DPCO Assignment / Tutorial Practice Problems – Part 2

- 1. Simplify the following Boolean functions, using three-variable K-maps:
 - (a) $F(x, y, z) = \Sigma(0, 2, 3, 7)$
 - (b) F $(x, y, z) = \Sigma(2, 3, 5, 6, 7)$
- 2. Simplify the following Boolean expressions, using three-variable K-maps:
 - (a) F(x, y, z) = x'y'z + xyz' + x'yz + xyz
 - (b) F(x, y, z) = xyz' + y'z' + xz
- 3. Simplify the following Boolean functions, using K-maps:
 - (a) F (w, x, y, z) = $\Sigma(0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 12)$
 - (b) F (w, x, y, z) = Σ (4, 6, 9, 11, 12, 14)
- 4. Simplify the following Boolean expressions, using four-variable K-maps:
 - (a) ABC'D' + AB'C + B'C'D' + AB'CD + B'C'D
 - (b) w'x'y' + w'x'yz + x'y'z + xyz + y'z'
- 5. Find the minterms of the following Boolean expressions by first plotting each function in a Kmap:
 - (a) w'x + xz + wyz
 - (b) ABD' + BC'D + CD
- 6. Using K-maps for F and F', convert the following Boolean function from a sum-of-products form to a simplified product-of-sums form.

$$F(w, x, y, z) = \Sigma(1, 2, 4, 5, 9, 10, 13, 14)$$

- 7. Simplify the following Boolean functions:
 - (a) $F(A, B, C, D) = \Pi(0, 1, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14)$
- 8. Simplify the following expressions to (1) sum-of-products and (2) products-of-sums:
 - (a) x'y'z' + yz' + xy
 - (b) A'B + A'B'C + CD
- 9. Give three possible ways to express the following Boolean function with a fewer number of literals:

$$A'B'C' + A'CD + A'C'D' + A'BD + ABC + AB'C$$

- 10. Simplify the following Boolean function F, together with the don't-care conditions d, and then express the simplified function in sum-of-minterms form:
 - (a) F $(x, y, z) = \Sigma(0, 3, 5)$,

$$d(x, y, z) = \Sigma(1, 6, 7)$$

(b) F (A, B, C, D) = $\Sigma(1, 2, 4, 6, 12)$, $d(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(0, 3, 5, 7, 11, 15)$

$$d(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(0, 3, 5, 7, 11, 15)$$

- 11. Simplify the following functions, and implement them with two-level NAND gate circuits:
 - (a) F(A, B, C, D) = A'B'C + A'BC + ABC
 - (b) F(A, B, C, D) = A'CD' + A'BD + ABD + AB'CD

- 12. Draw
 - (a) A NAND logic diagram that implements the complement of the following function:

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(0, 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11)$$
, and

- (b) Repeat for a NOR logic diagram.
- 13. Draw
 - (a) a logic diagram using only two-input NOR gates to implement the following function:

$$F(A, B, C, D) = (A EX-OR B)'(C EX-OR D)$$
, and

- (b) repeat for a NAND logic diagram.
- 14. Simplify the following functions, and implement them with two-level NOR gate circuits:
 - (a) F(w, x, y, z) = wx'y' + wy'z' + xy'
 - (b) F (w, x, y, z) = $\Sigma(0, 2, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14)$
 - (c) F(x, y, z) = [(x' + y)(y + z')]'
- 15. Draw
 - (a) the multiple-level NOR circuit for the following expression:

$$CD(B + C)A + (BC' + DE')$$
, and

- (b) repeat (a) for a NAND circuit.
- 16. Implement the following Boolean function F, together with the don't-care conditions d, using no more than two NOR gates:

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(2, 4, 10, 12, 14,)$$

- $d(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(0, 1, 5, 8)$. Assume that both the normal and complement inputs are available.
- 17. Implement the following Boolean function F, using the two-level forms of logic (a) NAND-AND,
 - (b) AND-NOR, (c) OR-NAND, and (d) NOR-OR:

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma(0, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14)$$

18. List the eight degenerate two-level forms and show that they reduce to a single operation.

Explain how the degenerate two-level forms can be used to extend the number of inputs to a gate.

NAND-AND, NAND-OR, NAND-NAND, NAND-NOR,

NOR-AND, NOR-OR, NOR-NAND, NOR-NOR.

19. Implement the following Boolean expression with exclusive-OR and AND gates:

$$F = AB'CD' + A'BCD' + AB'C'D + A'BC'D$$

20. Implement the following Boolean expression with Exclusive-NOR and AND gates:

$$F = A'B'C'D' + ABC'D' + A'B'CD + ABCD$$

21. With the use of maps, find the simplest sum-of-products form of the function F=fg, where

$$f = abc' + b'd' + a'd' + b'cd'$$
 and $g = (a + b + c' + d')(a' + b' + d)(a' + d')$