaretechnik – Robin S., Konstantin R., Ravell H.



COCOMO

Software Scale Drivers Architecture / Risk Resolution Precedentedness **Process Maturity** Nominal Nominal Nominal Team Cohesion Development Flexibility Nominal Nominal **Software Cost Drivers Platform Product** Personnel Required Software Reliability Time Constraint Nominal Nominal **Analyst Capability** Nominal Data Base Size Nominal Storage Constraint Nominal **Programmer Capability** Nominal **\$ Product Complexity** Nominal Platform Volatility Nominal Personnel Continuity Nominal Developed for Reusability Nominal Application Experience Nominal **Project** Documentation Match to Lifecycle Needs Nominal Platform Experience Nominal Use of Software Tools \Diamond Nominal Language and Toolset Experience Nominal Multisite Development Nominal Required Development Schedule Nominal

Abbildung 6: COCOMO



COCOMO

Results

Software Development (Elaboration and Construction)

Effort = 37.0 Person-months Schedule = 12.1 Months Cost = \$110960

Total Equivalent Size = 10000 SLOC

Acquisition Phase Distribution

Phase	Effort (Person- months)	Schedule (Months)	Average Staff	Cost (Dollars)
Inception	2.2	1.5	1.5	\$6658
Elaboration	8.9	4.5	2.0	\$26631
Construction	28.1	7.6	3.7	\$84330
Transition	4.4	1.5	2.9	\$13315

Abbildung 7: COCOMO



Soft-Computing

• Fuzzy-Logik, Evolutionäre Algorithmen, NNs

Pro:

Con:

+ Leicht generalisierbar

- Abhängig von Traingingsdaten

+ Flexibel

[25][26]



Leistungsbeurteilung

- Qualitätsmessung
- Mean Relative Error (MRE)
 - Gutes Ergebnis wenn Fehlerwert < 25%
- NASA Projekte zum Testen von Algorithmen

[27]





Vergleich

- Abrahamsson et al.
 - 1 Mathematisches Modell, 2 NNs
 - Ein NN schnitt besser ab als mathematisches, eins schlechter [24]

2. Khalifelu

 NN und Support Vector Machine liefern bessere Ergebnisse und sind performanter [10]

3. Gharehchopogh

11 Projekte, 90% lieferte NN bessere Ergebnisse als COCOMO [24][28]



- Einleitung
- Automatisiertes Testen
- Evaluation von Softwarequalität
- Vorhersage von Softwarequalität

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Einleitung

- Softwarequalität -> Erfüllung von Anforderungen eines
 Softwareprodukts nach ISO/<u>IEC</u> 25000
- Methoden zur Qualitätssicherung
 - Testmethoden
 - Testwerkzeug
 - Schulungen von Mitarbeitern

• ... [29]

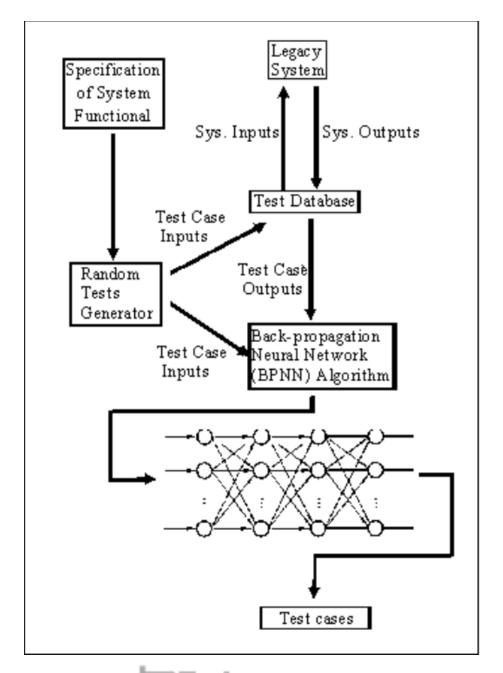
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Automatisiertes Testen

- Absicherung eines bestehenden Systems durch funktionale Softwaretests
 - Erzeugen von Testdaten
 - Erzeugen von Erwartungswerten
 - Training des NN mit Testdaten und Erwartungswerten
 - Ableiten von Testfällen

[32]





[32]



Automatisiertes Testen

Pro	Contra
Spart Arbeit	Begrenzt einsetzbar
Spart Zeit	Initialer Aufwand

[32]



Software Metriken

- Softwareeigenschaften werden Zahlen zugeordnet
- Bsp. Anzahl Verzweigungen, Anzahl der Klassen...
- Dient der qualitativen Einschätzung eines Softwareprodukts

[31]



Evaluation von Softwarequalität

- Motivation:
 - Frühzeitiges Erkennen von Mängeln
 - Bessere Planung
- Input: Software Metriken

[34]



Evaluation von Softwarequalität

- Evaluation der Methode anhand alter Projekte
- Ergebnisse:
 - Genaue Einschätzung
 - Unzureichende Ergebnisse → Schlechte Ergebnisse

[34]



Vorhersage von Softwarequalität

- Motivation:
 - Bessere Planung
 - Frühes Erkennen von Defiziten
 - Erkennen von Zusammenhängen in der Entwicklung
- Input: Softwaremetriken

[35]



Vorhersage von Softwarequalität

- Einsatz von Fuzzy NN's
- Software Metriken dienen als Input
- Ergebnisse:
 - Genaue Vorhersage
 - Zeigt Ursache und Wirkung von Entscheidungen
 - Kommt mit vielerlei Dateiformaten aus

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Fazit



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[37] Abbildung 2: http://kindsonthegenius.blogspot.com/2018/01/what-is-difference-between-supervised.html

[38] Abbildung 3: https://s3.amazonaws.com/cdn.ayasdi.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/21100605/Fig2GCNN1.png

[39] Abbildung 4: https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Human-facial-expressions-of-six-basic-Ekman-emotions_fig2_267391519

[40] Abbildung 5-7: http://csse.usc.edu/tools/cocomoii.php



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