ECE 509: Convex Optimization

Homework #6

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Problem 1. Pre-computation for line searches. For each of the following functions, explain how the computational cost of a line search can be reduced by a pre-computation. Give the cost of the pre-computation, and the cost of evaluating $g(t) = f(x + t\Delta x)$ and g'(t) with and without the pre-computation.

(a)
$$f(x) = -\sum_{i=1}^{m} \log(b_i - a_i^T x)$$

Solution. In Exact Line Search, our goal is to minimize $\tilde{f}(t) = f(x + t\Delta x)$

$$\tilde{f}(t) = -\sum_{i=1}^{m} \log (b_i - a_i^T(x + t\Delta x))$$

$$\tilde{f}(t) = -\sum_{i=1}^{m} \log \left(b_i - a_i^T x - a_i^T t \Delta x\right)$$

$$\tilde{f}'(t) = -\sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{-a_i^T \Delta x}{\log(b_i - a_i^T (x + t \Delta x)))}$$

$$\tilde{f}'(t) = -\sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{-a_i^T \Delta x}{\log(b_i - a_i^T x - a_i^T t \Delta x))}$$

Let n be the size of each a_i and x. Let's say we are testing out k values of t.

Precomputation:

Computing $b_i - a_i^T x$ for $i \in [1, m]$ takes O(n) operations per i.

Computing $a_i^T \Delta x$ for $i \in [1, m]$ takes O(n) operations per i

Hence, there are a total of m * O(n) = O(mn) operations in pre-computation

Cost without Precomputation $(\tilde{f}(t))$:

Computing $x + t\Delta x$ takes a total of O(n) operations.

Computing $a_i^T(x + t\Delta x)$ takes a total of O(n) operations.

 $b_i - (a_i^T(x + t\Delta x)))$ will take O(n) operations.

$$\log (b_i - a_i^T(x + t\Delta x))$$
 takes $O(n)$

 $\sum_{i=1}^{m} \log (b_i - a_i^T(x + t\Delta x))$ takes O(mn) operations.

$$-\sum_{i=1}^{m} \log (b_i - a_i^T(x + t\Delta x))$$
 takes $O(mn)$ operations.

Since we are testing out k values of t, the overall Line Search Algorithm will be O(mnk)

Cost without Precomputation $(\tilde{f}'(t))$:

Computing $x + t\Delta x$ takes a total of O(n) operations.

Computing $a_i^T(x + t\Delta x)$ takes a total of O(n) operations.

$$b_i - (a_i^T(x + t\Delta x)))$$
 will take $O(n)$ operations.

$$\log (b_i - a_i^T(x + t\Delta x))$$
 takes $O(n)$

Computing $-a_i^T \Delta x$ takes O(n) operations

Calculating
$$\frac{-a_i^T \Delta x}{\log \left(b_i - a_i^T (x + t \Delta x)\right))}$$
 takes $O(n)$

$$\sum_{i=1}^m \frac{-a_i^T \Delta x}{\log \left(b_i - a_i^T (x + t \Delta x)\right))}$$
 takes $O(mn)$ operations.

$$-\sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{-a_i^T \Delta x}{\log(b_i - a_i^T (x + t \Delta x)))} \text{ takes } O(mn) \text{ operations.}$$

Since we are testing out k values of t, the overall Line Search Algorithm will be O(mnk)

Cost with Precomputation($\tilde{f}(t)$):

Computing $\log (b_i - a_i^T x - a_i^T t \Delta x)$ takes O(1) operations.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{m} \log (b_i - a_i^T x - a_i^T t \Delta x)) \text{ takes } O(m) \text{ operations.}$$

$$-\sum_{i=1}^{m} \log (b_i - a_i^T x - a_i^T t \Delta x))$$
 takes $O(m)$ operations.

Since we are testing out k values of t, the Line Search Algorithm will be O(mk)Including pre-computation, it takes O(mk) + O(mn)

Cost with Precomputation($\tilde{f}'(t)$):

Computing $\frac{-a_i^T \Delta x}{\log(b_i - a_i^T x - a_i^T t \Delta x))}$ takes O(1) operations.

$$\sum_{i=1}^m \frac{-a_i^T \Delta x}{\log (b_i - a_i^T x - a_i^T t \Delta x))}$$
 takes $O(m)$ operations.

$$-\sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{-a_i^T \Delta x}{\log(b_i - a_i^T X - a_i^T t \Delta x))} \text{ takes } O(m) \text{ operations.}$$

Since we are testing out k values of t, the Line Search Algorithm will be O(mk)Including pre-computation, it takes O(mk) + O(mn)

(b)
$$f(x) = \log(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T x + b_i))$$

Solution. In Exact Line Search, our goal is to minimize $\tilde{f}(t) = f(x + t\Delta x)$

$$\tilde{f}(t) = \log(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T(x + t\Delta x) + b_i))$$

$$\tilde{f}(t) = \log(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T x + a_i^T t \Delta x + b_i))$$

$$\tilde{f}(t) = \log(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T x + b_i + a_i^T t \Delta x))$$

$$\tilde{f}'(t) = \log(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T(x + t\Delta x) + b_i)(a_i^T \Delta x))$$

$$\tilde{f}'(t) = \log(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T x + b_i + a_i^T t \Delta x)(a_i^T \Delta x))$$

Let n be the size of each a_i and x. Let's say we are testing out k values of t.

Precomputation:

Computing $a_i^T x + b_i$ for $i \in [1, m]$ takes O(n) operations per i. Computing $a_i^T \Delta x$ for $i \in [1, m]$ takes O(n) operations per i

Hence, there are a total of m * O(n) = O(mn) operations in pre-computation

Cost without Precomputation($\tilde{f}(t)$):

Computing $x + t\Delta x$ takes a total of O(n) operations.

Computing $a_i^T(x + t\Delta x)$ takes a total of O(n) operations.

 $a_i^T(x+t\Delta x)+b_i$ takes O(n) operations.

$$\exp(a_i^T(x+t\Delta x)+b_i)$$
 takes $O(n)$

 $\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T(x+t\Delta x)+b_i)$ takes O(mn) operations.

 $\log(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T x + b_i + a_i^T t \Delta x))$ takes O(mn) operations

Since we are testing out k values of t, the overall Line Search Algorithm takes O(mnk)

Cost without Precomputation($\tilde{f}'(t)$):

Computing $x + t\Delta x$ takes a total of O(n) operations.

Computing $a_i^T(x + t\Delta x)$ takes a total of O(n) operations.

 $a_i^T(x + t\Delta x) + b_i$ takes O(n) operations.

$$\exp(a_i^T(x+t\Delta x)+b_i)$$
 takes $O(n)$

$$\exp(a_i^T(x+t\Delta x)+b_i)(a_i^T\Delta x)$$
 takes $O(n)$

 $\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T(x+t\Delta x)+b_i)$ takes O(mn) operations.

 $\log(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T(x+t\Delta x)+b_i)(a_i^T\Delta x))$ takes O(mn) operations

Since we are testing out k values of t, the overall Line Search Algorithm takes O(mnk)

Cost with Precomputation($\tilde{f}(t)$):

Computing $\exp(a_i^T x + b_i + a_i^T t \Delta x)$ takes O(1) operations.

 $\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T x + b_i + a_i^T t \Delta x) \text{ takes } O(m) \text{ operations.}$

 $\log(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T x + b_i + a_i^T t \Delta x))$ takes O(m) operations

Since we are testing out k values of t, the Line Search Algorithm takes O(mk) Including pre-computation, it takes O(mk) + O(mn)

Cost with Precomputation($\tilde{f}'(t)$):

Computing $\exp(a_i^T x + b_i + a_i^T t \Delta x)(a_i^T \Delta x)$ takes O(1) operations.

 $(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T x + b_i + a_i^T t \Delta x)(a_i^T \Delta x))$ takes O(m) operations.

 $\log(\sum_{i=1}^{m} \exp(a_i^T x + b_i + a_i^T t \Delta x)(a_i^T \Delta x))$ takes O(m) operations

Since we are testing out k values of t, the Line Search Algorithm takes O(mk) Including pre-computation, it takes O(mk) + O(mn)

Problem 2. True or False.

- (a) False
- (b) True
- (c) False
- (d) True
- (e) False
- (f) True
- (g) False